

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lieutenant (junior grade) G.S. Lapsley, Vessel Movement Officer, Captain of the Port, New York, at (212) 668-7933.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On March 17, 1988 the Coast Guard published a notice of proposed rulemaking in the *Federal Register* for these regulations (53 FR 4422). Interested persons were requested to submit written comments and no comments were received.

Drafting information: The drafters of this notice are LTJG A.J. DiNinno, Project Officer, Captain of the Port, New York and CDR M.A. Leone, Project Attorney, First Coast Guard District Legal Office.

Discussion of comments: As previously stated, no comments regarding the NPRM were received. The areas being designated as special anchorages are already being used as recreational anchorages. Officially recognizing and charting them will provide an added measure of safety. This regulation is issued pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 2030, 2035, and 2070 as set out in the authority citation for all of Part 110.

Environmental Impact

These proposed regulations do not alter the use of these areas in any way. They have been and will continue to be places for vessels to anchor.

Economic Assessment and Certification

This regulation is considered to be non-major under Executive Order 12291 on Federal Regulation and nonsignificant under Department of Transportation regulatory policies and procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979). The economic impact of this proposal is expected to be minimal, thus a full regulatory evaluation is unnecessary. Establishment of this proposed special anchorage area will not require dredging or result in increased cost to any segment of the public. Since the impact of this proposal is expected to be minimal, the Coast Guard certifies that, if adopted, it will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Lists of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 110

Anchorage grounds.

Final Regulations

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 110 of Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended as follows:

PART 110—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 110 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 471, 2030, 2035 and 2071; 49 CFR 1.46 and 33 CFR 1.05-1(g). Section 110.1a and each section listed in 110.1a is also issued under 33 U.S.C. 1223 and 1231.

2. In § 110.60, two new paragraphs (y) and (y-1) are added to read as follows:

§ 110.60. Port of New York and vicinity.

(y) *Coecles Harbor at Shelter Island, New York.* That portion of Coecles Harbor bounded on the North by a line drawn between the northernmost point of land at Sungic Point and latitude 41°04'09" North, longitude 72°17'54" West, thence eastward along the shoreline to the point of origin.

(y-1) *West Neck Harbor at Shelter Island, New York.* That portion of West Neck Harbor bounded on the North by a line drawn between latitude 41°02'48" North, longitude 72°20'27" West and a point on Shell Beach located at latitude 41°02'29" North, longitude 72°20'59" West; thence eastward along the shoreline to the point of origin.

Dated: October 21, 1988.

R.I. Rybacki,

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard Commander, First Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 88-25507 Filed 11-2-88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-14-M

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

38 CFR Part 36

Decrease in Maximum Permissible Interest Rates on Guaranteed Manufactured Home Loans, Home and Condominiums Loans, and Home Improvement Loans

AGENCY: Veterans Administration.

ACTION: Final regulations.

SUMMARY: The VA (Veterans Administration) is decreasing the maximum interest rates on guaranteed manufactured home unit loans, lot loans, and combination manufactured home unit and lot loans. In addition, the maximum interest rates applicable to fixed payment and graduated payment home and condominium loans, and to home improvement and energy conservation loans are also decreased. These decreases in interest rates are possible because of recent improvements in the availability of funds in various credit markets. The decrease in the interest rates will allow eligible veterans to obtain loans at a lower monthly cost.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 1, 1988.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. George D. Moerman, Loan Guaranty Service (264), Department of Veterans'

Benefits, Veterans Administration, 810 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20420 (202-233-3042).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Administrator is required by section 1812(f), title 38, United States Code, to establish maximum interest rates for manufactured home loans guaranteed by the VA as he finds the manufactured home loan capital markets demand. Recent market indicators—including the prime rate, the general decrease in interest rates charged on conventional manufactured home loans, and the decrease of other short-term and long-term interest rates—have shown that the manufactured home capital markets have improved. It is now possible to decrease the interest rates on manufactured home unit loans, lot loans, and combination manufactured home unit and lot loans while still assuring an adequate supply of funds from lenders and investors to make these types of VA loans.

The Administrator is also required by section 1803(c), title 38, United States Code, to establish maximum interest rates for home and condominium loans including graduated payment mortgage loans, and loans for home improvement purposes. Market indicators similarly favor reductions in the maximum interest rates for these types of loans. These lower interest rates should assist more veterans in the purchase of homes and condominiums or to obtain improvement loans because of the decrease in the monthly loan payments for principal and interest.

Regulatory Flexibility Act/Executive Order 12291

For the reasons discussed in the May 7, 1981 *Federal Register* (46 FR 25443), it has previously been determined that final regulations of this type which change the maximum interest rates for loans guaranteed, insured, or made pursuant to chapter 37 of title 38, United States Code, are not subject to the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601-612.

These regulatory amendments have also been reviewed under the provisions of Executive Order 12291. The VA finds that they are not "major rules" as defined in that Order. The existing process of informal consultation among representatives within the Executive Office of the President, OMB, the VA and the Department of Housing and Urban Development has been determined to be adequate to satisfy the intent of this Executive Order for this category of regulations. This alternative consultation process permits timely rate adjustments with minimal risk of

premature disclosure. In summary, this consultation process will fulfill the intent of the Executive Order while still permitting compliance with statutory responsibilities for timely rate adjustments and a stable flow of mortgage credit at rates consistent with the market.

These final regulations come within exceptions to the general VA policy of prior publication of proposed rules as contained in 38 CFR 1.12. The publication of notice of a regulatory change in the VA maximum interest rates for VA guaranteed, insured or direct loans would deny veterans the benefit of lower interest rates pending the final rule publication date which would necessarily be more than 30 days after publication in proposed form. Accordingly, it has been determined that publication of proposed regulations prior to publication of final regulations is impracticable, unnecessary, and contrary to the public interest.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program numbers 64.113, 64.114, and 64.119).

These regulations are adopted under authority granted to the Administrator by sections 210(c), 1803(c)(1), 1811(d)(1) and 1812 (f) and (g) of title 38, United States Code.

These decreases are accomplished by amending sections 36.4212(a) (1), (2), and (3), and 36.4311 (a), (b), and (c) and 36.4503(a), title 38, Code of Federal Regulations.

List of Subjects in 38 CFR Part 36

Condominiums, Handicapped, Housing, Loan programs—housing and community development, Manufactured homes, Veterans.

Approved: October 31, 1988.

Thomas K. Turnage,
Administrator.

PART 36—[AMENDED]

38 CFR Part 36, Loan Guaranty, is amended as follows:

1. In § 36.4212, paragraph (a) is revised as follows:

§ 36.4212 Interest rates and late charges.

(a) The interest rate charged the borrower on a loan guaranteed or insured pursuant to 38 U.S.C. 1819 may not exceed the following maxima except on loans guaranteed or insured pursuant to guaranty or insurance commitments issued by the Veterans Administration prior to the respective effective date:

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1819(f))

(1) Effective November 1, 1988, 12½ percent simple interest per annum for a loan which finances the purchase of a manufactured home unit only.

(2) Effective November 1, 1988, 12 percent simple interest per annum for a loan which finances the purchase of a lot only and the cost of necessary site preparation, if any.

(3) Effective November 1, 1988, 12 percent simple interest per annum for a loan which will finance the simultaneous acquisition of a manufactured home and a lot and/or the site preparation necessary to make a lot acceptable as the site for the manufactured home.

2. In § 36.4311, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) are revised as follows:

§ 36.4311 Interest rates.

(a) Excepting loans guaranteed or insured pursuant to guaranty or insurance commitments issued by the VA which specify an interest rate in excess of 10 per centum per annum, effective November 1, 1988, the interest rate on any home or condominium loan, other than a graduated payment mortgage loan, guaranteed or insured wholly or in part on or after such date may not exceed 10 per centum per annum on the unpaid principal balance.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1803(c)(1))

(b) Excepting loans guaranteed or insured pursuant to guaranty or insurance commitments issued by the VA which specify an interest rate in excess of 10¼ per centum per annum, effective November 1, 1988, the interest rate of any graduated payment mortgage loan guaranteed or insured wholly or in part on or after such date may not exceed 10¼ per centum per annum.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1803(c)(1))

(c) Effective November 1, 1988, the interest rate on any loan solely for energy conservation improvements or other alterations, improvements or repairs, which is guaranteed or insured wholly or in part on or after such date may not exceed 11½ per centum per annum on the unpaid principal balance.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1803(c)(1))

3. In § 36.4503, paragraph (a) is revised as follows:

§ 36.4503 Amount and amortization.

(a) The original principal amount of any loans made on or after October 1, 1980, shall not exceed an amount which bears the same ratio to \$33,000 as the amount of the guaranty to which the veteran is entitled under 38 U.S.C. 1810 at the time the loan is made bears to \$27,500. This limitation shall not preclude the making of advances, otherwise proper, subsequent to the making of the loan pursuant to the

provisions of § 36.4511. Except as to home improvement loans, loans made by the VA shall bear interest at the rate of 10 percent per annum. Loans solely for the purpose of energy conservation improvements or other alterations, improvements, or repairs shall bear interest at the rate of 11½ percent per annum.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1811(d)(1) and (2)(A))

[FR Doc. 88-25476 Filed 11-2-88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8320-01-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Parts 180, 185, and 186

[PP 7F3507 and FAP 7H5534/R987; FRL-3471-4]

Pesticide Tolerances For Fenarimol

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: These rules establish tolerances for residues of the fungicide fenarimol in or on certain raw agricultural commodities, food additives, and feed additives. These regulations, to establish maximum permissible levels of residues of fenarimol in or on the commodities, food additives, and feed additives, were requested in petitions submitted by Elanco Products Co.

DATES: Effective on October 26, 1988. Objections by December 5, 1988.

ADDRESS: Written objections, identified by the document control number [PP 7F3507 and FAP 7H5534/R987] may be submitted to the: Hearing Clerk (A-110), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. M-3708, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lois A. Rossi, Product Manager (PM) 21, Registration Division (TS-767C), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 227, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202, (703)-557-1900.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: EPA issued a notice, published in the *Federal Register* of September 19, 1988 (53 FR 36368), which announced that Elanco Products Co., 740 South Alabama St., Indianapolis, IN 46285, amended pesticide petition (PP) 7F3507 to EPA requesting that the Administrator, pursuant to section 408(d) of the Federal

Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, propose the establishment of tolerances for the fungicide fenarimol [α -(2-chlorophenyl)- α -(4-chlorophenyl)-5-pyrimidinemethanol] in or on the following raw agricultural commodities: Apples at 0.1 part per million (ppm); eggs at 0.01 ppm; poultry, fat at 0.01 ppm; poultry, meat at 0.01 ppm; and poultry, meat byproducts at 0.01 ppm. Elanco also proposed that tolerances be established for combined residues of fenarimol and its metabolites, α -(2-chlorophenyl)- α -(4-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-5-pyrimidinemethanol and 5-[(2-chlorophenyl)(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3,4-dihydro-4-pyrimidinol measured as the total of fenarimol and 5-[(2-chlorophenyl)(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]pyrimidine (DHF, calculated as fenarimol) in or on grapes at 0.2 ppm.

The notice also announced that Elanco amended food-feed additive petition (FAP) 7H5534 to amend 21 CFR Part 561 (redesignated as 40 CFR Part 186 in the Federal Register of June 29, 1988 (53 FR 24666)) by establishing a regulation to permit residues of the fungicide fenarimol in or on the following feed commodity: Apple pomace (wet and dry) at 2.0 ppm and to permit the combined residues of fenarimol and its metabolites, α -(2-chlorophenyl)- α -(4-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-5-pyrimidinemethanol and 5-[(2-chlorophenyl)(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3,4-dihydro-4-pyrimidinol measured as the total of fenarimol and 5-[(2-chlorophenyl)(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]pyrimidine (DHF, calculated as fenarimol), in or on the following food additive commodities (former 21 CFR Part 193, redesignated as 40 CFR Part 185 in the Federal Register of June 29, 1988 (53 FR 24666)): Grape juice at 0.6 ppm and raisins at 0.6 ppm and the feed commodities grape pomace (wet and dry) at 2.0 ppm and raisin waste at 3.0 ppm.

There were no comments received in response to the notice of filings.

The data submitted in support of the petitions and other relevant material have been evaluated. The pesticide is considered useful for the purposes for which the tolerances are sought. The toxicological data considered in support of the tolerances include the following:

1. A 1-year dog feeding study using doses of 0, 1.25, 12.5, and 125 milligrams/kilograms (mg/kg) body weight (bwt)/day. The no-observed-effect level (NOEL) is 12.5 mg/kg bwt/day. The 125 mg/kg bwt/day dose level caused increased serum alkaline phosphatase, increased liver weights, increase in *p*-nitroanisole *o*-demethylase activity, and mild hepatic bile stasis.

2. An initial 2-year chronic feeding/oncogenicity study in rats using dietary concentrations of 0, 50, 130, and 350 ppm (equivalent to doses of 0, 2.5, 6.5, and 17.5 mg/kg bwt/day). In a previous Federal Register Notice (51 FR 7567; March 5, 1986), the Agency indicated fenarimol to be oncogenic. In that Notice, the Agency's initial conclusion that fenarimol was oncogenic was based on a finding in the 2-year rat study of a statistically significant increase in hepatic lesions (adenomas and hyperplastic nodules) at the highest dose tested (17.5 mg/kg bwt/day), when data for male and female rats were combined.

Since that time, the compound has been reevaluated since the Agency now considers it more appropriate to separate data for males and females and to also separate hyperplastic nodules from tumors (adenomas and carcinomas). When a reevaluation of the hepatic lesions for males and females was performed separately with the elimination of hyperplastic nodules, the data did not demonstrate a statistically significant increased incidence in adenomas and/or carcinomas in either sex. Moreover, the mouse oncogenicity study did not demonstrate oncogenic potential at dose levels up to and including a dose level of 85.7 mg/kg bwt/day (the highest dose level tested).

Because of the appearance of a low incidence of fatty change of the liver (nonneoplastic pathological lesions) in the low-dose groups in this study, it was unclear if a NOEL for fatty change of the liver was established in this study.

3. Additional 2-year chronic feeding/oncogenicity studies in rats using dietary concentrations of 0, 12.5, 25, and 50 ppm (equivalent to doses of 0, 0.63, 1.25, and 2.5 mg/kg bwt/day). The purpose of these additional studies was to assist in determining a NOEL for fatty liver changes. The first of these two studies was compromised, however, by an outbreak of chronic respiratory disease which reduced survival in all experimental groups, including control. The study was then repeated with the same dose levels. In the second study, no fatty liver changes or oncogenic effects were observed at the doses tested under the conditions of the study. Using data from all three 2-year studies, a NOEL for fatty liver change of 6.5 mg/kg bwt/day was established.

4. A 2-year oncogenicity study in mice using dietary concentrations of 0, 50, 170, and 600 ppm (equivalent to doses of 0, 7, 24.3, and 85.7 mg/kg bwt/day) that was negative for oncogenic effects at all doses tested under the conditions of the study. A 600 ppm, an increase in fatty change of the liver was demonstrated.

The NOEL for this effect was 170 ppm (24.3 mg/kg bwt/day).

5. A rabbit teratology study that was negative for teratogenic effects at all doses tested (0, 5, 10, and 35 mg/kg).

6. A rat teratology study that demonstrated hydronephrosis at 35 mg/kg (doses tested were 0, 5, 13, and 35 mg/kg). A second study in rats (with a postpartum evaluation) again demonstrated hydronephrosis at 35 mg/kg, but also indicated that the dose level of 35 mg/kg was associated with a maternal toxic effect (decreased body weight gain during treatment). The Agency considers the NOEL for hydronephrosis and for maternal toxicity to be 13 mg/kg.

7. A multigeneration reproduction study in rats that demonstrated decreased fertility in males and delayed parturition and dystocia in females at 5 mg/kg bwt/day. The NOEL for reproductive effects in this study was 2.5 mg/kg bwt/day.

8. Multigeneration reproduction studies in guinea pigs and mice that were negative for reproductive effects at doses up to 35 mg/kg bwt/day (highest dose tested) and 20 mg/kg bwt/day, respectively.

9. An aromatase inhibition study in rats that showed fenarimol to be a moderately weak inhibitor of aromatase activity.

The adverse reproductive effects observed in the rat multigeneration reproduction study are considered to be a species-specific effect caused by aromatase inhibition. This enzyme promotes normal sexual behavior in rats and mice, but not in guinea pigs, primates, or man. A NOEL of 35 mg/kg bwt/day for reproductive effects relevant to humans was established in the multigeneration reproduction study in guinea pigs.

10. A mouse lymphoma forward mutation assay; a DNA repair synthesis study in rat liver culture systems; gene mutation assays in *Salmonella typhimurium* (Ames test) and in *Escherichia coli*; a dominant lethal assay in Wistar rats; an assay for transformation activity in the C3H/10T 1/2 embryonic mouse fibroblast; and an *in vivo* assay for chromosome aberration in the Chinese hamster. Fenarimol did not demonstrate mutagenic activity in any of these studies.

The mutagenic potential of fenarimol has been evaluated in several assay systems (see item 10 above). Fenarimol did not demonstrate a mutagenic effect in any of these studies. Furthermore, fenarimol did not induce altered foci or

neoplastic nodules in an initiation and promotion study in rat liver tissue.

Based on the above findings, the Agency concludes that fenarimol was not oncogenic in long-term studies in rats and mice under test conditions in which the highest dose tested for both species approached a maximum tolerated dose as evidenced by increased fatty change in the liver.

The acceptable daily intake (ADI) based on the 2-year rat chronic feeding study (NOEL of 6.5 mg/kg bwt/day), and using a hundredfold safety factor, is calculated to be 0.065 mg/kg bwt/day. The theoretical maximum residue contribution from previously established tolerances and the tolerances established here is 0.0004 mg/kg/bwt/day and utilizes 0.6 percent of the ADI. Previous tolerances have been established for fenarimol in pecans, pears, apples, apple pomace, milk, meat and meat byproducts of cattle, goats, hogs, horses, and sheep; fat and liver of cattle, goats, hogs, horses, and sheep.

The nature of the residue is adequately understood, and adequate analytical methods are available for enforcement purposes. Because of the long lead time from establishing this tolerance to publication of the enforcement methodology in the *Pesticide Analytical Manual*, Vol. II, the analytical methodology is being made available in the interim to anyone interested in pesticide enforcement when requested from:

William Grosse, Chief, Information Service Branch Program Management and Support Division (TS-757C), 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 223, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202, (703)-557-2613.

The pesticide is considered useful for the purposes for which the tolerances are sought. Based on the information and data considered, the Agency concludes that the establishment of the tolerances will protect the public health. Therefore, the tolerances are established as set forth below.

Any person adversely affected by this regulation may, within 30 days after publication of this document in the *Federal Register*, file written objections with the Hearing Clerk, at the address given above. Such objections should specify the provisions of the regulation deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections. If a hearing is requested, the objections must state the issues for the hearing and the grounds for the objections. A hearing will be granted if the objections are supported

by grounds legally sufficient to justify the relief sought.

Pursuant to the requirement of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the *Federal Register* of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirement of section 3 of Executive Order 12291.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Parts 180, 185, and 186

Administrative practice and procedures, Agricultural commodities, Food additives, Feed additives, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: October 26, 1988.

Douglas D. Camp, Director, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

1. In Part 180:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

a. The authority citation for Part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a.

b. Section 180.421 is amended by designating the existing text as paragraph (a) and by amending the table therein by amending the 0.01 ppm tolerance for apples to read "0.1", and by adding and alphabetically inserting the following entries for the raw agricultural commodities eggs and poultry fat, meat, and meat byproducts, and by adding new paragraph (b), to read as follows:

§ 180.421 Fenarimol; tolerances for residues.

(a) * * *

Commodity	Parts per million
Apples.....	0.1
Eggs.....	0.01
Poultry, fat.....	0.01
Poultry, meat.....	0.01
Poultry, mbypr.....	0.01

(b) A tolerance is established for combined residues of the fungicide

fenarimol [alpha(2-chlorophenyl)-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-pyrimidinemethanol] and its metabolites, [alpha-(2-chlorophenyl)-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-5-pyrimidinemethanol and 5-[[2-chlorophenyl] (4-chlorophenyl) methyl]-3,4-dihydro-4-pyrimidinol measured as the total of fenarimol and 5-[[2-chlorophenyl)-(4-chlorophenyl) methyl]pyrimidine (calculated as fenarimol), in or on grapes at 0.2 part per million.

2. In Part 185:

PART 185—[AMENDED]

a. The authority citation for Part 185 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 348.

b. By adding new § 185.3200, to read as follows:

§ 185.3200 Fenarimol.

Tolerances are established for combined residues of the fungicide fenarimol [alpha-(2-chlorophenyl)-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-pyrimidinemethanol] and its metabolites, alpha-(2-chlorophenyl)-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-5-pyrimidinemethanol and 5-[[2-chlorophenyl] (4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3,4-dihydro-4-pyrimidinol measured as the total of fenarimol and 5-[[2-chlorophenyl)-(4-chlorophenyl) methyl]pyrimidine (calculated as fenarimol) in or on the following food additive commodities:

Commodities	Parts per million
Grape juice.....	0.6
Raisins.....	0.6

3. In Part 186:

PART 186—[AMENDED]

a. The authority citation for Part 186 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 348.

b. By amending § 186.3200 by designating the existing text as paragraph (a), and revising the table (by amending the 0.2 ppm tolerance entry therein for apple pomace (wet and dry) to read "2.0"), and by adding new paragraph (b), to read as follows:

§ 186.3200 Fenarimol.

(a) * * *

Commodities	Parts per million
Apple pomace (wet and dry)....	2.0

(b) Tolerances are established to permit the combined residues of the

fungicide fenarimol [alpha-(2-chlorophenyl)-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-pyrimidinemethanol] and its metabolites, alpha(2-chlorophenyl)alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-5-pyrimidinemethanol and 5[(2-chlorophenyl) (4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3,4-dihydro-4-pyrimidinol measured as the total of fenarimol and 5-[[2chlorophenyl)-(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]pyrimidine (calculated as fenarimol) in or on the following feed additive commodities:

Commodities	Parts per million
Grape pomace (wet & dry).....	2.0
Raisin waste.....	3.0

[FR Doc. 88-25445 Filed 11-2-88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-M

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 87-547; RM-6093]

Radio Broadcasting Services; Kelso, WA

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document allots Channel 233A to Kelso, Washington, as that community's first FM service, at the request of P-N-P Broadcasting, Inc. A site restriction of 6.8 kilometers (4.2 miles) west of the community, at coordinates 40-09-27 and 122-59-29, is required. In addition, Canadian concurrence has been obtained. With this action, this proceeding is terminated.

DATES: Effective December 12, 1988; The window period for filing applications will open on December 13, 1988, and close on January 12, 1989.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patricia Rawlings (202) 634-6530.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's Report and Order, MM Docket No. 87-547, adopted August 31, 1988, and released October 27, 1988. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Dockets Branch (Room 230), 1919 M Street NW., Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractors, International Transcription Service, (202) 857-3800, 2100 M Street NW., Suite 140, Washington, DC 20037.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

PART 73—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303.

§ 73.202 [Amended]

2. In § 73.202(b), the Table of FM Allotments is amended under Washington, by adding Channel 233A at Kelso.

Steve Kaminer,

Deputy Chief, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau

[FR Doc. 88-25460 Filed 11-2-88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 88-43; RM-6119]

Radio Broadcasting Services; La Grande, OR

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Commission, at the request of Grande Radio, Inc., substitutes Channel 254C2 for Channel 252A at La Grande, Oregon, and modifies its license for Station KKUC(FM) to specify operation on the higher powered channel. Channel 254C2 can be allotted to La Grande in compliance with the Commission's minimum distance separation requirements without the imposition of a site restriction and can also be used at the site 12.5 kilometers (7.8 miles) north of the community specified by the petitioner. The coordinates for this allotment are North Latitude 45-26-15 and West Longitude 118-05-27. With this action, this proceeding is terminated.

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 12, 1988.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Leslie K. Shapiro, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 634-6530.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's Report and Order, MM Docket No. 88-43, adopted September 30, 1988, and released October 26, 1988. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Dockets Branch (Room 230), 1919 M Street NW., Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Service, (202) 857-3800,

2100 M Street NW., Suite 140, Washington, DC 20037.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

PART 73—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303.

§ 73.202 [Amended]

2. In § 73.202(b), the FM Table of Allotments for La Grande, Oregon, is amended by deleting Channel 252A and adding Channel 254C2.

Federal Communications Commission.

Steve Kaminer,

Deputy Chief, Policy and Rules Division Mass Media Bureau.

[FR Doc. 88-25459 Filed 11-2-88; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 88-130; RM-6195]

Radio Broadcasting Services; Old Forge, NY

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Commission, at the request of Ross Broadcasting Company, allots Channel 231A to Old Forge, New York, as the community's second local FM service. Channel 231A can be allotted to Old Forge in compliance with the Commission's minimum distance separation requirements without the imposition of a site restriction. The coordinates for this allotment are North Latitude 43-42-42 and West Longitude 74-58-24. Canadian concurrence has been received. With this action, this proceeding is terminated.

DATES: Effective December 12, 1988. The window period for filing applications will open on December 13, 1988, and close on January 12, 1989.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Leslie K. Shapiro, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 634-6530.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's Report and Order, MM Docket No. 88-130, adopted September 30, 1988, and released October 27, 1988. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Dockets Branch (Room 230), 1919 M Street NW., Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also