the CAS 9th Collective Index of chemical names. Also, §§ 193.430, 561.400, and 561.425 are being reformatted to include a columnar listing of the commodities and tolerances. No new regulatory requirements are being added. The changes being made are merely technical amendments to clarify existing regulations.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Parts 193 and 561

Food additives, Animal feed, Administrative practice and procedure, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 9, 1988.

Juanita Wills,

Acting Director, Registration Division Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, the following technical amendments are made to 21 CFR Parts 193 and 561:

1. In Part 193:

PART 193—[AMENDED]

a. The authority citation for Part 193 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 348.

b. In § 193.142, by revising the introductory text to read as follows:

§ 193.142 Diazinon.

A regulation is established permitting the use of the insecticide diazinon [*O,O*-diethyl *O*-[6-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)-4-pyrimidinyl] phosphorothioate; CAS Reg. No. 333–41–5] in food-handling establishments in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

* * * * *

c. Section 193.430 is revised to read as follows:

§ 193.430 Cyhexatin.

Tolerances are established for combined residues of the insecticide cyhexatin [tricyclohexylhydroxystannane; CAS Reg. No. 13121–70–5] and its organotin metabolites (calculated as cyhexatin) in or on the following processed foods when present therein as a result of application of this insecticide to the growing crops:

Foods	Parts per million
Hops, dried	90
Prunes, dried	4

2. In Part 561:

PART 561—[AMENDED]

a. The authority citation for Part 561 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 348.

b. Section 561.400 is revised to read as follows:

§ 561.400 Cyhexatin.

Tolerances are established for combined residues of the insecticide cyhexatin [tricyclohexylhydroxystannane; CAS Reg. No. 13121–70–5] and its organotin metabolites (calculated as cyhexatin) in or on the following processed foods when present therein as a result of application of the insecticide to the growing crops:

Feeds	Parts per million
Apple pomace, dried	8
Citrus pulp, dried	8

c. In § 561.415, by revising the introductory text to read as follows:

§ 561.415 Diazinon.

A regulation is established permitting the use of the insecticide diazinon [*O,O*-diethyl *O*-[6-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)-4-pyrimidinyl] phosphorothioate; CAS Reg. No. 333–41–5] in animal feed-handling establishments in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

* * * * *

d. Section 561.425 is revised to read as follows:

§ 561.425 Dimethipin.

A tolerance is established for residues of the harvest growth regulant dimethipin [2,3-dihydro-5,6-dimethyl-1,4-dithiin 1,1,4,4-tetraoxide; CAS Reg. No. 55290–64–7] in or on the following processed feeds when present therein as a result of application of the harvest growth regulant to the growing crops:

Feeds	Part per million
Cottonseed hulls	0.7

[FR Doc. 88–13809 Filed 6–21–88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Parts 520, 522, and 555

Animal Drugs, Feeds, and Related Products; Change of Sponsor

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect a change of sponsor of several new animal drug applications (NADA's) from Parke-Davis, Division of Warner-Lambert Co. to Fort Dodge Laboratories.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 22, 1988.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John R. Markus, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV–142), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301–443–3442.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Parke-Davis, Division of Warner-Lambert Co., 201 Tabor Rd., Morris Plains, NJ 07950, has informed FDA of a transfer of sponsorship for several NADA's to Fort Dodge Laboratories, Fort Dodge, IA 50501. Fort Dodge Laboratories also informed FDA of the sponsor change. The NADA's affected are:

NADA	Product	Ingredient
10–809	Surital® for Injection	Thiamylal sodium.
45–290	Vetalar® Injection	Ketamine hydrochloride.
55–047	Chloromycetin Palmitate Oral Suspension.	Chloramphenicol palmitate.
55–051	Chloromycetin Tablets.	Chloramphenicol
65–149	Chloromycetin Veterinary Ophthalmic Ointment.	Do.
95–641	Arquel® 5 percent Granulation Packet.	Meclofenamic acid
110–201	Arquel® Tablets	Do.

This sponsor change does not involve any changes in manufacturing facilities, equipment, procedures, or production personnel.

FDA is amending 21 CFR 520.1330, 520.1331, 522.1222a, 522.2424, 555.110a, 555.111, and 555.310c to reflect the change of sponsor.

List of Subjects

21 CFR Part 520

Animal drugs.

21 CFR Part 522

Animal drugs.

21 CFR Part 555

Animal drugs, Antibiotics.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine,

Parts 520, 522, and 555 are amended as follows:

PART 520—ORAL DOSAGE FORM NEW ANIMAL DRUGS NOT SUBJECT TO CERTIFICATION

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR Part 520 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 512(i), 82 Stat. 347 (21 U.S.C. 360b(i)); 21 CFR 5.10 and 5.83.

§ 520.1330 [Amended].

2. Section 520.1330 *Meclofenamic acid granules* is amended in paragraph (c) by removing No. "000071" and adding in its place No. "000856."

§ 520.1331 [Amended].

3. Section 520.1331 *Meclofenamic acid tablets* is amended in paragraph (b) by removing No. "000071" and adding in its place No. "000856."

PART 522—IMPLANTATION OR INJECTABLE DOSAGE FORM NEW ANIMAL DRUGS NOT SUBJECT TO CERTIFICATION

4. The authority citation for 21 CFR Part 522 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 512(i), 82 Stat. 347 (21 U.S.C. 360b(i)); 21 CFR 5.10 and 5.83.

§ 522.1222a. [Amended].

5. Section 522.1222a *Ketamine hydrochloride injection* is amended in paragraph (c)(2) by removing No. "000071" and adding in its place No. "000856."

§ 522.2424 [Amended].

6. Section 522.2424 *Sodium thiamylal for injection* is amended in paragraph (b) by removing No. "000071" and adding in its place No. "000856."

PART 555—CHLORAMPHENICOL DRUGS FOR ANIMAL USE

7. The authority citation for 21 CFR Part 555 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 512(i) and (n), 82 Stat. 347, 350–351 (21 U.S.C. 360b(i) and (n)); 21 CFR 5.10 and 5.83.

§ 555.110a [Amended].

8. Section 555.110a *Chloramphenicol tablets* is amended in paragraph (c)(1)(ii) by removing No. "000071" and adding in its place No. "000856."

§ 555.111 [Amended].

9. Section 555.111 *Chloramphenicol palmitate oral suspension* is amended in paragraph (c)(2) by removing No. "000071" and adding in its place No. "000856."

§ 555.310c [Amended].

10. Section 555.310c *Chloramphenicol ophthalmic ointment* is amended in paragraph (c)(2) by removing No. "000071" and adding in its palce No. "000856."

Dated: June 15, 1988.

Richard A. Carnevale,

Deputy Director, Office of New Animal Drug Evaluation, Center for Veterinary Medicine.

[FR Doc. 88-13976 Filed 6-21-88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 60

[FRL 3401-1]

Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of delegation.

SUMMARY: On May 2, 1988, the North Carolina Division of Environmental Management requested delegation of authority for the implementation and enforcement of a standard in 40 CFR Part 60 (Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources) that had been promulgated on September 15, 1987. On June 1, 1988, this standard was delegated to North Carolina.

DATE: The effective date of the delegation is June 1, 1988.

ADDRESS: Copies of the request for delegation of authority and EPA's letter of delegation of authority may be examined during normal business hours at the Agency's regional office, 345 Courtland Street NE., Atlanta, Georgia 30365. All reports required pursuant to the newly delegated standard (identified below) should be submitted to Mr. N. Ogden Gerald, P.E., Chief, Air Quality Section, Division of Environmental Management, North Carolina Department of Natural Resources and Community Development, P.O. Box 27687, Raleigh, North Carolina 27611–7687.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gregg M. Worley of the EPA Region IV Air Programs Branch, at the above address and telephone number (404) 347–2864 or FTS 257–2864.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 111(c)(1) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) authorizes EPA to delegate to the states the authority to implement and enforce the standards set out in 40 CFR Part 60, standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources (NSPS). The State may enforce a NSPS under State law and in State court, not under section 113(b) of the Clean Air Act in Federal court.

On May 2, 1988, the North Carolina Division of Environmental Management (NCDEM) requested delegation of authority of NSPS for Subpart BBB (Rubber Tire Manufacturing Industry), which was promulgated on September 15, 1987.

After thorough review of the request, the Regional Administrator determined that such a delegation was appropriate for this source category with all the conditions set forth in the delegation letter of November 24, 1976.

I certify, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b), that this delegation will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities.

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirement of section 3 of Executive Order 12291.

Authority: Section 111 of the Clean Air Act as amended [42 U.S.C. 7411].

Date: June 9, 1988.

Joe R. Franzmathes,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 88-14034 Filed 6-21-88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-M

40 CFR Part 180

[OPP 300186A; FRL-3402-3]

Pesticide Tolerance for Methidathion

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule amends the tolerance for residues of the insecticide methidathion by removing the existing tolerances for residues in or on the raw agricultural commodities grapefruit, lemons, and oranges, and by establishing a tolerance for the crop grouping citrus fruits (except mandarins) and a tolerance for mandarins, thereby consolidating and expanding the existing tolerances and making the citrus tolerance consistent with that set by the Codex Alimentarius Commission.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 22, 1988.

ADDRESS: Written objections, identified by the document control number, [OPP-300186A], may be submitted to: Hearing Clerk (A-110), Environmental Protection Agency, Room 3708, 401 M Street SW., Washington, DC 20460.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Dennis H. Edwards, Jr., Product Manager (PM) 12, Registration Division (TS-767C), Environmental Protection

Agency, 401 M Street SW., Washington, DC 20460.

Office location and telephone number: Room 202, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202, (703) 557–2386.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: EPA issued a proposed rule, published in the Federal Register of May 4, 1988 (53 FR 15855), in which it proposed the amendment of § 180.298 *Methidathion; tolerances for residues* (40 CFR 180.298) by removing existing tolerances for residues of the raw agricultural commodities grapefruit, lemons, and oranges and by establishing a tolerance for the crop grouping citrus fruits (except mandarins) and a tolerance for mandarins, thereby consolidating and expanding the existing tolerances and making the citrus tolerance consistent with that set by the Codex Alimentarius Commission, which is concerned with the development of international food standards, including tolerances for pesticide residues in food.

There were no comments or requests for referral to an advisory committee received in response to the proposed rule.

The data considered in support of the proposed tolerances and all other relevant material have been evaluated and discussed in the proposed rule. Based on the data and information considered, the Agency concludes that the tolerances will protect the public health. Therefore, the regulation is established as set forth below.

Any person adversely affected by this regulation may, within 30 days after publication of this document in the Federal Register, file written objections with the Hearing Clerk, at the address given above. Such objections should specify the provisions of the regulation deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections. A hearing will be granted if the objections are supported by grounds legally sufficient to justify the relief sought.

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirements of section 3 of Executive Order 12291.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96–354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601–612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the Federal Register of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 3, 1988.

Douglas D. Campt,

Director, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR Part 180 is amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a.

2. Section 180.298(a) is amended by deleting the entries for grapefruit, lemons, and oranges and by adding new entries for citrus fruits (except mandarins) and mandarins, to read as follows:

§ 180.298 Methidathion; tolerances for residues.

(a) * * *

Commodity	Parts per million
* * * * *	
Citrus fruits (except mandarins)	2.0
* * * * *	
Mandarins	6.0
* * * * *	

[FR Doc. 88–14038 Filed 6–21–88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-M

40 CFR Part 180

[PP 5F3252/R969; FRL-3402-5]

Pesticide Tolerance for Quizalofop Ethyl

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule establishes tolerances for the residues of the herbicide quizalofop ethyl and its metabolites on various raw agricultural commodities (RACs). This regulation was requested by E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Inc., and establishes the maximum permissible level for residues of the herbicide in or on these RACs.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 22, 1988.

ADDRESS: Written objections may be submitted to the: Hearing Clerk (A–110), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. 3708, 401 M St. SW., Washington, DC 20460.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert J. Taylor, Product Manager (PM) 25, Registration Division (TS–767C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Rm. 245, CM#2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202, (703) 557–1800.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: EPA issued a notice, published in the Federal Register of August 21, 1985 (50 FR 33840), which announced that E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Inc., Walkers Mill Building, Barley Mill Plaza, Wilmington, DE 19898, had filed pesticide petition (PP) 5F3252 proposing to amend 40 CFR Part 180 by establishing tolerances for the residues of the herbicide quizalofop ethyl (2-[4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2-yl oxy)phenoxy]-propanoate) and its acid metabolite 2-[4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2 yl oxy)phenoxy]propanoic acid in or on the commodities cotton and soybean at 0.05 part per million (ppm). In the Federal Register of May 16, 1988 (53 FR 17244), EPA issued a notice that PP5F3252 had been amended to delete the proposal for cotton and to include the establishment of tolerances for quizalop (2-[4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2-yl-oxy)phenoxy]propanoic acid), quizalofop-ethyl (ethyl 2-[4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2 yl oxy)phenoxy propanoate), and quizalop-methyl (methyl 2-[4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2-yl-oxy)phenoxy]propanoate, all expressed as quizalofop ethyl in or on the RACs meat of cattle, goats, hogs, horses, poultry, and sheep at 0.02 pm; fat and meat byproducts of cattle, goats, hogs, horses, poultry, and sheep at 0.05 ppm; eggs at 0.02 ppm; milk at 0.01; and milk fat at 0.05 ppm.

No comments were received in response to these notices of filing.

The data submitted in the petition and other relevant material have been evaluated. The toxicology data considered in support of the tolerances include several acute studies, a 90-day feeding study with rats fed dosages of 0, 2, 6.4, and 64 milligrams/kilogram/day (mg/kg/day) with a no-observed-effect level (NOEL) of 2 mg/kg/day (lowest dose tested [LDT]), a 90-day feeding study in mice fed dosages of 0, 15, 47.4, and 150 mg/kg/day with a NOEL < 15 mg/kg/day (LDT); a 6-month feeding study in dogs fed dosages of 0, 0.625, 2.5, and 10 mg/kg/day with a NOEL of 2.5 mg/kg/day; a 2-year chronic feeding/oncogenic study in rats fed dosages of 0, 0.9, 5, and 20 mg/kg/day with no oncogenic effects observed under the conditions of the study at dose levels up to 20 mg/kg/day (highest dose tested [HDT]) and a systemic NOEL of 0.9 mg/kg/day; an 18-month chronic feeding/oncogenicity study with CD–1 mice fed dosages of 0, 0.3, 1.5, 12, and 48 mg/kg/day with no oncogenic effects observed under the conditions of the study at dose