

acquiring, and servicing of loans secured by mortgages on, or deeds of trust relating to real property, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(1) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, December 22, 1994.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 94-32049 Filed 12-28-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

Hollis Bancshares, Inc.; Formation of, Acquisition by, or Merger of Bank Holding Companies

The company listed in this notice has applied for the Board's approval under section 3 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1842) and § 225.14 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.14) to become a bank holding company or to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in section 3(c) of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)).

The application is available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the application has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that application or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Any comment on an application that requests a hearing must include a statement of why a written presentation would not suffice in lieu of a hearing, identifying specifically any questions of fact that are in dispute and summarizing the evidence that would be presented at a hearing.

Comments regarding this application must be received not later than January 20, 1995.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (John E. Yorke, Senior Vice President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64198:

1. *Hollis Bancshares, Inc.*, Hollis, Oklahoma; to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of Mangum Bancshares, Inc., Oklahoma, City, Oklahoma, and thereby indirectly acquire First National Bank of Mangum, Mangum, Oklahoma.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, December 22, 1994.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 94-32050 Filed 12-28-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

Billy R. Summers; Change in Bank Control Notice; Acquisition of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies

The notificant listed below has applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notice is available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the notice has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for the notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than January 11, 1995.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63166:

1. *Billy R. Summers, Trustee*, Alton, Illinois; to acquire 87.04 percent of the voting shares of Regional Bancshares, Inc., Alton, Illinois, and thereby indirectly acquire Bank of Alton, Alton, Illinois.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, December 22, 1994.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 94-32051 Filed 12-28-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Children and Families

Agency Information Collection Under OMB Review

Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35), the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request for the continued use of an information collection titled: "Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training Program Annual Target Group Expenditure Report."

ADDRESSES: Copies of the request for approval may be obtained from Robert A. Sargis of the Office of Information Systems Management, ACF, by calling (202) 690-7275.

Consideration will be given to comments and suggestions received within 60 days of publication. Written comments and recommendations for the

proposed information should be sent directly to the following: Wendy Taylor, OMB Desk Officer for ACF, OMB Reports Management Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, 725 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20503, (202) 395-7316.

Information on Document

Title: Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training Program Annual Target Group Expenditure Report
OMB No.: 0970-0097

Description: Target Group Expenditure Report—FSA-302—REINSTATEMENT—The information collected is needed to determine the appropriate Federal Financial Participation Rate for the Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training (JOBS) Program in each State.

Respondents: State or local governments

Annual number of respondents: 54 sites

Number of responses per respondent: 1

Total annual responses: 54 sites

Hours per response: 24

Total Burden Hours: 1,296.

Dated: December 21, 1994.

Larry Guerrero,

Deputy Director, Office of Information Systems Management.

[FR Doc. 94-32012 Filed 12-28-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4184-01-M

Agency Information Collection Under OMB Review

Under the provisions of the Federal Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35), we have submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request for review of three new information collection requirements for the Family Preservation and Family Support Services program: the five-year State plan; an annual progress and services report; and a revised annual reporting form, the CFS-101. These new information collection requirements are found in the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking for this program published in the *Federal Register* on October 4, 1994 (59 FR 50646).

Also, we are requesting that OMB delete the following information collection requirements: the Child Welfare Services State Plan under title IV-B, subpart 1 (OMB No. 0980-0142); and the Annual Summary of Child Welfare Services (CWS-101) (OMB No. 0980-0047). This request for OMB clearance is made by the Children's Bureau of the Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF) of

the Administration for Children and Families.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the information collection request may be obtained from Stephen R. Smith, of the Office of Information Systems Management, ACF, by calling (202) 401-6964.

Written comments and questions regarding the requested approval for information collection should be sent directly to: OMB Desk Officer for ACF, OMB Reports Management Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 3002, 725 17th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20503, (202) 395-7316.

Information on Document

Title: Family Preservation and Family Support Services

OMB No.: 0980—New Request

Description: The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 authorizes entitlement funding to States and certain Indian tribes and Tribal organizations for family preservation and family support services. A major purpose of family preservation services is to help alleviate family crises that otherwise might lead to the foster care placement of children. Such services include intensive in-home services, respite care, and services for adoptive parents. A major purpose of family support services is to provide preventive services to families to help alleviate stress (e.g., to prevent child abuse), increase parents' child-rearing abilities and parenting skills, and assist families to use other available community resources. Such services include center-based services, home visiting, and early developmental screening of children. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking implementing the new Family Preservation and Family Support Service program was published in the *Federal Register* October 4, 1994, (59 FR 50646).

a. The estimate of the reporting burden for the comprehensive five-year plan is as follows:

Number of respondents	93
Number of responses per respondent	1
Person hours per response	500
Total burden hours (FY 1995 only)	46,500

b. The estimate of the annual progress and services report reporting burden including the CWS-101, is as follows:

Number of respondents	93
Number of responses per respondent	1
Person hours per response	160
Total burden hours (FYs 1996-99 only)	14,880

Dated: November 2, 1994.

Larry Guerrero,

Deputy Director, Office of Information Systems Management.

[FR Doc. 94-32013 Filed 12-28-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4184-01-M

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 94F-0423]

Hoechst Celanese Corp., Filing of Food Additive Petition

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that Hoechst Celanese Corp. has filed a petition proposing that the food additive regulations be amended to provide for the safe use of benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[5-hydroxy-3-methyl-1-(3-sulfophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]azo]-5-methyl-calcium salt (1:1); (C. I. Pigment Yellow 191) as a colorant for all polymers intended for use in contact with food.

DATES: Written comments on the petitioner's environmental assessment by January 30, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, rm. 1-23, 12420 Parklawn Dr., Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Vir D. Anand, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS-216), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204-0002, 202-418-3081.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 409(b)(5) (21 U.S.C. 348(b)(5))), notice is given that a food additive petition (FAP 5B4441) has been filed by Hoechst Celanese Corp., Colorants Division, 500 Washington St., Coventry, RI 02816. The petition proposes that the food additive regulations in § 178.3297 *Colorants for polymers* (21 CFR 178.3297) be amended to provide for the safe use of benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[5-hydroxy-3-methyl-1-(3-sulfophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]azo]-5-methyl-calcium salt (1:1); (C. I. Pigment Yellow 191) as a colorant for all polymers intended for use in contact with food.

The potential environmental impact of this action is being reviewed. To encourage public participation consistent with regulations promulgated under the National Environmental Policy Act (40 CFR 1501.4(b)), the

agency is placing the environmental assessment submitted with the petition that is the subject of this notice on display at the Dockets Management Branch (address above) for public review and comment. Interested persons may, on or before January 30, 1995, submit to the Dockets Management Branch (address above) written comments. Two copies of any comments are to be submitted, except that individuals may submit one copy. Comments are to be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. Received comments may be seen in the office above between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday. FDA will also place on public display any amendments to, or comments on, the petitioner's environmental assessment without further announcement in the *Federal Register*. If, based on its review, the agency finds that an environmental impact statement is not required and this petition results in a regulation, the notice of availability of the agency's finding of no significant impact and the evidence supporting that finding will be published with the regulation in the *Federal Register* in accordance with 21 CFR 25.40(c).

Dated: December 15, 1994.

Alan M. Rulis,

Acting Director, Office of Pre-market Approval, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.

[FR Doc. 94-32062 Filed 12-28-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

[Docket No. 94P-0091]

Asparagus Deviating From Identity Standard; Amendment of Temporary Permit for Market Testing

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that it is amending a temporary permit issued to The Pillsbury Co. to market test experimental packs of canned asparagus containing zinc chloride to change the start date for the permit. The purpose of the temporary permit is to allow the applicant to measure consumer acceptance of the food.

DATES: This permit is effective for 15 months, beginning on the date the test product is introduced or caused to be introduced into interstate commerce, but no later than August 1, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nannie H. Rainey, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS-

158), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202-205-5099.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 21 CFR 130.17, FDA gave notice in the Federal Register of August 17, 1994 (59 FR 42276) that a temporary permit had been issued to The Pillsbury Co., Technology Center, 330 University Ave. SE., Minneapolis, MN 55414-2198.

The permit covers limited interstate marketing tests of experimental packs of canned asparagus. The test product deviates from the U.S. standard of identity for canned asparagus prescribed in 21 CFR 155.200 in that it will contain added zinc chloride in an amount necessary to retain the green color of the product (at a maximum level of 75 parts per million of zinc in the finished food). The test product meets all requirements of the standard, with the exception of the variation.

This permit provides for the temporary marketing of 10,000 cases, each containing 12 425-gram (15-ounce) cans, of the test product. The product will be manufactured at Green Giant Co., 711 East Main St., Dayton, WA 99328-0026. The product will be distributed in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, and Mississippi.

FDA issued this permit on August 8, 1994, but because of the seasonality of the asparagus crop in Dayton, WA, The Pillsbury Co. was unable to take advantage of the 1994 season to pack the requisite 10,000 cases of test asparagus. Additionally, 8 months of the 15-month permit would expire before the 1995 pack is available for distribution.

In these circumstances, FDA finds that a new start date for the permit is warranted. Therefore, under 21 CFR 130.17(f), FDA is amending the temporary permit by establishing August 1, 1995, as the new start date of the permit. All other terms and conditions of this permit remain the same.

Dated: December 20, 1994.

F. Edward Scarbrough,

Director, Office of Food Labeling, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.

[FR Doc. 94-32059 Filed 12-28-94; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

[Docket No. 93P-0310]

White Chocolate Deviating From Identity Standard; Extension of Temporary Permit for Market Testing

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing the extension of a temporary permit issued to Hershey Foods Corp., to market test products identified, in part, as "white chocolate" that deviate from the U.S. standards of identity for chocolate products, including chocolate liquor, sweet chocolate, milk chocolate, buttermilk chocolate, skim milk chocolate, and mixed dairy product chocolates. The extension will allow the permit holder to continue to collect data on consumer acceptance of the products while the agency takes action on two petitions to establish a standard of identity for white chocolate that were submitted by the permit holder and by the Chocolate Manufacturers Association.

DATES: The new expiration date of the permit will be either the effective date of a final rule to establish a standard of identity for white chocolate, which may result from the petitions, or 30 days after termination of such rulemaking.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michelle A. Smith, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS-158), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202-205-5099.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 21 CFR 130.17 concerning temporary permits, FDA issued a temporary permit to Hershey Foods Corp. (Hershey), 100 Crystal A Dr., P.O. Box 810, Hershey, PA 17033, to market test products identified, in part, as "white chocolate" that deviate from the U.S. standards of identity for chocolate products, e.g., chocolate liquor (21 CFR 163.111), sweet chocolate (21 CFR 163.123), milk chocolate (21 CFR 163.130), buttermilk chocolate (21 CFR 163.135), skim milk chocolate (21 CFR 163.140), or mixed dairy product chocolates (21 CFR 163.145) (58 FR 59050, November 5, 1993). The agency issued the permit to facilitate market testing of foods deviating from the requirements of the standards of identity promulgated under section 401 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 341). The permit covered limited interstate market testing of products containing a component identified as "white chocolate" that deviates from the standardized chocolate products described in part 163 (21 CFR part 163) in that: (1) It is prepared without the nonfat components of the ground cacao nibs but contains the fat (cocoa butter) expressed from the ground cacao nibs; and (2) safe and suitable antioxidants are added. The test component meets all

other requirements of the standards for chocolate products in part 163.

A previous temporary permit issued to the same firm for the same products (i.e., test products containing a component designated as "white chocolate") was in effect for a 15-month period that ended December 6, 1992 (56 FR 46798, September 16, 1991). On December 10, 1992, Hershey submitted a Citizen Petition to establish a standard of identity for white chocolate (filed December 15, 1992, Docket No. 86P-0297/CP 2). FDA has also received a Citizen Petition from the Chocolate Manufacturers Association requesting that the agency establish a standard of identity for white chocolate (filed March 2, 1993, Docket number 86P-0297/CP 3).

White chocolate, according to the suggested standard in these petitions, is the solid or semi-plastic food prepared by intimately mixing and grinding cocoa butter with one or more nutritive carbohydrate sweeteners and one or more of the optional dairy ingredients specified in part 163. It contains not less than 20 percent of cocoa butter, not less than 14 percent of total milk solids, not less than 3.5 percent of milkfat, and not more than 55 percent of nutritive carbohydrate sweetener. It may also contain emulsifying agents, spices, natural and artificial flavorings and other seasonings, and antioxidants approved for food use. It contains no coloring material.

Hershey has requested that their temporary permit be extended to allow for additional time for the market testing of their test products in order to gain additional information in support of any proposal that may result from these petitions. In support of their request, Hershey provided information on consumer acceptance and understanding of the term "white chocolate," stating that consumers associate the term with confectionery containing cocoa butter as a primary ingredient. Hershey also cited the number of requests to market test products identified as "white chocolate" that FDA has received and granted since it issued the original permit to Hershey in 1991 (i.e., Ganong Bros., Ltd., on November 5, 1993 (58 FR 59050); The Pillsbury Co., on June 23, 1994 (59 FR 32443); and Kraft General Foods, Inc., on July 1, 1994 (59 FR 33976)).

The agency finds that it is in the interest of consumers to issue an extension of the time period for the market testing of products identified in part as white chocolate. FDA is inviting interested persons to participate in the market test under the conditions that