matter that is already treated in an existing **Federal Register** document; or

(2) Explaining and providing guidance concerning a statutory provision that the Secretary has determined is self-executing.

§ 10.70 Open docket.

(a) Any interested person may comment on any document published by the Department, including, in addition to a proceeding involving a document that expressly requests public comment, a proceeding initially published:

(1) As a final rule without invitation for public comment;

(2) As a notice of funding availability;

(3) As an interpretive rule or statement of policy; or

(4) As a directive.

(b) Comments on **Federal Register** documents should refer to the docket number appearing in the heading of the published document, and should be addressed to the Rules Docket Clerk. Comments will be referred to appropriate HUD program administrators for consideration. Comments on directives should refer to the full name of the document set out in the document's caption, and to any identifying number or date appearing on the document, and should be forwarded to the officer who issued the directive.

(c) In appropriate cases, the Secretary may provide for oral presentation of views in additional proceedings. The Secretary may invite interested persons to present oral arguments, appear at informal hearings, submit documents, or participate in any other procedures affording opportunity for a presentation of views. A transcript, summary, or the minutes of any meeting of this kind, and any written materials presented by participants, will be kept and filed in the Rules Docket as public documents available for inspection and copying.

§ 10.75 Petition for rulemaking.

(a) Any interested person may petition the Secretary for the issuance, amendment, or removal (repeal) of a regulation or a directive. Each petition shall:

(1) Be submitted to the Rules Docket Clerk, room 10276, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410.

(2) Set forth the text or substance of the rule, directive or amendment proposed, or specify the regulation or directive sought to be removed.

(3) Explain the interest of the petitioner in the action sought; and

(4) Set forth all data and arguments available to the petitioner in support of the action sought.

(b) No public procedures will be held directly on the petition before its disposition. However, each petition for rulemaking will be acknowledged in writing by the Rules Docket Clerk, who will inform the petitioner concerning the name of the HUD officer or officers to whom the petition has been referred for consideration. If the Secretary finds that the petition contains adequate justification, a rulemaking proceeding or other appropriate proceeding will be undertaken in accordance with this part. If the Secretary finds that the petition does not contain adequate justification, the petition will be denied by letter or other notice, with a brief statement of the ground for denial. The Secretary may consider new evidence at any time, but repetitious petitions will not be considered.

Dated: August 10, 1992.

Jack Kemp,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 92-24895 Filed 10-13-92; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-32-M

federal register

Wednesday
October 14, 1992

Part III

Department of Transportation

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

Terminal Airspace Reconfiguration; Final Rule

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. 26852; Amendment No. 71-17]

RIN 2120-AE18

Terminal Airspace Reconfiguration

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; delay of effective date

SUMMARY: The Terminal Airspace Reconfiguration Final Rule (FR 38962; August 27, 1992) amended the Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) in pertinent part by revising all control zones and transition areas effective October 15, 1992. This action amends the effective date of certain control zone modifications in Alaska from October 15, 1992 to September 16, 1993.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This amendment is effective as of October 14, 1992 through September 15, 1993.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. William Mosley, Air Traffic Rules Branch (ATP-230), Airspace Rules and Aeronautical Information Division, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, telephone (202) 267-9251.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Terminal Airspace Reconfiguration Final Rule (FR 38962; August 27, 1992) amends the Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) in pertinent part by revising all control zones and transition areas effective October 15, 1992. Specifically, the revisions will modify the lateral and vertical dimensions of the control zones. The FAA intended to decrease the vertical limits so as to prepare for the transition to Class D airspace and the accompanying communications requirement becoming effective September 16, 1993. The modification of the vertical limits of control zones at towered airports not associated with a terminal control area (TCA) or airport radar service area (ARSA), however, will significantly reduce the amount of airspace within which clearance for special visual flight rules (SVFR) operations can be issued. This unforeseen result could cause a negative impact on the efficient use of airspace at such airports. To illustrate, when the meteorological conditions preclude VFR flight, operations in the airspace above the revised vertical limits would have to be conducted under instrument flight rules. It was not the intent of the FAA in promulgating the Airspace Reclassification Rule (FR 65638; December 17, 1991) or the Terminal Airspace Reconfiguration Rule (FR 38962; August 27, 1992) to cause this impact. The FAA is initiating rulemaking action via a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to relieve this inadvertent impact under the Airspace Reclassification Rule effective September 16, 1993. However, in the interim, the FAA will delay the effective date of the new vertical limits in Alaska to mitigate any loss of efficiency during the rulemaking process.

The Rule

The effective date of October 15, 1992, as it pertains to the vertical limits of the control zones, is changed to September 16, 1993 for the following airports in Alaska: Anchorage International; Bethel; Bryant AHP; Eielson AFB; Elmendorf AFB; Fort Wainwright AAF; Fairbanks International; Galena; Juneau; Kenai; King Salmon; Kodiak; Lake Hood; Merrill Field; and Shemya. Control zones are published in § 71.171 of Handbook 7400.7 effective November 1, 1991, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The control zones listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Handbook.

This action continues the current authority of air traffic control to issue clearances for SVFR operations in certain control zones in Alaska up to, but not including, 14,500 feet MSL and does not place any new restriction or requirements on the public or impede the relieving of any regulatory burdens that the Airspace Reclassification Rule or the Terminal Airspace Reconfiguration Rule will bring about. Further, this amendment does not make any changes in the dimensions or operating requirements of the airspace listings incorporated by reference in part 71 that were not previously proposed, but merely leaves in place the existing vertical limits. Consequently, notice and public procedure under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are unnecessary.

The FAA has determined that this action: (1) Is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Because this action merely delays the effective date of the vertical limits of 15 control zones in Alaska as contained in FAA Order 7400.7, the FAA finds that good cause exists, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(d), for making the amendment effective in less than 30 days.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Control Zones, Incorporation by reference.

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. App. 1348(a), 1354(a), 1510; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959-1963 Comp., p. 389; 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 14 CFR 11.69.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.7, Compilation of Regulations, published April 30, 1991, and effective November 1, 1991 is amended as follows:

Section 71.171 Designation

* * * * *

AAL AK CZ Anchorage, Bryant AHP, AK
Anchorage, Bryant AHP, AK
(lat. 61°15'45" N, long. 149°39'17" W)
That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 1,500 feet MSL within a line beginning at lat. 61°17'13"N, long. 149°37'35"W; thence west along lat. 61°17'13"N to the long. 149°43'08"W line; thence south along long. 149°43'08"W line to the Glenn Highway; thence north and east along the Glenn Highway to its intersection with a line one-half mile east of and parallel to Bryant AHP Runway 16/34 extended centerline; thence northeast along a line one-half mile east of and parallel to Bryant AHP Runway 16/34 extended centerline to the point of beginning.

AAL AK CZ Anchorage, Elmendorf AFB Airport, AK
Anchorage, Elmendorf AFB Airport, AK
(lat. 61°15'11"N, long. 149°47'38"W)
Elmendorf Localizer (lat. 61°15'14"N, long. 149°46'48"W)
That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 3,000 feet MSL within a 4.7-mile radius of Elmendorf AFB Airport and within 2 miles each side of the Elmendorf Localizer front course extending from the 4.7-mile radius to a point 5.5 miles from Elmendorf AFB Airport; excluding that airspace of long. 149°43'W, and that airspace within the Anchorage International Airport, AK, Airport Radar Service Area and the Anchorage Merrill Field, AK, Control Zone.

AAL AK CZ Anchorage International Airport, AK
Anchorage International Airport, AK
(lat. 61°10'28"N, long. 149°59'46"W)
Anchorage VOR/DME (lat. 61°09'03"N, long. 150°12'24"W)
Anchorage Runway 6R Localizer

(lat. 61°10'04"N, long. 149°58'02"W)

Anchorage LOM (lat. 61°10'03"N, long. 150°10'37"W)

Anchorage Air Traffic Control Tower

(lat. 61°10'36"N, long. 149°58'59"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 4,100 feet MSL within a 5.2-mile radius of Anchorage Air Traffic Control Tower and that airspace up to but not including 1,400 feet MSL within 2 miles each side of the 079° radial of the Anchorage VOR/DME extending from the 5.2-mile radius of Anchorage Air Traffic Control Tower to the Anchorage VOR/DME and within 2 miles each side of the Anchorage Runway 6R Localizer west course extending from the 5.2-mile radius of the control tower to the Anchorage LOM; excluding that airspace north of the 090° bearing from the control tower and east of the 350° bearing from the control tower and east of a line bearing 180° and 360° from the INT of the New Seward Highway and International Airport Road and excluding that airspace below 600 feet MSL south of lat. 61°08'28"N., within a 5.2-mile radius of the control tower.

AAL AK CZ Anchorage Lake Hood, AK

Anchorage Lake Hood, AK

(lat. 61°10'48"N, long. 149°58'19"W)

Anchorage Air Traffic Control Tower

(lat. 61°10'36"N, long. 149°58'59"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,500 feet MSL within a line beginning at the Anchorage Air Traffic Control Tower, thence east along the 090° bearing from the Anchorage Air Traffic Control Tower to the New Seward Highway, thence north along the New Seward Highway to Tudor Road, thence direct to the intersection of Northern Lights Boulevard and Fish Creek, thence north along Fish Creek to the mouth of Fish Creek, thence direct to Point McKenzie, thence west along the north shore of Knik Arm to the 350° bearing from the Anchorage Air Traffic Control Tower, thence southeast along that bearing to the point of beginning; excluding that airspace within the Elmendorf AFB Airport, AK, Control Zone.

AAL AK CZ Anchorage Merrill Field, AK

Anchorage Merrill Field, AK

(lat. 61°12'52"N, long. 149°50'46"W)

Elmendorf Localizer (lat. 61°15'14"N, long. 149°46'48"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,500 feet MSL within a line beginning at the mouth of Fish Creek, thence along Fish Creek to Northern Lights Boulevard, thence direct to the intersection of Tudor Road and the New Seward Highway, thence east along Tudor Road to its intersection with Muldoon Road, thence north along Muldoon Road to the Glenn Highway, thence direct to the mouth of Ship Creek, thence southwest along the southeast shore of Knik Arm to a line 2 miles south of and parallel to the Elmendorf Localizer southwest course, thence west along that line to a line direct from Point McKenzie to the mouth of Fish Creek; thence southeast along that line to the point of beginning.

* * * * *

AAL AK CZ Bethel, AK

Bethel Airport, AK

(lat. 60°46'47"N, long. 161°50'17"W)

Bethel VORTAC (lat. 60°47'05"N, long. 161°49'27"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,600 feet MSL within a 4.1-mile radius of the Bethel Airport; and that airspace extending upward from the surface within 3 miles each side of the 022° radial from the Bethel VORTAC, extending from the 4.1-mile radius of the Bethel Airport to 8.2 miles northeast of the airport within 3.4 miles each side of the Bethel VORTAC 006° radial, extending from the 4.1-mile radius of the Bethel Airport to 11 miles north of the Bethel VORTAC and within 3.5 miles each side of the Bethel VORTAC 213° radial extending from the 4.1-mile radius of the Bethel Airport to 10 miles southwest of the airport.

* * * * *

AAL AK CZ Fairbanks, Eielson AFB, AK

Fairbanks, Eielson AFB, AK

(lat. 64°39'52"N, long. 147°05'59"W)

Eielson TACAN (lat. 64°41'16"N, long. 147°06'49"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 3,000 feet MSL within a 5.2-mile radius of Eielson AFB; and that airspace extending upward from the surface within 2.8 miles each side of the Eielson TACAN 323° radial extending from the 5.2-mile radius of Eielson AFB to 11.8 miles northwest of the AFB; excluding that airspace north of a line from lat. 64°48'52"N, long. 147°12'04"W; to lat. 64°47'27"N, long. 147°25'56"W.

AAL AK CZ Fairbanks, Fort Wainwright AAF, AK

Fairbanks, Fort Wainwright AAF, AK

(lat. 64°50'11"N, long. 147°37'01"W)

Fairbanks VORTAC (lat. 64°48'00"N, long. 148°00'43"W) Chena NDB (lat. 64°50'17"N, long. 147°29'24"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,900 feet MSL within a 5.3-mile radius of Fort Wainwright AAF Airport; and that airspace extending upward from the surface within 2.4 miles each side of the Chena NDB 089° bearing extending from the 5.3-mile radius of the Fort Wainwright AAF Airport to 10.1 miles east of the Fort Wainwright AAF Airport and within 1.8 miles north of the Fairbanks VORTAC 078° radial extending from the 5.3-mile radius of the Fort Wainwright AAF Airport to 9.9 miles east of the Fort Wainwright AAF Airport; excluding the portion of the arrival extension south of a line from lat. 64°48'52"N, long. 147°12'04"W; to lat. 64°47'27"N, long. 147°25'56"W. This control zone is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Supplement Alaska (Airport/Facility Directory).

AAL AK CZ Fairbanks International Airport, AK

Fairbanks International Airport, AK

(lat. 64°48'57"N, long. 147°51'29"W)

Fox NDB (lat. 64°58'08"N, long. 147°34'48"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,900 feet MSL within a 5.4-mile radius of the Fairbanks International Airport; excluding that airspace south and east of a line from lat. 64°45'14"N, long. 147°41'16"W; to lat. 64°51'10"N, long. 147°44'09"W; to lat. 64°54'48"N, long. 147°30'57"W; and that airspace extending upward from the surface within 3.3 miles each side of the 218° bearing and 038° bearing from the Fox NDB extending from the 5.4-mile radius of the Fairbanks International Airport to 13.5 miles north of the Fairbanks International Airport; excluding that airspace south and east of a line from lat. 64°45'14"N, long. 147°41'16"W; to lat. 64°51'10"N, long. 147°44'09"W; to lat. 64°54'48"N, long. 147°30'57"W.

AAL AK CZ Galena, AK

Galena Airport, AK

(lat. 64°44'10"N, long. 156°56'15"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,700 feet MSL within a 5.1-mile radius of the Galena Airport.

* * * * *

AAL AK CZ Juneau, AK

Juneau International Airport, AK

(lat 58°21'18"N, long. 134°34'34"W)

Juneau Localizer (lat. 58°21'32"N, long. 134°38'15"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,500 feet MSL within a 3-mile radius of the Juneau International Airport; and that airspace extending upward from the surface within 2.2 miles each side of the Juneau Localizer west course, extending from the 3-mile radius of the Juneau International Airport to 8.9 miles west of the Juneau International Airport.

AAL AK CZ Kenai, AK

Kenai, Kenai Municipal Airport, AK

(lat. 60°34'17"N, long. 151°14'52"W)

Kenai VOR/DME (lat. 60°36'53"N, long. 151°11'43"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,600 feet MSL within a 5.2-mile radius of the Kenai Municipal Airport; excluding the airspace below 1,100 feet MSL beyond 4 miles from the Kenai Municipal Airport extending from the 312° bearing clockwise to the 348° bearing from the Kenai Municipal Airport; and that airspace extending upward from the surface within 3.6 miles each side of the Kenai VOR 030° radial extending from the 5.2-mile radius of the Kenai Municipal Airport to 12.1 miles northeast of the Kenai Municipal Airport and within 1.5 miles either side of the Kenai VOR 210° radial from the 5.2-mile radius of the Kenai Municipal Airport to 7.1 miles south of the Kenai Municipal Airport.

* * * * *

AAL AK CZ King Salmon, AK

King Salmon Airport, AK

(lat. 58°40'36"N, long. 156°38'58"W)

King Salmon VORTAC (lat. 58°43'29"N, long. 156°45'08"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,500 feet MSL within a 5.2-mile radius of the King Salmon Airport; and that airspace extending upward

from the surface within 2.5 miles each side of the King Salmon VORTAC 312° radial extending from the 5.2-mile radius of the King Salmon Airport to 12.5 miles northwest of the airport.

AAL AK CZ Kodiak, AK
Kodiak Airport, AK
(lat. 57°45'00"N, long. 152°29'38"W)
Woody Island NDB (lat. 57°46'28"N, long. 152°19'24"W)
Kodiak Localizer (lat. 57°45'08"N, long. 152°31'16"W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,600 feet MSL within a 3.1-mile radius of the Kodiak Airport, excluding that airspace west of a line 1.8 miles west of and parallel to the Kodiak Airport Runway 18–36; and that airspace extending upward from the surface within 1.5 miles north and 2.5 miles south of the Woody Island NDB 253° bearing extending from the 3.1-mile radius of the Kodiak Airport to the Woody Island NDB and within 2.5 miles either side of the Woody Island NDB 073° bearing extending from the Woody Island NDB to 12.5 miles east of the Kodiak Airport.

* * * * *

AAL AK CZ Shemya, AK
Shemya AFB Airport, AK
(lat. 52°42'44"N, long. 174°06'49"E)
Shemya VORTAC (lat. 52°43'06"N, long. 174°02'55"E)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,600 feet MSL within a 4.4 1-mile radius of the Shemya AFB Airport, within 1.6 miles each side of the 104° radial from the Shemya VORTAC extending from the 4.4-mile radius to 4.5 miles east of the airport and within 2.3 miles north and 1.3 miles south of the Shemya VORTAC 275° radial extending from the 4.4-mile radius to 5.2 miles west of the airport.

* * * * *

Issued in Washington DC, on October 7, 1992.

Harold W. Becker,

Manager, Airspace-Rules and Aeronautical Information Division.

[FR Doc. 92–24903 Filed 10–13–92; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

federal register

Wednesday
October 14, 1992

Part IV

Environmental Protection Agency

40 CFR Part 300

National Priorities List for Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Sites; Rule and Proposed Rule

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 300

[FRL-4521-3]

National Priorities List for Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Sites

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 ("CERCLA" or "the Act"), as amended, requires that the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan ("NCP") include a list of national priorities among the known releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants throughout the United States. The National Priorities List ("NPL") constitutes this list.

This rule adds 26 new sites to the General Superfund Section and 7 to the Federal Facilities Section of the NPL, and deletes 4 sites. The identification of a site for the NPL is intended primarily to guide the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA" or "the Agency") in determining which sites warrant further investigation to assess the nature and extent of public health and environmental risks associated with the site and to determine what CERCLA-financed remedial action(s), if any, may be appropriate. This action and a proposed rule published elsewhere in this **Federal Register** result in an NPL of 1,208 sites, 1,085 of them in the General Superfund Section and 123 of them in the Federal Facilities Section. An additional 28 sites are proposed, 25 in the General Superfund Section and 3 in the Federal Facilities Section. Final and proposed sites now total 1,236.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date for this amendment to the NCP shall be November 13, 1992. CERCLA section 305 provides for a legislative veto of regulations promulgated under CERCLA. Although *INS* v. *Chadha*, 462 U.S. 919, 103 S. Ct. 2764 (1983), cast the validity of the legislative veto into question, EPA has transmitted a copy of this regulation to the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives. If any action by Congress calls the effective date of this regulation into question, the Agency will publish a notice of clarification in the **Federal Register**.

ADDRESSES: For addresses for the Headquarters and Regional dockets, as well as further details on what these dockets contain, see "Information Available to the Public" in Section I of the **"SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION"** portion of this preamble.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Martha Otto, Hazardous Site Evaluation Division, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response (OS-5204G), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street SW., Washington, DC 20460, or the Superfund Hotline, phone (800) 424-9346 or (703) 920-9810 in the Washington, DC, metropolitan area.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Introduction
II. Purpose and Implementation of the NPL
III. Contents of This Final Rule
IV. Regulatory Impact Analysis
V. Regulatory Flexibility Act Analysis

I. Introduction

Background

In 1980, Congress enacted the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9601-9675 ("CERCLA" or "the Act"), in response to the dangers of uncontrolled hazardous waste sites. CERCLA was amended on October 17, 1986, by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act ("SARA"), Public Law No. 99-499, stat. 1613 *et seq.* To implement CERCLA, EPA promulgated the revised National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan ("NCP"), 40 CFR Part 300, on July 16, 1982 (47 FR 31180), pursuant to CERCLA section 105 and Executive Order 12316 (46 FR 42237, August 20, 1981). The NCP sets forth the guidelines and procedures needed to respond under CERCLA to releases and threatened releases of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants. EPA has revised the NCP on several occasions, most recently on March 8, 1990 (55 FR 8666).

Section 105(a)(8)(A) of CERCLA requires that the NCP include "criteria for determining priorities among releases or threatened releases throughout the United States for the purpose of taking remedial action." As defined in CERCLA section 101(24), remedial actions tends to be long-term in nature and involves response actions that are consistent with a permanent remedy for a release.

Mechanisms for determining priorities for possible remedial actions financed by the Trust Fund established under CERCLA (commonly referred to as the "Superfund") are included in the NCP at 40 CFR 300.425(c) (55 FR 8845, March 8, 1990). Under 40 CFR 300.425(c)(1), a site may be included on the NPL if its scores sufficiently high on the Hazard Ranking System ("HRS"), which EPA promulgated as Appendix A of 40 CFR Part 300. On December 14, 1990 (55 FR 51532), EPA promulgated revisions to the HRS partly in response to CERCLA section 105(c), added by SARA. The revised HRS evaluates four pathways: ground water, surface water, soil exposure, and air. The HRS serves as a screening device to evaluate the relative potential of uncontrolled hazardous substances to pose a threat to human health or the environment. Those sites that score 28.50 or greater on the HRS are eligible for the NPL.

Under a second mechanism for adding sites to the NPL, each State may designate a single site as its top priority, regardless of the HRS score. This mechanism, provided by the NCP at 40 CFR 300.425(c)(2), requires that, to the extent practicable, the NPL include within the 100 highest priorities, one facility designated by each State representing the greatest danger to public health, welfare, or the environment among known facilities in the State.

The third mechanism for listing, included in the NCP at 40 CFR 300.425(c)(3), allows certain sites to be listed whether or not they score above 28.50, if all of the following conditions are met:

- The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) of the U.S. Public Health Service has issued a health advisory that recommends dissociation of individuals from the release.
- EPA determines that the release poses a significant threat to public health.
- EPA anticipates that it will be more cost-effective to use its remedial authority (available only at NPL sites) than to use its removal authority to respond to the release.

Based on these criteria, and pursuant to section 105(a)(8)(B) of CERCLA, as amended by SARA, EPA has promulgated a list of national priorities among the known or threatened releases of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants throughout the United States. That list, which is Appendix B of 40 CFR Part 300, is the National Priorities List ("NPL"). CERCLA section 105(a)(8)(B) defines the NPL as a list of "releases" and as a list of the highest priority "facilities." The discussion below may refer to the "releases or threatened releases" that are included on the NPL interchangeably as "releases," "facilities," or "sites." CERCLA section 105(a)(8)(B) also requires that the NPL be revised at least annually. A site may undergo CERCLA-financed remedial action only after it is

placed on the NPL, as provided in the NCP at 40 CFR 300.425(b)(1).

EPA promulgated an original NPL of 406 sites on September 8, 1983 (48 FR 40658). The NPL has been expanded since then, most recently on September 25, 1991 (56 FR 48438).

The NPL includes two sections, one of sites evaluated and cleaned up by EPA (the "General Superfund Section"), and one of sites being addressed by other Federal agencies (the "Federal Facilities Section"). Under Executive Order 12580 and CERCLA section 120, each Federal agency is responsible for carrying out most response actions at facilities under it own jurisdiction, custody, or control, although EPA is responsible for preparing an HRS score and determining whether the facility is placed on the NPL. EPA is not the lead agency at these sites, and its role at such sites is accordingly less extensive that at other sites. The Federal Facilities Section includes those facilities at which EPA is not the lead agency.

This final rule adds 26 sites to the General Superfund Section, for a total of 1,085 sites, and 7 sites to the Federal Facilities Section, for a total of 123 Federal facility sites. Therefore, there are now 1,208 sites on the NPL. An additional 28 sites have been proposed, 25 in the General Superfund Section and 3 in the Federal Facilities Section, and are awaiting final Agency action. Final and proposed sites now total 1,236.

The NPL no longer includes four sites for which the listing was vacated by a court order or voluntary removal:

Kent County Landfill (Houston), Houston, DE
Anne Arundel County Landfill, Glen Burnie, MD
Salford Quarry, Salford Township, PA
Murray-Ohio Manufacturing Co. (Horseshoe Bend Dump), Lawrenceburg, TN

Deletions/Cleanups

EPA is developing the NPL completions list to better show the successful completion of Superfund response action at present or former NPL sites and enhance public understanding of the status of cleanup progress at sites. Sites are organized into three categories: Construction completion, site completion, and NPL deletion. A site will move over time from completion of physical construction (construction completion) to achievement of remedial action objectives specified in the Record of Decision or ROD (site completion) to deletion (being formally removed from the NPL). Thus, the NPL completions list provides a "snapshot" of site cleanup status that will need to be periodically updated to reflect newly categorized sites, and sites moving from one category to the next. More details on the completions list will be published shortly in the **Federal Register**.

EPA deletes sites from the NPL where no further response is appropriate, as explained in the NCP at 40 CFR 300.425(e) (55 FR 8845, March 8, 1990). To date, the Agency has deleted 44 sites from the General Superfund Section of the NPL, including the following 4 sites: Big River Sand Co., Wichita, KS; Pagano Salvage, Los Lunas, NM; BEC Trucking, Town of Vestal, NY; Westline site, Westline, PA. EPA, in consultation with the States of Kansas, New Mexico, New York, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, has determined that no further response is appropriate at these sites. EPA and the respective States have also concluded that remedial actions conducted at the sites to date remain protective of the public health, welfare, and the environment. All four States have concurred on the deletion of the sites from the NPL.

In making a determination to delete a release from the NPL, EPA considers in consultation with the State whether any of the following criteria has been met: (1) Responsible parties or other persons have implemented all appropriate response actions requires; (2) all appropriate Fund-financed response under CERCLA has been implemented, and no further response action by responsible parties is appropriate; or (3) the remedial investigation has shown that the release poses no significant threat to public health or the environment and, therefore, taking of remedial measures is not appropriate. See section 300.425(e)(1) of the NCP. Prior to deletion, notice of the proposed deletion is published and an opportunity for comment has been provided for all these sites. Any sites deleted from the NPL remain eligible for Fund-financed remedial action in the event that conditions are later found to warrant such action. Section 300.425(e)(3) of the NCP provides that whenever there is a significant release from a site deleted from the NPL, the site shall be restored to the NPL without application of the HRS. Deletion does not affect responsible party liability or impede Agency efforts to recover costs associated with response efforts. Specific information about the sites follows.

Big River Sand Co., Wichita, Kansas

EPA published a Notice of Intent to Delete the site on July 9, 1992 (57 FR 30452). EPA also published a notification in the principal local newspaper on July 5, 1992. The closing date for comments was August 10, 1992. EPA received no comments on the merits of the deletion of the site from the NPL, and one procedural comment. After reviewing these comments, EPA has concluded that deletion of the site at this time is appropriate. EPA provided a detailed response to the comment in a responsiveness summary which is contained in the Deletion Docket. Entries in the Deletion Docket may be reviewed at the U.S. EPA Region VII Waste Management Division Records Center, 726 Minnesota Avenue, Kansas City, Kansas, and at the Sedgwick County Public Library, Main Branch, 223 S. Main Street, Wichita, Kansas. For further information contact Diane Brewer, Environmental Protection Specialist, U.S. EPA, Region VII, 726 Minnesota Avenue, Kansas City, Kansas 66212, telephone (913) 551-7811.

Pagano Salvage, Los Lunas, New Mexico

EPA published a Notice of Intent to Delete the site on June 29, 1992 (57 FR 28817). EPA also published a notification in a local newspaper on June 28, 1992 regarding the proposed deletion. The closing date for comments was July 28, 1992. EPA received several comments regarding the deletion. After reviewing these comments, EPA has concluded that deletion of the site at this time is appropriate. EPA provided detailed responses to these comments in a responsiveness summary which is contained in the Deletion Docket. Entries in the Deletion Docket may be reviewed at the U.S. EPA Region VI office, 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor suite 1200, Dallas, Texas and at the New Mexico Environmental Department in Santa Fe, New Mexico. For further information contact Carlos Sanchez, Remedial Project Manager, U.S. EPA, Region VI (6H-SA), 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75202-2733, telephone (214) 655-8507.

BEC (Binghamton Equipment Co.) Trucking, Town of Vestal, New York.

EPA published a Notice of Intent to Delete the site on August 24, 1992 (57 FR 38289). EPA also published a notification in one local newspaper on August 19, 1992 regarding the proposed deletion. The closing date for comments was September 18, 1992. EPA received four comments.

One commenter expressed concern about a potential threat to the Town's water supply wells, and suggested that deleting the site from the NPL at this time is premature. Based upon the results of extensive investigations, EPA, in consultation with the State of New York, determined that the site does not pose a significant threat to human

health or the environment. Therefore, taking additional remedial measures is not appropriate.

The other three commenters indicated that the site should not be deleted since they believe that it should continue to be monitored. Deletion of the site from the NPL does not preclude continued monitoring at the site. In fact, the ROD provides for a continued monitoring program to verify that the remedy continues to be protective of human health and the environment.

After reviewing these comments, EPA has concluded that deletion of the site at this time is appropriate. EPA provided detailed responses to these comments in a responsiveness summary which is contained in the Deletion Docket. Entries in the Deletion Docket may be reviewed at the U.S. EPA Region II office in New York; at the Vestal Town Hall, 605 Vestal Parkway West, Vestal, New York; and the Vestal Public Library, 320 Vestal Parkway East, Vestal, New York. For further information contact Arnold Bernas, Remedial Project Manger, Superfund Branch, U.S. EPA Region II (2 ERRD-NYCS1), 26 Federal Plaza, Room 29-30, New York, New York, telephone (212) 264-7612.

Westline Site, Westline, Pennsylvania

EPA published a Notice of Intent to Delete the site on December 17, 1991 (56 FR 65462). EPA also published a notification in three local newspapers on December 9, 1991 regarding the proposed deletion. The closing date for comments was January 16, 1992. EPA received one comment, which was in favor of deleting the site. After reviewing the comment, EPA has concluded that deletion of the site at this time is appropriate. Entries in the Deletion Docket may be reviewed at the U.S. EPA Region III office in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; the McKean County Courthouse in Smethport, Pennsylvania; the Bradford Area Public Library in Bradford, Pennsylvania; and the Westline Firehall in Westline, Pennsylvania. For further information contact Roy Schrock, Remedial Project Manager, Superfund Branch, U.S. EPA, Region III (3HW22), 841 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107, telephone (215) 597-0913.

In addition to the 44 sites that have been deleted from the NPL, 105 sites are in the construction or site completion categories, all but one from the General Superfund Section. Thus, as of September 30, 1992, a total of 149 NPL sites have been cleaned up.

Cleanups at sites on the NPL do not reflect the total picture of Superfund accomplishments. As of August 31, 1992, EPA has conducted 2,349 removal actions, 557 of them at NPL sites. The removal actions taken will either stabilize or completely clean up the site. Information on removals is available from the Superfund hotline.

Information Available to the Public

The Headquarters and Regional public dockets for the NPL contain documents relating to the evaluation and scoring of sites in this final rule. The dockets are available for viewing, by appointment only, after the appearance of this notice. The hours of operation for the Headquarters docket are from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays. Please contact individual Regional Dockets for hours.

Addresses for the Headquarters and Regional dockets follow.

Docket Coordinator, Headquarters, U.S. EPA CERCLA Docket Office, OS-245, Waterside Mall, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460, 202/260-3046

Evo Cunha, Region 1, U.S. EPA Waste Management Records Center, HES-CAN 6, J.F. Kennedy Federal Building, Boston, MA 02203-2211, 617/573-5729

Ben Conetta, Region 2, 26 Federal Plaza, 7th Floor, Room 740, New York, NY 10278, 212/264-6696

Diane McCreary, Region 3, U.S. EPA Library, 3rd Floor, 841 Chestnut Building, 9th & Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, PA 19107, 215/597-7904

Beverly Fulwood, Region 4, U.S. EPA Library, Room G-6, 345 Courtland Street, NE, Atlanta, GA 30365, 404/347-4216

Cathy Freeman, Region 5, U.S. EPA, Records Center, Waste Management Division 7-J, Metcalfe Federal Building, 77 West Jackson Blvd., Chicago, IL 60604, 312/886-6214

Bart Canellas, Region 6, U.S. EPA, 1445 Ross Avenue, Mail Code 6H-MA, Dallas, TX 75202-2733, 214/655-6740

Steven Wyman, Region 7, U.S. EPA Library, 726 Minnesota Avenue, Kansas City, KS 66101, 913/551-7241

Greg Oberley, Region 8, U.S. EPA, 999 18th Street, Suite 500, Denver, CO 80202-2466, 303/294-7598

Lisa Nelson, Region 9, U.S. EPA, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, 415/744-2347

David Bennett, Region 10, U.S. EPA, 11th Floor, 1200 6th Avenue, Mail Stop HW-114, Seattle, WA 98101, 206/553-2103

The Headquarters docket for this rule contains HRS score sheets for each final site; a Documentation Record for each site describing the information used to compute the score; pertinent information for any site affected by statutory requirements or EPA listing policies; a list of documents referenced in the Documentation Record; comments received; and the Agency's response to those comments. The Agency's responses are contained in the "Support Document for the Revised National Priorities List Final Rule—October 1992." Each Regional docket for this rule contains all information in the Headquarters docket for sites in that Region, plus the actual reference documents containing the data principally relied upon by EPA in calculating or evaluating the HRS scores for sites in that Region. These reference documents are available only in the Regional dockets. The Headquarters docket and the Region 3 docket also contain documents relating to the decision to add the Austin Avenue Radiation Site in Delaware County, PA, to the NPL. Both dockets contain the public health advisory issued by ATSDR and EPA memoranda supporting the findings that the release poses a significant threat to public health and that it would be more cost-effective to use remedial rather than removal authorities at the site.

Interested parties may view documents, by appointment only, in the Headquarters or appropriate Regional Docket or copies may be requested from the Headquarters or appropriate Regional Docket. An information written request, rather than a formal request under the Freedom of Information Act, should be the ordinary procedure for obtaining copies of any of these documents.

II. Purpose and Implementation of the NPL

Purpose

The legislative history of CERCLA (Report of the Committee on Environment and Public Works, Senate Report No. 96-848, 96th Cong., 2d Sess. 60 (1980)) states the primary purpose of the NPL:

> The priority lists serve primarily informational purposes, identifying for the States and the public those facilities and sites or other releases which appear to warrant remedial actions. Inclusion of a facility or site on the list does not in itself reflect a judgment of the activities of its owner or operator, it does not require those persons to undertake any action, nor does it assign liability to any person. Subsequent government action in the form of remedial actions or enforcement actions will be necessary in order to do so, and these actions will be attended by all appropriate procedural safeguards.

The purpose of the NPL, therefore, is primarily to service as an information and management tool. The identification of a site for the NPL is intended primarily to guide EPA in determining which sites warrant further investigation to assess the nature and extent of the public health and environmental risks associated with the site and to determine what CERCLA-financed

remedial action(s), if any, may be appropriate. The NPL also serves to notify the public of sites that EPA believes warrant further investigation. Finally, listing a site may, to the extent potentially responsible parties are identifiable at the time of listing, serve as notice to such parties that the Agency may initiate CERCLA-financed remedial action.

Implementation

After initial discovery of a site at which a release or threatened release may exist, EPA begins a series of increasingly complex evaluations. The first step, the Preliminary Assessment (PA), is a low-cost review of existing information to determine if the site poses a threat to the public health or the environment. If the site presents a serious imminent threat, EPA may take immediate removal action. If the PA shows that the site presents a threat but not an imminent threat, EPA generally will perform a more extensive study called the Site Inspection (SI). The SI involves collecting additional information to better understand the extent of the problem at the site, screen out sites that will not qualify for the NPL, and obtain data necessary to calculate an HRS score for sites that warrant placement on the NPL and further study. To date EPA has completed approximately 33,000 PAs and approximately 16,000 SIs.

The NCP at 40 CFR 300.425(b)(1) (55 FR 8845, March 8, 1990) limits expenditure of the Trust Fund for remedial actions to sites on the NPL. However, EPA may take enforcement actions under CERCLA or other applicable statutes against responsible parties regardless of whether the site is on the NPL; although, as a practical matter, the focus of EPA's CERCLA enforcement actions has been and will continue to be on NPL sites. Similarly, in the case of CERCLA removal actions, EPA has the authority to act at any site, whether listed or not, that meets the criteria of the NCP at 40 CFR 300.415(b)(2) (55 FR 8842, March 8, 1990). EPA's policy is to pursue cleanup of NPL sites using all the appropriate response and/or enforcement actions available to the Agency, including authorities other than CERCLA. The Agency will decide on a site-by-site basis whether to take enforcement or other action under CERCLA or other authorities prior to undertaking response action, to proceed directly with Trust Fund-financed response actions and seek to recover response costs after cleanup, or do both. To the extent feasible, once sites are on the NPL, EPA will determine high-priority candidates for CERCLA-financed response action and/or enforcement action through both State and Federal initiatives. EPA will take into account which approach is more likely to accomplish cleanup of the site most expeditiously while using CERCLA's limited resources as efficiently as possible.

Although it is a factor that is considered, the ranking of sites by HRS scores does not by itself determine the sequence in which EPA funds remedial response actions, since the information collected to develop HRS scores is not sufficient to determine either the extent of contamination or the appropriate response for a particular site. (40 CFR 300.425(a)(2), 55 FR 8845). Additionally, resource constraints may preclude EPA from evaluating all HRS pathways; only those presenting significant environmental risk and sufficient to make a site eligible for the NPL may be evaluated. Moreover, the sites with the highest scores do not necessarily come to the Agency's attention first, so that addressing sites strictly on the basis of ranking would in some cases require stopping work at sites where it already was underway. In addition, certain sites, such as the Austin Avenue Radiation Site, are based on other criteria. More detailed studies of a site are undertaken in the Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study ("RI/FS") that typically follows listing. The purpose of the RI/FS is to assess site conditions and evaluate alternatives to the extent necessary to select a remedy (40 CFR 300.430(a)(2)) (55 FR 8846, March 8, 1990). It takes into account the amount of contaminants released into the environment, the risk to affected populations and environment, the cost to remediate contamination at the site, and the response actions that have been taken by potentially responsible parties or others. Decisions on the type and extent of response action to be taken at these sites are made in accordance with 40 CFR 300.415 (55 FR 8842, March 8, 1990) and 40 CFR 300.430 (55 FR 8846, March 8, 1990). After conducting these additional studies, EPA may conclude that initiating a CERCLA remedial action using the Trust Fund at some sites on the NPL is not appropriate because of more pressing needs at other sites, or because a private party cleanup already is underway pursuant to an enforcement action. Given the limited resources available in the Trust Fund, the Agency must carefully balance the relative needs for response at the numerous sites it has studied. It is also possible that EPA will conclude after further analysis that the site does not warrant remedial action.

RI/FS at Proposed Sites

An RI/FS may be performed at sites proposed in the **Federal Register** for placement on the NPL (or even sites that have not been proposed for placement on the NPL) pursuant to the Agency's removal authority under CERCLA, as outlined in the NCP at 40 CFR 300.415. Although an RI/FS generally is conducted at a site after it has been placed on the NPL, in a number of circumstances the Agency elects to conduct an RI/FS at a site proposed for placement on the NPL in preparation for a possible Trust Fund-financed response action, such as when the Agency believes that a delay may create unnecessary risks to public health or the environment. In addition, the Agency may conduct an RI/FS to assist in determining whether to conduct a removal or enforcement action at a site.

Facility (Site) Boundaries

The purpose of the NPL is merely to identify releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances that are priorities for further evaluation. The Agency believes that it would be neither feasible nor consistent with this limited purpose for the NPL to attempt to describe releases in precise geographical terms. The term "facility" is broadly defined in CERCLA to include any area where a hazardous substance has "come to be located" (CERCLA section 101(9)), and the listing process is not intended to define or reflect boundaries of such facilities or releases. Site names are provided for general identification purposes only. Knowledge of the geographic extent of sites will be refined as more information is developed during the RI/FS and even during implementation of the remedy.

Because the NPL does not assign liability nor define the geographic extent of a release, a listing need not be amended if further research into the contamination at a site reveals new information as to its extent. This is further explained in preambles to past NPL rules, most recently February 11, 1991 (56 FR 5598).

II. Contents of This Final Rule

This final rule adds 26 sites to the General Superfund Section of the NPL (Table 1) and 7 sites to the Federal Facilities Section (Table 2). Proposal #11 (56 FR 35840, July 29, 1991) provided 15 of the sites; all are being added to the NPL based on HRS scores of 28.50 or greater. Proposal #12 (57 FR 4824, February 7, 1992) provided 18 sites; all but one are being added to the NPL based on HRS scores of 28.50 or greater The Austin Avenue Radiation Site is

being added to the NPL on the basis of 40 CFR 300.425(c)(3) (55 FR 8845, March 8, 1990). A description of the site and EPA's basis for listing it were included when the site was proposed. As discussed more fully below, Table 1 presents the sites in this rule arranged alphabetically by State and identifies their rank by group number. Group numbers are determined by arranging the NPL by rank and dividing it into groups of 50 sites. For example, a site in Group 4 has a score that falls within the range of scores covered by the fourth group of 50 sites on the NPL.

NATIONAL PRIORITIES LIST FINAL RULE—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION

State	Site name	Location	Group
AR	Popile, Inc.	El Dorado	6
AR	South 8th Street Landfill (once listed as West Memphis Landfill)	West Memphis	4
CA	McCormick & Baxter Creosoting Co.	Stockton	1
CA	Ralph Gray Trucking Co. (once listed as Westminster Tract #2633)	Westminster	15
FL	Helena Chemical Co. (Tampa Plant)	Tampa	20
IL	Ottawa Radiation Areas	Ottawa	5
KS	57th and North Broadway Streets Site	Wichita Heights	5
KY	National Electric Coil Co./Cooper Industries	Dayhoit	5
LA	American Creosote Works, Inc. (Winnfield Plant)	Winnfield	4
MO	Big River Mine Tailings/St. Joe Minerals Corp	Desloge	1
NE	Cleburn Street Well	Grand Island	5
NE	Sherwood Medical Co	Norfolk	5
NH	New Hampshire Plating Co	Merrimack	5
NY	Li Tungsten Corp	Glen Cove	5
OR	Northwest Pipe & Casing Co	Clackamas	4
PA	Austin Avenue Radiation Site	Delaware County	*
PA	Crater Resources, Inc./Keystone Coke Co./Alan Wood Steel Co	Upper Merion Township	5
PA	Crossley Farm	Hereford Township	21

*Based on issuance of health advisory by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (if scored, HRS score need not be >28.50).

State	Site name	Location	Group
PA	Foote Mineral Co.	East Whiteland Township.	5
PA	Metropolitan Mirror and Glass Co., Inc.	Frackville.	15
PA	Rodale Manufacturing Co., Inc.	Emmaus Borough.	5
RI	West Kingston Town Dump/URI Disposal Area.	South Kingstown.	5
UT	Petrochem Recycling Corp / Ekotek, Inc.	Salt Lake City.	1
WA	Moses Lake Wellfield Contamination.	Moses Lake.	5
WA	Vancouver Water Station #4 Contamination.	Vancouver.	5
WI	Refuse Hideaway Landfill	Middleton.	15

Number of Sites Listed: 28.

NATIONAL PRIORITIES LIST FINAL RULE—FEDERAL FACILITIES SECTION

State	Site name	Location	Group
CA	Jet Propulsion Laboratory (NASA).	Pasadena.	5
GU	Andersen Air Force Base.	Yigo	5
HI	Pearl Harbor Naval Complex.	Pearl Harbor.	1
TN	Memphis Defense Depot.	Memphis	2
VA	Naval Surface Warfare Center—Dahigren.	Dahigren	5

NATIONAL PRIORITIES LIST FINAL RULE—FEDERAL FACILITIES SECTION—Continued

State	Site name	Location	Group
VA	Naval Weapons Station—Yorktown.	Yorktown	5
WA	Hamilton Island Landfill (USA/COE).	North Bonneville.	4

Number of Sites Listed: 7.

Public Comments

EPA reviewed all comments received on sites included in this rule. The formal comment period ended March 9, 1992 for the Austin Avenue Radiation site, April 7, 1992 for all other sites included from Proposal 12, and September 27, 1991 for all sites included from Proposal 11.

Based on the comments received on the proposed sites, as well as investigation by EPA and the States (generally in response to comment), EPA recalculated the HRS scores for individual sites where appropriate. EPA's response to site-specific public comments and explanations of any score changes made as a result of such comments are addressed in the "Support Document for the Revised National Priorities List Final Rule—October 1992." For 20 of the sites, including the Austin Avenue Radiation site, EPA received no comments.

NPL Format

Since promulgation of the original NPL (Appendix B of 40 CFR Part 300) on September 8, 1983 (48 FR 40660), EPA has arranged the NPL by rank based on HRS scores. Sites in the General Superfund Section of the NPL were presented in groups of 50 (with their rank) to emphasize that minor differences in scores do not necessarily represent significantly different levels of risk. Sites on the Federal Facilities Section were presented by group number. In addition, each preamble for a proposed rule provided the group number for each proposed site.

On July 29, 1991 (56 FR 35843), EPA proposed to change the NPL format and list sites alphabetically by State and by site name within each State. EPA proposed this change because the growth of the NPL has made it increasingly difficult for users to find individual sites. Almost all public requests about the NPL ask if a particular site in a particular State is on the NPL, or ask for all sites in specific States, rather than ranks or scores for individual sites. In addition, the increase in the size of the NPL has meant that different groups of 50 may no longer represent significantly different scores.

EPA received seven comments supporting the change in format and no negative comments. The comments supported EPA's view that information by State is most helpful and questions of rank are infrequent.

As a result of the support received for EPA's proposed format change, and lack of negative comments, EPA will present Appendix B alphabetically by State

beginning with the NPL following this preamble.

EPA recognizes that some requests are for rankings. On July 29, 1991 (56 FR 35843), EPA also requested comment on whether each preamble should continue to include a ranking for sites in that particular rule, and if so, what form that ranking should take. One commenter suggested that sites be ranked by thirds based on score; another suggested the sites be listed alphabetically and be accompanied by HRS scores. No other comments addressed this issue. In response, because of these concerns that some form of ranking sites be maintained, the preamble of each rule will list proposed or final sites alphabetically by State and also identify the group number for each site. EPA believes this is a reasonable compromise between the need to make the NPL more useful, and the need to retain some indication of site rank.

EPA will continue to provide lists of all NPL sites ranked by HRS scores upon request to the Superfund Hotline, Phone (800) 424–9346 or (703) 920–9810 in the Washington, DC, metropolitan area. Requestors should note that EPA generally is able to respond more quickly to an informal request than to a formal request under the Freedom of Information Act.

Costs

One commenter questioned the cost estimates presented in the Regulatory Impact Analysis (RIA) section of the preamble to the July 29, 1991, proposed rule (56 FR 35845). The commenter stated that the values were substantially different from values in a similar table published on August 30, 1990 (55 FR 35511). The commenter also suggested that the Agency's cost estimate for operation and maintenance (O & M) of the cleanup remedy should be adjusted to account for inflation.

In response, the Agency inadvertently used an outdated table of cost estimates in the RIA section in the July 29, 1991, proposed rule. The following table shows the correct values:

Cost category	Average total cost per site [1]
RI/FS	1,300,000
Remedial Design	1,500,000
Remedial Action	[2] 25,000,000
Net present value of O&M [3]	[2] 3,770,000

[1] 1988 U.S. Dollars.
[2] Includes State cost-share.
[3] Assumes cost of O&M over 30 years, $400,000 for the first year and 10% discount rate.
Source: Office of Program Management, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response, U.S. EPA, Washington DC

In response to the suggestion that the Agency account for inflation in cost estimates for O&M of cleanup remedies, the numbers do not account for inflation. The Agency uses current cost estimates because it cannot predict future inflation levels.

Statutory Requirements

CERCLA section 105(a)(8)(B) directs EPA to list priority sites "among" the known releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants, and section 105(a)(8)(A) directs EPA to consider certain enumerated and "other appropriate" factors in doing so. Thus, as a matter of policy, EPA has the discretion not to use CERCLA to respond to certain types of releases. Where other authorities exist, placing sites on the NPL for possible remedial action under CERCLA may not be appropriate. Therefore, EPA has chosen not to place certain types of sites on the NPL even though CERCLA does not exclude such action. If, however, the Agency later determines that sites not listed as a matter of policy are not being properly responded to, the Agency may place them on the NPL.

The listing policies and statutory requirements of relevance to this final rule cover sites subject to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (42 U.S.C. 6901–6991i) and Federal facility sites. These policies and requirements are explained below and have been explained in greater detail in previous rulemakings.

Releases From Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Sites

EPA's policy is that sites in the General Superfund Section subject to RCRA Subtitle C corrective action authorities will not, in general, be placed on the NPL. However, EPA will list certain categories of RCRA sites subject to Subtitle C corrective action authorities, as well as other sites subject to those authorities, if the Agency concludes that doing so best furthers the aims of the NPL/RCRA policy and the CERCLA program. EPA has explained this policy in detail in the past (51 FR 21054, June 10, 1986; 53 FR 23978, June 24, 1988; 54 FR 41000, October 4, 1989; 56 FR 5602, February 11, 1991).

Consistent with EPA's NPL/RCRA policy, EPA is adding three sites to the NPL, McCormick & Baxter Creosoting Co. in Stockton, CA, New Hampshire Plating Co. in Merrimack, NH, and Petrochem Recycling Corp./Ekotek, Inc. in Salt Lake City, UT, that are subject to RCRA Subtitle C corrective action authorities. Material has been placed in the public docket for the Petrochem Recycling Corp./Ekotek, Inc. site and the McCormick & Baxter Creosoting Co. site confirming that the owners are in bankruptcy and unable to pay for cleanup. Regarding the New Hampshire Plating Co. site, even though the owner has not formally invoked the bankruptcy laws, available documentation indicates that the company assets cannot cover a current State lien on the property for response action, much less address any new expenses that would be incurred in financing corrective action. A more detailed discussion of this issue as well as supporting documentation is available in the public docket for this site.

Releases From Federal Facility Sites

On March 13, 1989 (54 FR 10520), the Agency announced a policy for placing Federal facility sites on the NPL that meet the eligibility criteria (e.g., an HRS score of 28.50 or greater), even if the Federal facility also is subject to the corrective action authorities of RCRA Subtitle C. In that way, those sites may be cleaned up under CERCLA, if appropriate.

This rule adds seven sites to the Federal Facilities Section of the NPL.

Name Revision

The names of two sites addressed in this final rule have been changed based upon additional information obtained since the sites were proposed. The site proposed as "Westminster Tract #2633 in Westminster, CA, has been changed to Ralph Gray Trucking Co. The site proposed as the West Memphis Landfill in West Memphis, AR, has been changed to the South 8th Street Landfill. Finally, the name of a site previously placed on the NPL, Holton Circle Ground Water Contamination Site, in Londonderry, NH, has been changed to Town Garage/Radio Beacon. These changes make it easier for the public to identify the sites.

IV. Regulatory Impact Analysis

The costs of cleanup actions that may be taken at sites are not directly attributable to placement on the NPL, as explained below. Therefore, the Agency has determined that this rulemaking is not a "major" regulation under Executive Order 12291. EPA has conducted a preliminary analysis of the economic implications of this amendment to the NCP. EPA believes that the kinds of economic effects associated with this revision to the NPL are generally similar to those identified in the regulatory impact analysis (RIA) prepared in 1982 for revisions to the NCP pursuant to section 105 of CERCLA (47 FR 31180, July 16, 1982) and the

economic analysis prepared when amendments to the NCP were proposed (50 FR 5882, February 12, 1985). This rule was submitted to the Office of Management and Budget for review as required by Executive Order 12291.

Costs

This final rulemaking is not a "major" regulation because it does not establish that EPA necessarily will undertake remedial action, nor does it require any action by a private party to determine any party's liability for site response costs. Costs that arise out of responses at sites in the General Superfund Section result from site-by-site decisions about what actions to take, not directly from the act of listing itself. Nonetheless, it is useful to consider the costs that may be associated with responding to all sites in this rule. Placing of a site on the NPL may be followed by a search for potentially responsible parties and a Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) to determine if remedial actions will be undertaken at a site. Design and construction of the selected remedial alternative follow completion of the RI/FS, and operation and maintenance (O&M) activities may continue after construction has been completed.

EPA initially bears costs associated with responsible party searches. Responsible parties may enter into consent orders or agreements to conduct or pay the costs of the RI/FS, remedial design and remedial action, and O&M, or EPA and the States may share costs up from and subsequently bring an action for cost recovery.

The State's share of site cleanup costs for Trust Fund-financed actions is governed by CERCLA section 104(c). For privately-owned sites, as well as publicly-owned but not publicly-operated sites, EPA will pay from the Trust Fund for 100% of the costs of the RI/FS and remedial planning, and 90% of the costs of the remedial action, leaving 10% to the State. For sites operated by a State or political subdivision, the State's share is at least 50% of all response costs at the site, including the cost associated with the RI/FS, remedial design, and construction and implementation of the remedial action selected. After construction of the remedy is complete, costs fall into two categories:

- For restoration of ground water and surface water, EPA will pay from the Trust Fund a share of the start-up costs according to the cost-allocation criteria in the previous paragraph for 10 years or until a sufficient level of protectiveness is achieved before the end of 10 years. 40 CFR 300.435(f)(3). After that, the State assumes all O&M costs. 40 CFR 300.435 (f)(1).
- For other cleanups, EPA will pay from the Trust Fund a share of the costs of a remedy according to the cost-allocation criteria in the previous paragraph until it is operational and functional, which generally occurs after one year. 40 CFR 300.435(f)(2), 300.510(c)(2). After that, the State assumes all O&M costs. 40 CFR 300.510(c)(1).

In previous NPL rulemakings, the Agency estimated the costs associated with these activities (RI/FS, remedial design, remedial action, and O&M) on an average-per-site and total cost basis. EPA will continue with this approach, using the most recent (1988) cost estimates available; these estimates are presented below. However, costs for individual sites vary widely, depending on the amount, type, and extent of contamination. Additionally, EPA is unable to predict what portions of the total costs responsible parties will bear, since the distribution of costs depends on the extent of voluntary and negotiated response and the success of any cost-recovery actions.

Cost category	Average total cost per site [1]
RI/FS	$1,300,000
Remedial design	1,500,000
Remedial action	[2] 25,000,000
Net present value of O&M [3]	[2] 3,770,000

[1] 1988 U.S. Dollars.
[2] Includes State cost-share.
[3] Assumes cost of O&M over 30 years, $400,000 for the first year and 10% discount rate.
Source: Office of Program Management, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response, U.S. EPA, Washington, DC.

Possible costs to States associated with today's final rule for Trust Fund-financed response action arise from the required State cost-share of: (1) for privately owned sites at which remedial action involving treatment to restore ground and surface water quality are undertaken, 10% of the cost of constructing the remedy, and 10% of the cost of operating the remedy for a period up to 10 years after the remedy becomes operational and functional; (2) for privately-owned sites at which other remedial actions are undertaken, 10% of the cost of all remedial action, and 10% of costs incurred within one year after remedial action is complete to ensure that the remedy is operational and functional; and (3) for sites publicly-operated by a State or political subdivision at which response actions are undertaken, at least 50% of the cost of all response actions. States must assume the cost for O&M after EPA's participation ends. Using the assumptions developed in the 1982 RIA for the NCP, EPA has assumed that 90% of the non-Federal sites proposed for the NPL in this rule will be privately-owned and 10% will be State- or locally-operated. Therefore, using the budget projections presented above, the cost to States of undertaking Federal remedial planning and actions at all non-Federal sites in today's proposed rule, but excluding O&M costs, would be approximately $99 million. State O&M costs cannot be accurately determined because EPA, as noted above, will share costs for up to 10 years for restoration of ground water and surface water, and it is not known how many sites will require this treatment and for how long. However, based on past experience, EPA believes a reasonable estimate is that it will share start-up costs for up to 10 years at 25% of sites. Using this estimate, State O&M costs would be approximately $83 million. As with the EPA share of costs, portions of the State share will be borne by responsible parties.

Placing a hazardous waste site on the NPL does not itself cause firms responsible for the site to bear costs. Nonetheless, a listing may induce firms to clean up the sites voluntarily, or it may act as a potential trigger for subsequent enforcement or cost-recovery actions. Such actions may impose costs on firms, but the decisions to take such actions are discretionary and made on a case-by-case basis. Consequently, these effects cannot be precisely estimated. EPA does not believe that every site will be cleaned up by a responsible party. EPA cannot project at this time which firms or industry sectors will bear specific portions of the response costs, but the Agency considers: the volume and nature of the waste at the sites; the strength of the evidence linking the wastes at the site to the parties; the parties' ability to pay; and other factors when deciding whether and how to proceed against the parties.

Economy-wide effects of this amendment to the NCP are aggregations of effects on firms and State and local governments. Although effects could be felt by some individual firms and States, the total impact of this proposal on output, prices, and employment is expected to be negligible at the national level, as was the case in the 1982 RIA.

Benefits

The real benefits associated with today's final rule are increased health and environmental protection as a result of increased public awareness of potential hazards. In addition to the

potential for more Federally-financed remedial actions, expansion of the NPL could accelerate privately-financed, voluntary cleanup efforts. Listing sites as national priority targets also may give States increased support for funding responses at particular sites.

As a result of the additional CERCLA remedies, there will be lower human exposure to high-risk chemicals, and higher-quality surface water, ground water, soil, and air. These benefits are expected to be significant, although difficult to estimate before the RI/FS is completed at these sites.

V. Regulatory Flexibility Act Analysis

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 requires EPA to review the impacts of this action on small entities, or certify that the action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. By small entities, the Act refers to small businesses, small government jurisdictions, and nonprofit organizations.

While this rule revises the NCP, it is not a typical regulatory change since it does not automatically impose costs. As stated above, adding sites to the NPL does not in itself require any action by any party, nor does it determine the liability of any party for the cost of cleanup at the site. Further, no identifiable groups are affected as a whole. As a consequence, impacts on any group are hard to predict. A site's inclusion on the NPL could increase the likelihood of adverse impacts on responsible parties (in the form of cleanup costs), but at this time EPA cannot identify the potentially affected businesses or estimate the number of small businesses that might also be affected.

The Agency does expect that the listing of the sites in this NPL rule could significantly affect certain industries, or firms within industries, that have caused a proportionately high percentage of waste site problems. However, EPA does not expect the listing of these sites to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses.

In any case, economic impacts would occur only through enforcement and cost-recovery actions, which EPA takes at its discretion on a site-by-site basis. EPA considers many factors when determining enforcement actions, including not only the firm's contribution to the problem, but also its ability to pay.

The impacts (from cost recovery) on small governments and nonprofit organizations would be determined on a similar case-by-case basis.

For the foregoing reasons, I hereby certify that this rule does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Therefore, this regulation does not require a regulatory flexibility analysis.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 300

Air pollution control, Chemicals, Hazardous materials, Intergovernmental relations, Natural resources, Oil pollution, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Superfund, Waste treatment and disposal, Water pollution control, Water supply.

Dated: October 5, 1992.

Don R. Clay,

Assistant Administrator, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response.

PART 300—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 300 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 9601–9657; 33 U.S.C. 1321(c)(2); E.O. 12777, 56 FR 54757, 3 CFR, 1991 Comp., p. 351; E.O. 12580, 52 FR 2923, 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 193.

2. Appendix B to part 300 is revised to read as set forth below:

Appendix B—National Priorities List

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Alaska:		
Alaska Battery Enterprises	Fairbanks N Star Borough	
Arctic Surplus	Fairbanks	
Alabama:		
Ciba-Geigy Corp. (McIntosh Plant)	McIntosh	
Interstate Lead Co. (ILCO)	Leeds	
Mowbray Engineering Co	Greenville	C
Olin Corp. (McIntosh Plant)	McIntosh	
Perdido Ground Water Contamination	Perdido	
Redwing Carriers, Inc. (Saraland)	Saraland	
Stauffer Chemical Co. (Cold Creek Plant)	Bucks	
Stauffer Chemical Co. (LeMoyne Plant)	Axis	
T.H. Agriculture & Nutrition Co. (Montgomery Plant)	Montgomery	
Triana/Tennessee River (once listed as Triana (Redstone) Arsenal)	Limestone/Morgan	C
Arkansas:		
Arkwood, Inc	Omaha	
Frit Industries	Walnut Ridge	
Gurley Pit	Edmonson	
Industrial Waste Control	Fort Smith	C
Jacksonville Municipal Landfill	Jacksonville	
Mid-South Wood Products	Mena	C
Midland Products	Ola/Birta	
Monroe Auto Equipment Co. (Paragould Pit)	Paragould	
Popile, Inc	El Dorado	
Rogers Road Municipal Landfill	Jacksonville	
South 8th Street Landfill	West Memphis	
Vertac, Inc	Jacksonville	
Arizona:		
Apache Powder Co	St. David	
Hassayampa Landfill	Hassayampa	
Indian Bend Wash Area	Scottsdale/Tempe/Phoenix	
Litchfield Airport Area	Goodyear/Avondale	
Motorola, Inc. (52nd Street Plant)	Phoenix	
Nineteenth Avenue Landfill	Phoenix	
Tucson International Airport Area	Tucson	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
California:		
Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. (Building 915)	Sunnyvale	C
Advanced Micro Devices, Inc	Sunnyvale	
Aerojet General Corp	Rancho Cordova	
Applied Materials	Santa Clara	
Atlas Asbestos Mine	Fresno County	
Beckman Instruments (Porterville Plant)	Porterville	
Brown & Bryant, Inc. (Arvin Plant)	Arvin	
Celtor Chemical Works	Hoopa	C
Coalinga Asbestos Mine	Coalinga	
Coast Wood Preserving	Ukiah	
Crazy Horse Sanitary Landfill	Salinas	
CTS Printex, Inc	Mountain View	C
Del Norte Pesticide Storage	Crescent City	C
Fairchild Semiconductor Corp. (Mountain View Plant) (once listed as Fairchild Camera & Instrument Corp. (Mountain View Plant)).	Mountain View	
Fairchild Semiconductor Corp. (South San Jose Plant) (once listed as Fairchild Camera & Instrument Corp. (South San Jose Plant)).	South San Jose	C
Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. (Salinas Plant)	Salinas	C
Fresno Municipal Sanitary Landfill	Fresno	
Hewlett-Packard (620-640 Page Mill Road)	Palo Alto	
Hexcel Corp	Livermore	
Industrial Waste Processing	Fresno	
Intel Corp (Mountain View Plant)	Mountain View	
Intel Corp (Santa Clara III)	Santa Clara	C
Intel Magnetics	Santa Clara	C
Intersil Inc./Siemens Components	Cupertino	C
Iron Mountain Mine	Redding	
J.H. Baxter & Co	Weed	
Jasco Chemical Corp	Mountain View	
Koppers Co., Inc (Oroville Plant)	Oroville	
Liquid Gold Oil Corp	Richmond	
Lorentz Barrel & Drum Co	San Jose	
Louisiana-Pacific Corp	Oroville	
McColl	Fullerton	
McCormick & Baxter Creosoting Co	Stockton	
MGM Brakes	Cloverdale	
Modesto Ground Water Contamination	Modesto	
Monolithic Memories	Sunnyvale	
Montrose Chemical Corp	Torrance	
National Semiconductor Corp	Santa Clara	
Newmark Ground Water Contamination	San Bernardino	
Operating Industries, Inc., Landfill	Monterey Park	
Pacific Coast Pipe Lines	Fillmore	
Purity Oil Sales, Inc	Malaga	
Ralph Gray Trucking Co	Westminster	
Raytheon Corp	Mountain View	
San Fernando Valley (Area 1)	Los Angeles	
San Fernando Valley (Area 2)	Los Angeles/Glendale	
San Fernando Valley (Area 3)	Glendale	
San Fernando Valley (Area 4)	Los Angeles	
San Gabriel Valley (Area 1)	El Monte	
San Gabriel Valley (Area 2)	Baldwin Park Area	
San Gabriel Valley (Area 3)	Alhambra	
San Gabriel Valley (Area 4)	La Puente	
Selma Treating Co	Selma	
Sola Optical USA, Inc	Petaluma	C
South Bay Asbestos Area (once listed as Alviso Dumping Area)	Alviso	C
Southern California Edison Co (Visalia Poleyard)	Visalia	
Spectra-Physics, Inc	Mountain View	C
Stringfellow	Glen Avon Heights	S
Sulphur Bank Mercury Mine	Clear Lake	
Synertek, Inc. (Building 1)	Santa Clara	C
T.H. Agriculture & Nutrition Co. (once listed as Thompson-Haywood Chemical Co.)	Fresno	
Teledyne Semiconductor	Mountain View	C
TRW Microwave, Inc (Building 825)	Sunnyvale	
United Heckathorn Co	Richmond	
Valley Wood Preserving, Inc	Turlock	
Waste Disposal, Inc	Santa Fe Springs	
Watkins-Johnson Co. (Stewart Division)	Scotts Valley	
Western Pacific Railroad Co	Oroville	
Westinghouse Electric Corp. (Sunnyvale Plant)	Sunnyvale	
Colorado:		
Broderick Wood Products	Denver	
California Gulch	Leadville	
Central City—Clear Creek	Idaho Springs	
Chemical Sales Co	Denver	
Denver Radium Site	Denver	
Eagle Mine	Minturn/Redcliff	
Lincoln Park	Canon City	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Lowry Landfill	Arapaho County	
Marshall Landfill	Boulder County	S
Sand Creek Industrial	Commerce City	
Smuggler Mountain	Pitkin County	
Uravan Uranium Project (Union Carbide Corp.)	Uravan	
Woodbury Chemical Co	Commerce City	C
Connecticut:		
Barkhamstead—New Hartford Landfill	Barkhamsted	
Beacon Heights Landfill	Beacon Falls	
Cheshire Ground Water Contamination (once listed as Cheshire Associates Property)	Cheshire	
Durham Meadows	Durham	
Gallup's Quarry	Plainfield	
Kellogg—Deering Well Field	Norwalk	
Laurel Park, Inc. (once listed as Laurel Park Landfill)	Naugatuck Borough	
Linemaster Switch Corp	Woodstock	
Nutmeg Valley Road	Wolcott	
Old Southington Landfill	Southington	
Precision Plating Corp	Vernon	
Revere Textile Prints Corp	Sterling	C
Solvents Recovery Service of New England	Southington	
Yaworski Waste Lagoon	Canterbury	
Delaware:		
Army Creek Landfill (once listed as Delaware Sand & Gravel—Llangollen Army Creek Landfills).	New Castle County	
Chem-Solv, Inc	Cheswold	
Coker's Sanitation Service Landfills	Kent County	
Delaware City PVC Plant (once listed as Stauffer Chemical Co.)	Delaware City	
Delaware Sand & Gravel Landfill (once listed as Delaware Sand & Gravel—Llangollen Army Creek Landfills).	New Castle County	
Dover Gas Light Co	Dover	
E.I. Du Ponte de Nemours & Co., Inc. (Newport Pigment Plant Landfill)	Newport	
Halby Chemical Co	New Castle	
Harvey & Knott Drum, Inc	Kirkwood	
Koppers Co., Inc. (Newport Plant)	Newport	
NCR Corp. (Millsboro Plant)	Millsboro	
New Castle Spill (once listed as TRIS Spill)	New Castle County	C
Seal and Limited	Mount Pleasant	C
Standard Chlorine of Delaware, Inc	Delaware City	
Sussex County Landfill No. 5	Laurel	
Tybouts Corner Landfill	New Castle County	S
Tyler Refrigeration Pit	Smyrna	
Wildcat Landfill	Dover	C
Florida:		
Agrico Chemical Co	Pensacola	
Airco Plating Co	Miami	
Alpha Chemical Corp	Galloway	C
American Creosote Works, Inc. (Penacola Plant) (once listed as American Creosote Works).	Pensacola	
Anaconda Aluminum Co./Milgo Electronics Corp	Miami	
Anodyne, Inc	North Miami Beach	
B&B Chemical Co., Inc	Hialeah	
Beulah Landfill	Pensacola	
BMI—Textron	Lake Park	
Broward County—21st Manor Dump	Fort Lauderdale	
Brown Wood Preserving	Live Oak	C
Cabot/Koppers	Gainesville	
Chemform, Inc	Pompano Beach	
City Industries, Inc	Orlando	
Coleman-Evans Wood Preserving Co	Whitehouse	
Davie Landfill (once listed as Broward County Solid Waste Disposal Facility)	David	
Dubose Oil Products Co	Cantonment	
Florida Steel Corp	Indiantown	
Gold Coast Oil Corp	Miami	C
Harris Corp. (Palm Bay Plant) (Once listed as Harris Corp./General Development Utilities).	Palm Bay	
Helena Chemical Co. (Tampa Plant)	Tampa	
Hipps Road Landfill	Duval County	
Hollingsworth Solderless Terminal	Fort Lauderdale	
Kassauf-Kimerling Battery Disposal (once listed as Timber Lake Battery Disposal)	Tampa	
Madison County Sanitary Landfill	Madison	
Miami Drum Services (once listed as part of Biscayne Aquifer)	Miami	
Munisport Landfill	North Miami	
Northwest 58th Street Landfill (once listed as part of Biscayne Aquifer)	Hialeah	
Peak Oil Co./Bay Drum Co	Tampa	
Pepper Steel & Alloys, Inc	Medley	
Petroleum Products Corp	Pembroke Park	
Pickettville Road Landfill	Jacksonville	
Pioneer Sand Co	Warrington	C
Piper Aircraft/Vero Beach Water & Sewer Department	Vero Beach	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Reeves Southeast Galvanizing Corp	Tampa	
Sapp Battery Salvage	Cottondale	
Schuylkill Metals Corp	Plant City	
Sherwood Medical Industires	Deland	
Sixty-Second Street Dump	Tampa	
Standard Auto Bumper Corp	Hialeah	
Sydney Mine Sludge Ponds	Brandon	
Taylor Road Landfill	Seffner	
Tower Chemical Co	Clermont	
Whitehouse Oil Pits	Whitehouse	
Wilson Concepts of Florida, Inc	Pompano Beach	C
Wingate Road Municipal Incinerator Dump	Fort Lauderdale	
Woodbury Chemical Co. (Princeton Plant)	Princeton	C
Yellow Water Road Dump	Baldwin	
Zellwood Ground Water Contamination	Zellwood	
Georgia:		
Cedartown Industries, Inc	Cedartown	
Cedartown Municipal Landfill	Cedartown	
Diamond Shamrock Crop. Landfill	Cedartown	
Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. (Albany Plant)	Albany	
Hercules 009 Landfill	Brunswick	
Marzone Inc./Chevron Chemical Co	Tifton	
Mathis Brothers Landfill (South Marble Top Road)	Kensington	
Monsanto Corp. (Augusta Plant)	Augusta	
Powersville Site	Peach County	
T.H. Agriculture & Nutrition Co. (Albany Plant)	Albany	
Woolfolk Chemical Works, Inc	Fort Valley	
Guam: Ordot Landfill	Guam	C,S
Iowa:		
Aidex Corp	Council Bluffs	C,S
Des Mones TCE (once listed as DICO)	Des Moines	
E.I. Du Pont de Nemours Co., Inc. (County Road X23)	West Point	
Electro-Coatings, Inc	Cedar Rapids	
Fairfield Coal Gasification Plant	Fairfield	
Farmers' Mutual Cooperative	Hospers	
John Deere (Ottumwa Works Landfills)	Ottumwa	C
LaBounty Site	Charles City	C
Lawrence Todtz Farm	Camanche	C
Lehigh Portland Cement Co	Mason City	
Mid-America Tanning Co	Sergeant Bluff	
Midwest Manufacturing/North Farm	Kellogg	
Northwestern States Portland Cement Co.	Mason City	
Peoples Natural Gas Co	Dubuque	
Red Oak City Landfill	Red Oak	
Shaw Avenue Dump	Charles City	
Sheller-Globe Corp. Disposal	Keokuk	
Vogel Paint & Wax Co	Orange City	
White Farm Equipment Co. Dump	Charles City	
Idaho:		
Arrcom (Drexler Enterprises)	Rathdrum	C
Bunker Hill Mining & Metallurgical	Smelterville	
Eastern Michaud Flats Contamination	Pocatello	
Kerr-McGee Chemical Corp. (Soda Springs Plant)	Soda Springs	
Monsanto Chemical Co. (Soda Springs Plant)	Soda Springs	
Pacific Hide & Fur Recycling Co	Pocatello	
Union Pacific Railroad Co	Pocatello	
Illinois:		
A & F Material Reclaiming, Inc	Greenup	C
Acme Solvent Reclaiming, Inc. (Morristown Plant)	Morristown	
Adams County Quincy Landfills 2 & 3	Quincy	
Amoco Chemicals (Joliet Landfill)	Joliet	
Beloit Corp	Rockton	
Belvidere Municipal Landfill	Belvidere	C
Byron Salvage Yard	Byron	
Central Illinois Public Service Co	Taylorville	
Cross Brothers Pail Recycling (Pembroke)	Pembroke Township	
DuPage County Landfill/Blackwell Forest Preserve	Warrenville	
Galesburg/Koppers Co	Galesburg	
H.O.D. Landfill	Antioch	
Ilada Energy Co	East Cape Girardeau	
Interstate Pollution Control, Inc	Rockford	
Johns-Manville Corp	Waukegan	C
Kerr-McGee (Kress Creek/West Branch of DuPage River)	DuPage County	
Kerr-McGee (Reed-Keppler Park)	West Chicago	
Kerr-McGee (Residential Areas)	W Chic/DuPage County	
Kerr-McGee (Sewage Treatment Plant)	West Chicago	
LaSalle Electric Utilities	LaSalle	
Lenz Oil Service, Inc	Lemont	
MIG/Dewane Landfill	Belvidere	
NL Industries/Taracorp Lead Smelter	Granite City	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Ottawa Radiation Areas	Ottawa	
Outboard Marine Corp	Waukegan	S
Pagel's Pit	Rockford	
Parsons Casket Hardware Co	Belvidere	
Southeast Rockford Ground Water Contamination	Rockford	
Tri-County Landfill Co./Waste Management of Illinois, Inc	South Elgin	
Velsicol Chemical Corp. (Illinois)	Marshall	
Wauconda Sand & Gravel	Wauconda	
Woodstock Municipal Landfill	Woodstock	
Yeoman Creek Landfill	Waukegan	
Indiana:		
American Chemical Service, Inc	Griffith	
Bennett Stone Quarry	Bloomington	
Carter Lee Lumber Co	Indianapolis	
Columbus Old Municipal Landfill ;1	Columbus	
Conrail Rail Yard (Elkhart)	Elkhart	
Continental Steel Corp	Kokomo	
Douglass Road/Uniroyal, Inc., Landfill	Mishawaka	
Envirochem Corp	Zionsville	
Fisher-Calo	LaPorte	
Fort Wayne Reduction Dump	Fort Wayne	
Galen Myers Dump/Drum Salvage	Osceola	
Himco Dump	Elkhart	
Lake Sandy Jo (M&M Landfill) (once listed as Lake Sandy Jo)	Gary	
Lakeland Disposal Service, Inc	Claypool	
Lemon Lane Landfill	Bloomington	
Main Street Well Field	Elkhart	
Marion (Bragg) Dump	Marion	
MIDCO I	Gary	
MIDCO II	Gary	
Neal's Dump (Spencer)	Spencer	
Neal's Landfill (Bloomington)	Bloomington	
Ninth Avenue Dump	Gary	
Northside Sanitary Landfill, Inc	Zionsville	
Prestolite Battery Division	Vincennes	
Reilly Tar & Chemical Corp. (Indianapolis Plant)	Indianapolis	
Seymour Recycling Corp	Seymour	S
Southside Sanitary Landfill	Indianapolis	
Tippecanoe Sanitary Landfill, Inc	Lafayette	
Tri-State Plating	Columbus	C
Waste, Inc., Landfill	Michigan City	
Wayne Waste Oil	Columbia City	
Whiteford Sales & Service Inc./National Lease	South Bend	
Kansas:		
29th & Mead Ground Water Contamination	Wichita	
57th and North Broadway Streets Site	Wichita Heights	
Arkansas City Dump	Arkansas City	C,S
Cherokee County (once listed as Tar Creek, Cherokee County)	Cherokee County	
Doepke Disposal (Holliday)	Johnson County	
Hydro-Flex Inc	Topeka	C
Obee Road	Hutchinson	
Pester Refinery Co	El Dorado	
Strother Field Industrial Park	Cowley County	
Kentucky:		
A.L. Taylor (Valley of Drums)	Brooks	C,S
Airco	Calvert City	
B.F. Goodrich	Calvert City	
Brantley Landfill	Island	
Caldwell Lace Leather Co., Inc	Auburn	
Distler Brickyard	West Point	
Distler Farm	Jefferson County	C
Fort Hartford Coal Co. Stone Quarry	Olaton	
General Tire & Rubber Co. (Mayfield Landfill)	Mayfield	
Green River Disposal, Inc	Maceo	
Howe Valley Landfill	Howe Valley	
Lee's Lane Landfill	Louisville	C
Maxey Flats Nuclear Disposal	Hillsboro	
National Electric Coil Co./Cooper Industries	Dayhoit	
Newport Dump	Newport	C
Red Penn Sanitation Co. Landfill	PeeWee Valley	
Smith's Form	Brooks	
Tri-City Disposal Co	Shepherdsville	
Louisiana:		
American Creosote Works, Inc. (Winnfield Plant)	Winnfield	
Bayou Bonfouca	Slidell	
Bayou Sorrel Site	Bayou Sorrel	C
Cleve Reber	Sorrento	
Combustion, Inc	Denham Springs	
D.L. Mud, Inc	Abbeville	
Dutchtown Treatment Plant	Ascension Parish	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Gulf Coast Vacuum Services	Abbeville	
Old Inger Oil Refinery	Darrow	S
PAB Oil & Chemical Service, Inc	Abbeville	
Petro-Processors of Louisiana Inc	Scotlandville	
Massachusetts:		
Atlas Tack Corp	Fairhaven	
Baird & McGuire	Holbrook	
Cannon Engineering Corp. (CEC)	Bridgewater	C
Charles-George Reclamation Trust Landfill	Tyngsborough	
Groveland Wells	Groveland	
Haverhill Municipal Landfill	Haverhill	
Hocomonco Pond	Westborough	
Industri-Plex (once listed as Mark Phillip Trust)	Woburn	
Iron Horse Park	Billerica	
New Bedford Site	New Bedford	S
Norwood PCBs	Norwood	
Nyanza Chemical Waste Dump	Ashland	
Plymouth Harbor/Cannon Engineering Corp. (once listed as Plymouth Harbor/Cordage).	Plymouth	C
PSC Resources	Palmer	
Re-Solve, Inc	Dartmouth	
Rose Disposal Pit	Lanesboro	
Salem Acres	Salem	
Shpack Landfill	Norton/Attleboro	
Silresim Chemical Corp	Lowell	
Sullivan's Ledge	New Bedford	
W.R. Grace & Co. Inc. (Acton Plant)	Acton	
Wells G&H	Woburn	
Maryland:		
Bush Valley Landfill	Abingdon	
Kane & Lombard Street Drums	Baltimore	
Limestone Road	Cumberland	
Mid-Atlantic Wood Preservers, Inc	Harmans	
Sand, Gravel & Stone	Elkton	
Southern Maryland Wood Treating	Hollywood	
Woodlawn County Landfill	Woodlawn	
Maine:		
McKin Co	Gray	C
O'Connor Co	Augusta	
Pinette's Salvage Yard	Washburn	
Saco Municipal Landfill	Saco	
Saco Tannery Waste Pits	Saco	
Union Chemical Co., Inc	South Hope	
Winthrop Landfill	Winthrop	
Michigan:		
Adam's Plating	Lansing	
Albion-Sheridan Township Landfill	Albion	
Allied Paper, Inc./Portage Creek/Kalamazoo River	Kalamazoo	
American Anodco, Inc	Ionia	
Anderson Development Co	Adrian	
Auto Ion Chemicals, Inc	Kalamazoo	
Avenue "E" Ground Water Contamination	Traverse City	
Barrels, Inc	Lansing	
Bendix Corp./Allied Automotive	St. Joseph	
Berlin & Farro	Swartz Creek	
Bofors Nobel, Inc	Muskegon	
Burrows Sanitation	Hartford	
Butterworth ;2 Landfill	Grand Rapids	
Cannelton Industries, Inc	Saulte Sainte Marie	
Carter Industrials, Inc	Detroit	
Cemetery Dump	Rose Center	C
Charlevoix Municipal Well	Charlevoix	C
Chem Central	Wyoming Township	
Clare Water Supply	Clare	
Cliff/Dow Dump	Marquette	
Duell & Gardner Landfill	Dalton Township	
Electrovoice	Buchanan	
Folkertsma Refuse	Grand Rapids	
Forest Waste Products	Otisville	
G&H Landfill	Utica	
Grand Traverse Overall Supply Co	Greilickville	C
Gratiot County Landfill	St. Louis	S
H. Brown Co., Inc	Grand Rapids	
Hedblum Industries	Oscoda	
Hi-Mill Manufacturing Co	Highland	
Ionia City Landfill	Ionia	
J&L Landfill	Rochester Hills	
K&L Avenue Landfill	Oshtemo Township	
Kaydon Corp	Muskegon	
Kent City Mobile Home Park	Kent City	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Kentwood Landfill	Kentwood	
Kysor Industrial Corp	Cadillac	
Liquid Disposal, Inc	Utica	
Mason County Landfill	Père Marquette Twp	
McGraw Edison Corp	Albion	
Metal Working Shop	Lake Ann	C
Metamora Landfill	Metamora	
Michigan Disposal Service (Cork Street Landfill)	Kalamazoo	
Motor Wheel, Inc	Lansing	
Muskegon Chemical Co	Whitehall	
North Bronson Industrial Area	Bronson	
Northernaire Plating	Cadillac	
Novaco Industries	Temperance	C
Organic Chemicals, Inc	Grandville	
Ossineke Ground Water Contamination	Ossineke	
Ott/Story/Cordova Chemical Co	Dalton Township	
Packaging Corp. of America	Filer City	
Parsons Chemical Works, Inc	Grand Ledge	
Peerless Plating Co	Muskegon	
Petoskey Municipal Well Field	Petoskey	
Rasmussen's Dump	Green Oak Township	
Rockwell International Corp. (Allegan Plant)	Allegan	
Rose Township Dump	Rose Township	
Roto-Finish Co., Inc	Kalamazoo	
SCA Independent Landfill	Muskegon Heights	
Shiawassee River	Howell	
South Macomb Disposal Authority (Landfills ;9 and ;9a)	Macomb Township	
Southwest Ottawa County Landfill	Park Township	
Sparta Landfill	Sparta Township	
Spartan Chemical Co	Wyoming	
Spiegelberg Landfill	Green Oak Township	
Springfield Township Dump	Davisburg	
State Disposal Landfill, Inc	Grand Rapids	
Sturgis Municipal Wells	Sturgis	
Tar Lake	Mancelona Township	
Thermo-Chem, Inc	Muskegon	
Torch Lake	Houghton County	
U.S. Aviex	Howard Township	
Velsicol Chemical Corp. (Michigan)	St. Louis	C
Verona Well Field	Battle Creek	
Wash King Laundry	Pleasant Plains Twp	
Waste Management of Michigan (Holland Lagoons)	Holland	
Minnesota:		
Adrian Municipal Well Field	Adrian	C
Agate Lake Scrapyard	Fairview Township	
Arrowhead Refinery Co	Hermantown	
Boise Cascade/Onan Corp./Medtronics, Inc	Fridley	C
Boise Cascade/Onan Corp./Medtronics, Inc	Fridley	C
Burlington Northern (Brainerd/Baxter Plant)	Brainerd/Baxter	
Dakhue Sanitary Landfill	Cannon Falls	
East Bethel Demolition Landfill	East Bethel Township	
FMC Corp. (Fridley Plant)	Fridley	C
Freeway Sanitary Landfill	Burnsville	
General Mills/Henkel Corp	Minneapolis	C
Joslyn Manufacturing & Supply Co	Brooklyn Center	
Koch Refining Co./N-Ren Corp	Pine Bend	
Koppers Coke	St. Paul	
Kummer Sanitary Landfill	Bemidji	
Kurt Manufacturing Co	Fridley	
LaGrand Sanitary Landfill	LaGrand Township	
Lehillier/Mankato Site	Lehillier/Mankato	C
Long Prairie Ground Water Contamination	Long Prairie	
MacGillis & Gibbs Co./Bell Lumber & Pole Co	New Brighton	
New Brighton/Arden Hills	New Brighton	
NL Industries/Taracorp/Golden Auto (once listed as National Lead Taracorp)	St Louis Park	
Nutting Truck & Caster Co	Faribault	C
Oak Grove Sanitary Landfill	Oak Grove Township	
Oakdale Dump	Oakdale	
Olmstead County Sanitary Landfill	Oronoco	
Perham Arsenic Site	Perham	
Pine Bend Sanitary Landfill (once listed as Pine Bend Sanitary Landfill/Crosby American Demolition Landfill).	Dakota County	
Reilly Tar & Chemical Corp. (St. Louis Park Plant)	St. Louis Park	S
Ritari Post & Pole	Sebeka	
South Andover Site (once listed as Andover Sites)	Andover	
St Augusta Sanitary Landfill/Engen Dump (once listed as St. Augusta Sanitary Landfill/St. Cloud Dump).	St. Augusta Township	
St. Louis River Site	St. Louis County	
St. Regis Paper Co	Cass Lake	
University of Minnesota (Rosemount Research Center)	Rosemount	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Waite Park Wells	Waite Park	
Washington County Landfill	Lake Elmo	C
Waste Disposal Engineering	Andover	
Whittaker Corp	Minneapolis	C
Windom Dump	Windom	C
Missouri:		
Bee Cee Manufacturing Co	Malden	
Big River Mine Tailings/St. Joe Minerals Corp	Desloge	
Conservation Chemical Co	Kansas City	C
Ellisville Site	Ellisville	S
Fulbright Landfill	Springfield	C
Kem-Pest Laboratories	Cape Girardeau	
Lee Chemical	Liberty	
Minker/Stout/Romaine Creek (once listed as Arena 2: Fills 1 & 2)	Imperial	
Missouri Electric Works	Cape Girardeau	
North-U Drive Well Contamination	Springfield	
Oronongo-Duenweg Mining Belt	Jasper County	
Quality Plating	Sikeston	
Shenandoah Stables (once listed as Arena 1: Shenandoah Stables)	Moscow Mills	
Solid State Circuits, Inc	Republic	
St. Louis Airport/Hazelwood Interim Storage/Future Coatings Co	St. Louis County	
Syntex Facility	Verona	
Times Beach Site	Times Beach	
Valley Park TCE	Valley Park	
Westlake Landfill	Bridgeton	
Wheeling Disposal Service Co. Landfill	Amazonia	
Mississippi:		
Flowood Site	Flowood	S
Newsom Brothers/Old Reichhold Chemicals, Inc	Columbia	
Montana:		
Anaconda Co. Smelter	Anaconda	
East Helena Site (once listed as East Helena Smelter	East Helena	
Idaho Pole Co	Bozeman	
Libby Ground Water Contamination	Libby	
Milltown Reservoir Sediments	Milltown	
Montana Pole and Treating	Butte	
Mouat Industries	Columbus	
Silver Bow Creek/Butte Area (once listed as Silver Bow Creek)	Sil Bow/Deer Lodge	
North Carolina:		
ABC One Hour Cleaners	Jacksonville	
Aberdeen Pesticide Dumps	Aberdeen	
Benfield Industries, Inc	Hazelwood	
Bypass 601 Ground Water Contamination	Concord	
Cape Fear Wood Preserving	Fayetteville	
Carolina Transformer Co	Fayetteville	
Celanese Corp. (Shelby Fiber Operations)	Shelby	
Charles Macon Lagoon & Drum Storage	Cordova	
Chemtronics, Inc	Swannanoa	
FCX, Inc. (Statesville Plant)	Statesville	
FCX, Inc. (Washington Plant)	Washington	
Geigy Chemical Corp. (Aberdeen Plant)	Aberdeen	
Hevi-Duty Electric Co	Goldsboro	
Jadco-Hughes Facility	Belmont	
JFD Electronics/Channel Master	Oxford	
Koppers Co., Inc. (Morrisville Plant)	Morrisville	
Martin-Marietta, Sodyeco, Inc	Charlotte	
National Starch & Chemical Corp	Salisbury	
North Carolina State University (Lot 86, Farm Unit ;1)	Raleigh	
New Hanover County Airport Burn Pit	Wilmington	
Potter's Septic Tank Service Pits	Maco	
North Dakota:		
Arsenic Trioxide Site	Southeastern ND	C,S
Minot Landfill	Minot	
Nebraska:		
10th Street Site	Columbus	
Cleburn Street Well	Grand Island	
Hastings Ground Water Contamination	Hastings	
Lindsay Manufacturing Co	Lindsay	
Nebraska Ordnance Plant (Former)	Mead	
Sherwood Medical Co	Norfolk	
Waverly Ground Water Contamination	Waverly	
New Hampshire:		
Auburn Road Landfill	Londonderry	
Coakley Landfill	North Hampton	
Dover Municipal Landfill	Dover	
Fletcher's Paint Works & Storage	Milford	
Kearsarge Metallurgical Corp. (once listed as Kearsage Metallurgical Corp.)	Conway	
Keefe Environmental Services (once listed as KES)	Epping	
Mottolo Pig Farm	Raymond	
New Hampshire Plating Co	Merrimack	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Ottati & Gross/Kingston Steel Drum (once listed as Ottati & Gross)	Kingston	
Savage Municipal Water Supply	Milford	
Somersworth Sanitary Landfill	Somersworth	
South Municipal Water Supply Well	Peterborough	
Sylvester	Nashua	C,S
Tibbetts Road	Barrington	
Tinkham Garage	Londonderry	
Town Garage/Radio Beacon	Londonderry	C
New Jersey:		
A.O. Polymer	Sparta Township	
American Cyanamid Co	Bound Brook	
Asbestos Dump	Millington	
Bog Creek Farm	Howell Township	
Brick Township Landfill	Brick Township	
Bridgeport Rental & Oil Services	Bridgeport	
Brook Industrial Park	Bound Brook	
Burnt Fly Bog	Marlboro Township	
Caldwell Trucking Co	Fairfield	
Chemical Control	Elizabeth	
Chemical Insecticide Corp	Edison Township	
Chemical Leaman Tank Lines, Inc. (once listed as Chemical Leaman Tank Liners, Inc.)	Bridgeport	
Chemsol, Inc	Piscataway	
Ciba-Geigy Corp. (once listed as Toms River Chemical)	Toms River	
Cinnamonson Township (Block 702) Ground Water Contamination	Cinnamonson Township	
Combe Fill North Landfill	Mount Olive Township	
Combe Fill South Landfill	Chester Township	
Cosden Chemical Coatings Corp	Beverly	
CPS/Madison Industries	Old Bridge Township	
Curcio Scrap Metal, Inc	Saddle Brook Township	
D'Imperio Property	Hamilton Township	
Dayco Corp./L.E. Carpenter Co	Wharton Borough	
De Rewal Chemical Co	Kingwood Township	
Delilah Road	Egg Harbor Township	
Denzer & Schafer X-Ray Co	Bayville	
Diamond Alkali Co	Newark	
Dover Municipal Well #4	Dover Township	
Ellis Property	Evesham Township	
Evor Phillips Leasing	Old Bridge Township	
Ewan Property	Shamong Township	
Fair Lawn Well Field	Fair Lawn	
Florence Land Recontouring Landfill	Florence Township	
Fried Industries	East Brunswick Township	
Garden State Cleaners Co	Minotola	
GEMS Landfill	Gloucester Township	
Glen Ridge Radium Site	Glen Ridge	
Global Sanitary Landfill	Old Bridge Township	
Goose Farm	Plumstead Township	
Helen Kramer Landfill	Mantua Township	
Hercules, Inc. (Gibbstown Plant)	Gibbstown	
Higgins Disposal	Kingston	
Higgins Farm	Franklin Township	
Hopkins Farm	Plumstead Township	
Imperial Oil Co., Inc./Champion Chemicals	Morganville	
Industrial Latex Corp	Wallington Borough	
Jackson Township Landfill	Jackson Township	
JIS Landfill	Jamesburg/S. Brunswick	
Kauffman & Minteer, Inc	Jobstown	
Kin-Buc Landfill	Edison Township	
King of Prussia	Winslow Township	
Landfill & Development Co	Mount Holly	
Lang Property	Pemberton Township	
Lipari Landfill	Pitman	
Lodi Municipal Well	Lodi	
Lone Pine Landfill	Freehold Township	
Mannheim Avenue Dump	Galloway Township	
Maywood Chemical Co	Maywood/Rochelle Park	
Metaltec/Aerosystems	Franklin Borough	
Monitor Devices/Intercircuits Inc	Wall Township	
New Jersey:		
Monroe Township Landfill	Monroe Township	
Montclair/West Orange Radium Site	Montclair/W. Orange	
Montgomery Township Housing Development	Montgomery Township	
Myers Property	Franklin Township	
Nascolite Corp	Millville	
NL Industries	Pedricktown	
Pepe Field	Boonton	
Pijak Farm	Plumstead Township	
PJP Landfill	Jersey City	
Pohatcong Valley Ground Water Contamination	Warren County	
Pomona Oaks Residential Wells	Galloway Township	C

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Price Landfill	Pleasantville	S
Radiation Technology, Inc	Rockaway Township	
Reich Farms	Pleasant Plains	
Renora, Inc	Edison Township	
Ringwood Mines/Landfill	Ringwood Borough	
Rockaway Borough Well Field	Rockaway Township	
Rockaway Township Wells	Rockaway	
Rocky Hill Municipal Well	Rocky Hill Borough	
Roebling Steel Co	Florence	
Sayreville Landfill	Sayreville	
Scientific Chemical Processing	Carlstadt	
Sharkey Landfill	Parsippany/Troy Hills	
Shieldalloy Corp	Newfield Borough	
South Brunswick Landfill	South Brunswick	
South Jersey Clothing Co	Minotola	
Spence Farm	Plumstead Township	
Swope Oil & Chemical Co	Pennsauken	
Syncon Resins	South Kearney	
Tabernacle Drum Dump	Tabernacle Township	
U.S. Radium Corp	Orange	
Universal Oil Products (Chemical Division)	East Rutherford	
Upper Deerfield Township Sanitary Landfill	Upper Deerfield Township	
Ventron/Velsicol	Wood Ridge Borough	
Vineland Chemical Co., Inc	Vineland	
Vineland State School	Vineland	C
Waldick Aerospace Devices, Inc	Wall Township	
White Chemical Corp	Newark	H
Williams Property	Swainton	
Wilson Farm	Plumstead Township	
Witco Chemical Corp. (Oakland Plant)	Oakland	C
Woodland Route 532 Dump	Woodland Township	
Woodland Route 72 Dump	Woodland Township	
New Mexico:		
AT & SF (Clovis)	Clovis	
Cimarron Mining Corp	Carrizozo	C
Cleveland Mill	Silver City	
Homestake Mining Co	Milan	
Prewitt Abandoned Refinery	Prewitt	
South Valley	Albuquerque	S
United Nuclear Corp	Church Rock	
Nevada:		
Carson River Mercury Site	Lyon/Churchill County	
New York:		
Action Anodizing, Plating, & Polishing Corp	Copiague	C
American Thermostat Co	South Cairo	
Anchor Chemicals	Hicksville	
Applied Environmental Services	Glenwood Landing	
Batavia Landfill	Batavia	
BioClinical Laboratories, Inc	Bohemia	C
Brewster Well Field	Putnam County	
Byron Barrel & Drum	Byron	
C & J Disposal Leasing Co. Dump	Hamilton	
Carroll & Dubies Sewage Disposal	Port Jervis	
Circuitron Corp	East Farmingdale	
Claremont Polychemical	Old Bethpage	
Clothier Disposal	Town of Granby	
Colesville Municipal Landfill	Town of Colesville	
Conklin Dumps	Conklin	
Cortese Landfill	Village of Narrowsburg	
Endicott Village Well Field	Village of Endicott	
Facet Enterprises, Inc	Elmira	
FMC Corp. (Dublin Road Landfill)	Town of Shelby	
Forest Glen Mobile Home Subdivision	Niagara Falls	H
Fulton Terminals	Fulton	
GE Moreau	South Glen Falls	
General Motors (Central Foundry Division)	Massena	
Genzale Plating Co	Franklin Square	
Goldisc Recordings, Inc	Holbrook	
Haviland Complex	Town of Hyde Park	
Hertel Landfill	Plattekill	
Hooker (102nd Street)	Niagara Falls	
Hooker (Hyde Park)	Niagara Falls	
Hooker (S Area)	Niagara Falls	
Hooker Chemical/Ruco Polymer Corp	Hicksville	
Hudson River PCBs	Hudson River	
Islip Municipal Sanitary Landfill	Islip	
Johnstown City Landfill	Town of Johnstown	
Jones Chemicals, Inc	Caledonia	
Jones Sanitation	Hyde Park	
Katonah Municipal Well	Town of Bedford	C

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Kenmark Textile Corp	Farmingdale	
Kentucky Avenue Well Field	Horseheads	
Li Tungsten Corp	Glen Cove	
Liberty Industrial Finishing	Farmingdale	
Love Canal	Niagara Falls	
Ludlow Sand & Gravel	Clayville	
Malta Rocket Fuel Area	Malta	
Marathon Battery Corp	Cold Springs	
Mattiace Petrochemical Co., Inc	Glen Cove	
Mercury Refining, Inc	Colonie	
Nepera Chemical Co., Inc	Maybrook	
Niagara County Refuse	Wheatfield	
Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. (Saratoga Springs Plant)	Saratoga Springs	
North Sea Municipal Landfill	North Sea	
Old Bethpage Landfill	Oyster Bay	
Olean Well Field	Olean	
Pasley Solvents & Chemicals, Inc	Hempstead	
Pollution Abatement Services	Oswego	S
Port Washington Landfill	Port Washington	
Preferred Plating Corp	Farmingdale	
Radium Chemical Co., Inc	New York City	H
Ramapo Landfill	Ramapo	
Richardson Hill Road Landfill/Pond	Sidney Center	
Robintech, Inc./National Pipe Co	Town of Vestal	
Rosen Brothers Scrap Yard/Dump	Cortland	
Rowe Industries Ground Water Contamination	Noyack/Sag Harbor	
Sarney Farm	Amenia	
Sealand Restoration, Inc	Lisbon	
Sidney Landfill	Sidney	
Sinclair Refinery	Wellsville	
SMS Instruments, Inc	Deer Park	
Solvent Savers	Lincklaen	
Suffern Village Well Field	Village of Suffern	C
Syosset Landfill	Oyster Bay	
Tri-Cities Barrel Co., Inc	Port Crane	
Tronic Plating Co., Inc	Farmingdale	
Vestal Water Supply Well 1-1 (once listed with Well 4-2 as one site)	Vestal	
Vestal Water Supply Well 4-2 (once listed with Well 1-1 as one site)	Vestal	
Volney Municipal Landfill	Town of Volney	
Warwick Landfill	Warwick	
Wide Beach Development	Brant	C
York Oil Co	Moira	
Ohio:		
Allied Chemical & Ironton Coke	Ironton	
Alsco Anaconda	Gnadenhutten	
Arcanum Iron & Metal	Darke County	
Big D Campground	Kingsville	
Bowers Landfill	Circleville	
Buckeye Reclamation	St. Clairsville	
Chem-Dyne	Hamilton	C,S
Coshocton Landfill	Franklin Township	
E.H. Schilling Landfill	Hamilton Township	
Fields Brook	Ashtabula	
Fultz Landfill	Jackson Township	
Industrial Excess Landfill	Uniontown	
Laskin/Poplar Oil Co. (once listed as Poplar Oil Co.)	Jefferson Township	
Miami County Incinerator	Troy	
Nease Chemical	Salem	
New Lyme Landfill	New Lyme	
Old Mill (once listed as Rock Creek/Jack Webb)	Rock Creek	C
Ormet Corp	Hannibal	
Powell Road Landfill	Dayton	
Pristine, Inc	Reading	
Reilly Tar & Chemical Corp. (Dover Plant)	Dover	
Republic Steel Corp. Quarry	Elyria	
Sanitary Landfill Co. (Industrial Waste Disposal Co., Inc.)	Dayton	
Skinner Landfill	West Chester	
South Point Plant	South Point	
Summit National	Deerfield Township	
TRW, Inc. (Minerva Plant)	Minerva	
United Scrap Lead Co., Inc	Troy	
Van Dale Junkyard	Marietta	
Zanesville Well Field	Zanesville	
Oklahoma:		
Compass Industries (Avery Drive) (once listed as Compass Industries)	Tulsa	C
Double Eagle Refinery Co	Oklahoma City	
Fourth Street Abandoned Refinery	Oklahoma City	
Hardage/Criner (once listed as Criner/Hardage Waste Disposal)	Criner	
Mosley Road Sanitary Landfill	Oklahoma City	
Oklahoma Refining Co	Cyril	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Sand Springs Petrochemical Complex	Sand Springs	
Tar Creek (Ottawa County)	Ottawa County	
Tenth Street Dump/Junkyard	Oklahoma City	
Oregon:		
Allied Plating, Inc	Portland	
Gould, Inc	Portland	
Joseph Forest Products	Joseph	
Martin-Marietta Aluminum Co	The Dalles	
Northwest Pipe & Casing Co	Clackamas	
Teledyne Wah Chang	Albany	
Union Pacific Railroad Co. Tie Treating Plant	The Dalles	
United Chrome Products, Inc	Corvallis.	C
Pennsylvania:		
A.I.W. Frank/Mid-County Mustang	Exton	
Aladdin Plating	Scott Township	
Ambler Asbestos Piles	Ambler	
AMP, Inc. (Glen Rock Facility	Glen Rock	
Austin Avenue Radiation Site	Delaware County	H
Avco Lycoming (Williamsport Division)	Williamsport	
Bally Ground Water Contamination	Bally Borough	
Bell Landfill	Terry Township	
Bendix Flight Systems Division	Bridgewater Township	
Berkley Products Co. Dump	Denver	
Berks Landfill	Spring Township	
Berks Sand Pit	Longswamp Township	
Blosenski Landfill	West Caln Township	
Boarhead Farms	Bridgeton Township	
Brodhead Creek	Stroudsburg	
Brown's Battery Breaking	Shoemakersville	
Bruin Lagoon	Bruin Borough	C
Butler Mine Tunnel	Pittston	
Butz Landfill	Stroudsburg	
C & D Recycling	Foster Township	
Centre County Kepone	State College Borough	
Commodore Semiconductor Group	Lower Providence Township	
Craig Farm Drum	Parker	
Crater Resources, Inc./Keystone Coke Co./Alan Wood Steel Co	Upper Merion Twp	
Crossley Farm	Hereford Township	
Croydon TCE	Croydon	
Cryochem, Inc	Worman	
Delta Quarries & Disposal, Inc./Stotler Landfill	Antis/Logan Townships	
Dorney Road Landfill	Upper Macungie Township	
Douglassville Disposal	Douglassville	
Drake Chemical	Lock Haven	
Dublin TCE Site	Dublin Borough	
East Mount Zion	Springettsbury Township	
Eastern Diversified Metals	Hometown	
Elizabethtown Landfill	Elizabethtown	
Fischer & Porter Co	Warminster	
Havertown PCP	Haverford	
Hebelka Auto Salvage Yard	Weisenberg Township	
Heleva Landfill	North Whitehall Township	
Hellertown Manufacturing Co	Hellertown	
Henderson Road	Upper Merion Township	
Hranica Landfill	Buffalo Township	
Hunterstown Road	Straban Township	
Industrial Lane	Williams Township	
Jacks Creek/Sitkin Smelting & Refining, Inc	Maitland	
Keystone Sanitation Landfill	Union Township	
Kimberton Site	Kimberton Borough	
Lackawanna Refuse	Old Forge Borough	
Lindane Dump	Harrison Township	
Lord-Shope Landfill	Girard Township	
Malvern TCE	Malvern	
McAdoo Associates	McAdoo Borough	S
Metal Banks	Philadelphia	
Metropolitan Mirror and Glass Co., Inc	Frackville	
Middletown Air Field	Middletown	
Mill Creek Dump	Erie	
Modern Sanitation Landfill	Lower Windsor Township	
Moyers Landfill	Eagleville	
MW Manufacturing (once listed as Domino Salvage Yard)	Valley Township	
North Penn—Area 1 (once listed as Gentle Cleaners, Inc./Souderton Granite Knitting Mills, Inc.).	Souderton	
North Penn—Area 12 (once listed as Transicoil, Inc.)	Worcester	
North Penn—Area 2 (once listed as Ametek, Inc. (Hunter Hatfield Spring Division))	Hatfield	
North Penn—Area 5 (once listed as American Electronics Laboratories)	Montgomery Township	
North Penn—Area 6 (once listed as J.W. Rex Co./Allied Paint Manufacturing Co., Inc./Keystone Hydraulics).	Lansdale	
North Penn—Area 7 (once listed as Spra-Fin, Inc.)	North Wales	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Novak Sanitary Landfill	South Whitehall Township	
Occidental Chemical Corp./Firestone Tire & Rubber Co	Lower Pottsgrove Township	
Ohio River Park	Neville Island	
Old City of York Landfill	Seven Valleys	
Osborne Landfill	Grove City	
Palmerton Zinc Pile	Palmerton	
Paoli Rail Yard	Paoli	
Publicker Industries Inc	Philadelphia	
Raymark	Hatboro	
Recticon/Allied Steel Corp	East Coventry Township	
Resin Disposal	Jefferson Borough	
Revere Chemical Co	Nockamixon Township	
River Road Landfill (Waste Management, Inc.)	Hermitage	
Rodale Manufacturing Co., Inc	Emmaus Borough	
Route 940 Drum Dump (once listed as Pocono Summit)	Pocono Summit	C
Saegertown Industrial Area	Saegertown	
Shriver's Corner	Straban Township	
Stanley Kessler	King of Prussia	
Strasburg Landfill	Newlin Township	
Taylor Borough Dump	Taylor Borough	C
Tonolli Corp	Nesquehoning	
Tysons Dump	Upper Merion Township	
Walsh Landfill	Honeybrook Township	
Westinghouse Electric Corp. (Sharon Plant)	Sharon	
Westinghouse Elevator Co. Plant	Gettysburg	
Whitmoyer Laboratories	Jackson Township	
William Dick Lagoons	West Caln Township	
York County Solid Waste and Refuse Authority Landfill	Hopewell Township	
Puerto Rico:		
Barceloneta Landfill	Florida Afuera	
Fibers Public Supply Wells	Jobos	
Frontera Creek	Rio Abajo	
GE Wiring Devices	Juana Diaz	
Juncos Landfill	Juncos	
RCA Del Caribe	Barceloneta	
Upjohn Facility	Barceloneta	
Vega Alta Public Supply Wells	Vega Alta	
Rhode Island:		
Central Landfill	Johnston	
Davis (GSR) Landfill	Glocester	
Davis Liquid Waste	Smithfield	
Landfill & Resource Recovery, Inc. (L&RR)	North Smithfield	
Peterson/Puritan, Inc	Lincoln/Cumberland	
Picillo Farm	Coventry	S
Rose Hill Regional Landfill	South Kingston	
Stamina Mills, Inc. (once listed as Foresidale-Stamina Mills, Inc.)	North Smithfield	
West Kingston Town Dump/URI Disposal Area	South Kingstown	
Western Sand & Gravel	Burrillville	
South Carolina:		
Beaunit Corp. (Circular Knit & Dyeing Plant)	Fountain Inn	
Carolawn, Inc	Fort Lawn	
Elmore Waste Disposal	Greer	
Geiger (C & M Oil)	Rantoules	
Golden Strip Septic Tank Service	Simpsonville	
Helena Chemical Co. Landfill	Fairfax	
Independent Nail Co	Beaufort	C
Kalama Specialty Chemicals	Beaufort	
Koppers Co., Inc. (Florence Plant)	Florence	
Leonard Chemical Co., Inc	Rock Hill	
Lexington County Landfill Area	Cayce	
Medley Farm Drum Dump	Gaffney	
Palmetto Recycling, Inc	Columbia	
Palmetto Wood Preserving	Dixiana	
Para-Chem Southern, Inc	Simpsonville	
Rochester Property	Travelers Rest	
Rock Hill Chemical Co	Rock Hill	
Sangamo Weston, Inc./Twelve-Mile Creek/Lake Hartwell PCB Contamination	Pickens	
SCRDI Bluff Road	Columbia	S
SCRDI Dixiana	Cayce	C
Townsend Saw Chain Co	Pontiac	
Wamchem, Inc	Burton	
South Dakota:		
Whitewood Creek	Whitewood	C,S
Williams Pipe Line Co. Disposal Pit	Sioux Falls	
Tennessee:		
American Creosote Works, Inc. (Jackson Plant) (once listed as American Creosote Works).	Jackson	
Amnicola Dump	Chattanooga	
Arlington Blending & Packaging	Arlington	
Carrier Air Conditioning Co	Collierville	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Gallaway Pits	Gallaway	
Lewisburg Dump	Lewisburg	
Mallory Capacitor Co	Waynesboro	
Murray-Ohio Dump	Lawrenceburg	
North Hollywood Dump	Memphis	S
Velsicol Chemical Corp. (Hardeman County)	Toone	
Wrigley Charcoal Plant	Wrigley	
Texas:		
Bailey Waste Disposal	Bridge City	
Bio-Ecology Systems, Inc	Grand Prairie	
Brio Refining, Inc	Friendswood	
Crystal Chemical Co	Houston	
Crystal City Airport	Crystal City	C
Dixie Oil Processors, Inc	Friendswood	
French, Ltd	Crosby	
Geneva Industries/Fuhrmann Energy	Houston	
Highlands Acid Pit	Highlands	C
Koppers Co., Inc. (Texarkana Plant)	Texarkana	
Motco, Inc	La Marque	S
North Cavalcade Street	Houston	
Odessa Chromium #1	Odessa	
Odessa Chromium #2 (Andrews Highway)	Odessa	
Pesses Chemical Co	Fort Worth	C
Petro-Chemical Systems, Inc. (Turtle Bayou)	Liberty County	
Sheridan Disposal Services	Hempstead	
Sikes Disposal Pits	Crosby	
Sol Lynn/Industrial Transformers	Houston	
South Cavalcade Street	Houston	
Stewco, Inc	Waskom	C
Tex-Tin Corp	Texas City	
Texarkana Wood Preserving Co	Texarkana	
Triangle Chemical Co	Bridge City	C
United Creosoting Co	Conroe	
Utah:		
Midvale Slag	Midvale	
Monticello Radioactively Contaminated Properties	Monticello	
Petrochem Recycling Corp./Ekotek, Inc	Salt Lake City	
Portland Cement (Kiln Dust 2 & 3)	Salt Lake City	
Rose Park Sludge Pit	Salt Lake City	C,S
Sharon Steel Corp. (Midvale Tailings) (once listed as Sharon Steel Corp. (Midvale Plant)).	Midvale	
Utah Power & Light/American Barrel Co	Salt Lake City	
Wasatch Chemical Co. (Lot 6)	Salt Lake City	
Virginia:		
Abex Corp	Portsmouth	
Arrowhead Associates/Scovill Corp	Montross	
Atlantic Wood Industries, Inc	Portsmouth	
Avtex Fibers, Inc	Front Royal	
Buckingham County Landfill (once listed as Love's Container Service Landfill)	Buckingham	
C & R Battery Co., Inc	Chesterfield County	
Chisman Creek	York County	C
Culpeper Wood Preservers, Inc	Culpeper	
Dixie Caverns County Landfill	Salem	
First Piedmont Corp. Rock Quarry (Route 719) (once listed as First Piedmont Corp. Rock Quarry).	Pittsylvania County	
Greenwood Chemical Co	Newtown	
H & H Inc., Burn Pit	Farrington	
L.A. Clarke & Son	Spotsylvania County	
Rentokil, Inc. (Virginia Wood Preserving Division)	Richmond	
Rhinehart Tire Fire Dump	Frederick County	
Saltville Waste Disposal Ponds	Saltville	
Saunders Supply Co	Chuckatuck	
Suffolk City Landfill	Suffolk	C
U.S. Titanium	Piney River	
Vermont:		
Bennington Municipal Sanitary Landfill	Bennington	
BFI Sanitary Landfill (Rockingham)	Rockingham	
Burgess Brothers Landfill	Woodford	
Darling Hill Dump	Lyndon	C
Old Springfield Landfill	Springfield	
Parker Sanitary Landfill	Lyndon	
Pine Street Canal	Burlington	S
Tansitor Electronics, Inc	Bennington	
Washington:		
ALCOA (Vancouver Smelter)	Vancouver	
American Crossarm & Conduit Co	Chehalis	
American Lake Gardens	Tacoma	
Centralia Municipal Landfill	Centralia	
Colbert Landfill	Colbert	
Commencement Bay, Near Shore/Tide Flats	Pierce County	

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and site name	City/county	Notes
Commencement Bay, South Tacoma Channel	Tacoma	
FMC Corp. (Yakima Pit)	Yakima	
Frontier Hard Chrome, Inc	Vancouver	
General Electric Co. (Spokane Shop)	Spokane	
Greenacres Landfill	Spokane County	
Harbor Island (Lead)	Seattle	
Hidden Valley Landfill (Thun Field)	Pierce County	
Kaiser Aluminum Mead Works	Mead	
Lakewood Site	Lakewood	C
Mica Landfill	Mica	
Midway Landfill	Kent	
Moses Lake Wellfield Contamination	Moses Lake	
North Market Street (once listed as Tosco Corp. (Spokane Terminal))	Spokane	
Northside Landfill	Spokane	
Northwest Transformer	Everson	
Northwest Transformer (South Harkness Street)	Everson	
Old Inland Pit	Spokane	
Pacific Car & Foundry Co	Renton	
Pasco Sanitary Landfill	Pasco	
Pesticide Lab (Yakima)	Yakima	C
Queen City Farms	Maple Valley	
Seattle Municipal Landfill (Kent Highlands)	Kent	
Silver Mountain Mine	Loomis	C
Vancouver Water Station #4 Contamination	Vancouver	
Western Processing Co., Inc	Kent	C
Wyckoff Co./Eagle Harbor	Bainbridge Island	
Yakima Plating Co	Yakima	C
Wisconsin:		
Algoma Municipal Landfill	Algoma	
Better Brite Plating Co. Chrome & Zinc Shops	DePere	
City Disposal Corp. Landfill	Dunn	
Delavan Municipal Well #4	Delavan	
Eau Claire Municipal Well Field	Eau Claire	C
Fadrowski Drum Disposal	Franklin	
Hagen Farm	Stoughton	
Hechimovich Sanitary Landfill	Williamstown	
Hunts Disposal Landfill	Caledonia	
Janesville Ash Beds	Janesville	
Janesville Old Landfill	Janesville	
Kohler Co. Landfill	Kohler	
Lauer I Sanitary Landfill	Menomonee Falls	
Lemberger Landfill, Inc. (once listed as Lemberger Fly Ash Landfill)	Whitelaw	
Lemberger Transport & Recycling	Franklin Township	
Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District Lagoons	Blooming Grove	
Master Disposal Service Landfill	Brookfield	
Mid-State Disposal, Inc. Landfill	Cleveland Township	
Moss-American (Kerr-McGee Oil Co.)	Milwaukee	
Muskego Sanitary Landfill	Muskego	
N.W. Mauthe Co., Inc	Appleton	S
National Presto Industries, Inc	Eau Claire	
Northern Engraving Co	Sparta	C
Oconomowoc Electroplating Co. Inc	Ashippin	
Omega Hills North Landfill	Germantown	
Onalaska Municipal Landfill	Onalaska	
Refuse Hideaway Landfill	Middleton	
Sauk County Landfill	Excelsior	
Schmalz Dump	Harrison	
Scrap Processing Co., Inc	Medford	
Sheboygan Harbor & River	Sheboygan	
Spickler Landfill	Spencer	
Stoughton City Landfill	Stoughton	
Tomah Armory	Tomah	
Tomah Fairgrounds	Tomah	
Tomah Municipal Sanitary Landfill	Tomah	
Waste Management of Wisconsin, Inc. (Brookfield Sanitary Landfill)	Brookfield	
Waste Research & Reclamation Co	Eau Claire	
Wausau Ground Water Contamination	Wausau	
Wheeler Pit	Le Prairie Township	
West Virginia:		
Fike Chemical, Inc	Nitro	
Follansbee Site	Follansbee	
Leetown Pesticide	Leetown	C
Ordnance Works Disposal Areas	Morgantown	
West Virginia Ordnance	Point Pleasant	S
Wyoming:		
Baxter/Union Pacific Tie Treating	Laramie	
Mystery Bridge Road/U.S. Highway 20	Evansville	

Note: 1,085 Total Sites.
C=Construction Completion category.
H=Based on issuance of health advisory (if scored, HRS score need not be 28.50 or greater).
S=State top priority (if scored, HRS score need not be 28.50 or greater).

TABLE 2—FEDERAL FACILITIES SECTION, OCTOBER 1992

State and Site Name	City/County	Notes
Alaska:		
Eielson Air Force Base	Fairbanks N Star Borough	
Elmendorf Air Force Base	Greater Anchorage Borough	
Fort Wainwright	Faribanks N Star Borough	
Standard Steel & Metals Salvage Yard (USDOT)	Anchorage	
Alabama:		
Alabama Army Ammunition Plant	Childersburg	
Anniston Army Depot (Southeast Industrial Area)	Anniston	
Arizona:		
Luke Air Force Base	Glendale	
Williams Air Force Base	Chandler	
Yuma Marine Corps Air Station	Yuma	
California:		
Barstow Marine Corps Logistics Base	Barstow	
Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base	San Diego County	
Castle Air Force Base	Merced	
Edwards Air Force Base	Kern County	
El Toro Marine Corps Air Station	El Toro	
Fort Ord	Marina	
George Air Force Base	Victorville	
Jet Propulsion Laboratory (NASA)	Pasadena	
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (USDOE)	Livermore	
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (Site 300) (USDOE)	Livermore	
March Air Force Base	Riverside	
Mather Air Force Base (once listed as Mather Air Force Base (AC&W Disposal Site))	Sacramento	
McClellan Air Force Base (Ground Water Contamination)	Sacramento	
Moffett Naval Air Station	Sunnyvale	
Norton Air Force Base	San Bernardino	
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant	Riverbank	
Sacramento Army Depot	Sacramento	
Sharpe Army Depot	Lathrop	
Tracy Defense Depot	Tracy	
Travis Air Force Base	Solano County	
Treasure Island Naval Station—Hunters Point Annex	San Francisco	
Colorado:		
Air Force Plant PJKS	Waterton	
Rocky Flats Plant (USDOE)	Golden	
Rocky Mountain Arsenal	Adams County	
Connecticut: New London Submarine Base	New London	
Delaware: Dover Air Force Base	Dover	
Florida:		
Cecil Field Naval Air Station	Jacksonville	
Homestead Air Force Base	Homestead	
Jacksonville Naval Air Station	Jacksonville	
Pensacola Naval Air Station	Pensacola	
Georgia:		
Marine Corps Logistics Base	Albany	
Robins Air Force Base (Landfill #4/Sludge Lagoon) (once listed as Robins Air Force Base).	Houston County	
Guam: Andersen Air Force Base	Yigo	
Hawaii:		
Pearl Harbor Naval Complex	Pearl Harbor	
Schofield Barracks	Oahu	
Iowa: Iowa Army Ammunition Plant	Middletown	
Idaho:		
Idaho National Engineering Laboratory (USDOE)	Idaho Falls	
Mountain Home Air Force Base	Mountain Home	
Illinois:		
Joliet Army Ammunition Plant (Load-Assembly-Packing Area)	Joliet	
Joliet Army Ammunition Plant (Manufacturing Area)	Joliet	
Sangamo Electric Dump/Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (USDOI)	Carterville	
Savanna Army Depot Activity	Savanna	
Kansas: Fort Riley	Junction City	
Louisiana: Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant	Doyline	
Massachusetts:		
Fort Devens	Fort Devens	
Fort Devens—Sudbury Training Annex	Middlesex County	
Otis Air National Guard Base/Camp Edwards	Falmouth	
Maryland:		
Aberdeen Proving Ground (Edgewood Area)	Edgewood	
Aberdeen Proving Ground (Michaelsville Landfill)	Aberdeen	
Maine:		
Brunswick Naval Air Station	Brunswick	
Loring Air Force Base	Limestone	
Minnesota:		
Naval Industrial Reserve Ordnance Plant	Fridley	
Twin Cities Air Force Reserve Base (Small Arms Range Landfill)	Minneapolis	

TABLE 2—FEDERAL FACILITIES SECTION, OCTOBER 1992—Continued

State and Site Name	City/County	Notes
Missouri:		
Lake City Army Ammunition Plant (Northwest Lagoon)	Independence	
Weldon Spring Quarry/Plant/Pits (USDOE/Army) (once listed as Weldon Spring Quarry (USDOE/Army)).	St. Charles County	
Weldon Spring Former Army Ordnance Works	St Charles County	
North Carolina: Camp Lejeune Military Reservation (once listed as Camp Lejeune Marine Corps Base).	Onslow County	
Nebraska: Cornhusker Army Ammunition Plant	Hall County	
New Hampshire: Pease Air Force Base	Portsmouth/Newington	
New Jersey:		
Federal Aviation Administration Technical Center	Atlantic County	
Fort Dix (Landfill Site)	Pemberton Township	
Naval Air Engineering Center	Lakehurst	
Naval Weapons Station Earle (Site A)	Colts Neck	
Piscatinny Arsenal	Rockaway Township	
W.R. Grace & Co., Inc./Wayne Interim Storage Site (USDOE) (once listed as W.R. Grace & Co., Inc. (Wayne Plant)).	Wayne Township	
New Mexico:		
Cal West Metals (USSBA)	Lemitar	
Lee Acres Landfill (USDOI)	Farmington	
New York:		
Brookhaven National Laboratory (USDOE)	Upton	
Griffiss Air Force Base	Rome	
Plattsburgh Air Force Base	Plattsburgh	
Seneca Army Depot	Romulus	
Ohio:		
Feed Materials Production Center (USDOE)	Fernald	
Mound Plant (USDOE)	Miamisburg	
Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	Dayton	
Oklahoma: Tinker Air Force Base (Soldier Creek/Building 3001)	Oklahoma City	
Oregon: Umatilla Army Depot (Lagoons)	Hermiston	
Pennsylvania:		
Letterkenny Army Depot (Property Disposal Office Area)	Franklin County	
Letterkenny Army Depot (Southeast Area)	Chambersburg	
Naval Air Development Center (8 Waste Areas)	Warminster Township	
Tobyhanna Army Depot	Tobyhanna	
Puerto Rico: Naval Security Group Activity	Sabana Seca	
Rhode Island:		
Davisville Naval Construction Battalion Center	North Kingston	
Newport Naval Education & Training Center	Newport	
South Carolina: Savannah River Site (USDOE)	Aiken	
South Dakota: Ellsworth Air Force Base	Rapid City	
Tennessee:		
Memphis Defense Depot	Memphis	
Milan Army Ammunition Plant	Milan	
Oak Ridge Reservation (USDOE)	Oak Ridge	
Texas:		
Air Force Plant #4 (General Dynamics)	Fort Worth	
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant	Texarkana	
Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant	Karnack	
Utah:		
Hill Air Force Base	Ogden	
Monticello Mill Tailings (USDOE)	Monticello	
Ogden Defense Depot	Ogden	
Tooele Army Depot (North Area)	Tooele	
Virginia:		
Defense General Supply Center	Chesterfield County	
Naval Surface Warfare Center—Dahlgren	Dahlgren	
Naval Weapons Station—Yorktown	Yorktown	
Washington:		
Bangor Naval Submarine Base	Silverdale	
Bangor Ordnance Disposal	Bremerton	
Bonneville Power Administration Ross Complex (USDOE)	Vancouver	
Fairchild Air Force Base (4 Waste Areas)	Spokane County	
Fort Lewis (Landfill No. 5)	Tacoma	
Fort Lewis Logistics Center	Tillicum	
Hamilton Island Landfill (USA/COE)	North Bonneville	
Hanford 100-Area (USDOE)	Benton County	
Hanford 1100-Area (USDOE)	Benton County	
Hanford 200-Area (USDOE)	Benton County	
Hanford 300-Area (USDOE)	Benton County	
McChord Air Force Base (Wash Rack/Treatment Area)	Tocoma	
Naval Air Station, Whidbey Island (Ault Field)	Whidbey Island	
Naval Air Station, Whidbey Island (Seaplane Base)	Whidbey Island	
Naval Undersea Warfare Engineering Station (4 Waste Areas)	Keyport	
Wyoming: F.E. Warren Air Force Base	Cheyenne	

Note: 123 Total Sites.
C = Completion category.
H = Based on issuance of health advisory (if scored, HRS score need not be 28.50 or greater).
S = State top priority (if scored, HRS score need not be 28.50 or greater).

[FR Doc. 92-24893 Filed 10-13-92; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-M