

1. The authority citation for Part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1348(a), 1354(a), 1510; Executive Order 10854; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Pub. L. 97-449, January 12, 1983); 14 CFR 11.69.

§ 71.171 [Amended]

2. § 17.171 is amended as follows:

Stockton, CA—[Revised]

Beginning at lat. 37°49'30" N., long. 121°12'30" W.; thence clockwise via the 5-mile radius of the Stockton Municipal Airport (lat. 37°53'39" N., long. 121°14'14" W.); to lat. 37°53'00" N., long. 121°09'00" W.; to lat. 37°52'05" N., long. 121°07'40" W.; to lat. 37°48'10" N., long. 121°11'00" W.; to the point of beginning.

Issued in Los Angeles, California, on November 4, 1985.

B. Keith Potts,

Acting Director, Western-Pacific Region.

[FR Doc. 86-507 Filed 1-9-86; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

15 CFR Part 904

[Docket No. 41157-4157]

Seizure and Forfeiture Procedures

AGENCY: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Interim final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document corrects several subparagraph designations contained in interim final regulations governing seizure and forfeiture procedures for NOAA that were published April 1, 1985 (50 FR 12781).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patricia Kraniotis, (202) 254-8350, NOAA Office of General Counsel, Room 533, 3300 Whitehaven Street, NW., Washington, DC 20235.

Margaret H. Frailay,

Assistant General Counsel for Enforcement and Litigation, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

The following corrections are made in FR Doc. 85-7404 appearing on 12781 in the issue of April 1, 1985:

PART 904—[AMENDED]

1. On page 12783 in column one subparagraphs "904.504(b)(2) (A), (B) and (C)" are redesignated as "904.504(b)(2) (i), (ii) and (iii)" and "904.504(b)(3) (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E)"

are redesignated as "904.504(b)(3) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v)".

On page 12784 in column two subparagraphs "904.506(b)(2) (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), and (G)" are redesignated as "904.506(b)(2) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), and (vii)" and "904.506(d)(1) (A) and (B)" are redesignated as "904.506(d)(1) (i) and (ii)".

3. On page 12784 in column three subparagraphs "904.506(f)(1) (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E)" are redesignated as "904.506(f)(1) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), and (v)".

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[FR Doc. 86-699 Filed 1-9-86; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-12-M

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Office of the Assistant Secretary for Housing-Federal Housing Commissioner

24 CFR Parts 201, 203, and 234

[Docket No. N-86-1575; FR-2192]

Mortgage Insurance; Changes to the Maximum Mortgage Limits for Single Family Residences, Condominiums and Manufactured Homes and Lots

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Housing-Federal Housing Commissioner, (HUD).

ACTION: Notice of revisions to FHA maximum mortgage limits for high-cost areas.

SUMMARY: This Notice amends the listing of areas eligible for "high-cost" mortgage limits under certain of HUD's insuring authorities under the National Housing Act by adding the limits of four designated high-cost areas to the list. Mortgage limits are adjusted in an area when the Secretary determines that middle- and moderate-income persons have limited housing opportunities because of high prevailing housing sales prices.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 10, 1986.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For single family: Brian Chappelle, Director, Single Family Development Division, Room 9270, Telephone (202) 755-8720. For manufactured homes: Christopher Peterson, Director, Office of Title I Insured Loans, Room 9160, Telephone, (202) 755-6880; 451 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20410. (Telephones are not toll-free numbers.)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The National Housing Act (NHA) (12 U.S.C. 1710-1749) authorizes HUD to insure mortgages for single family residences (from one to four-family structures), condominiums, manufactured home lots, and manufactured homes, combination manufactured homes and lots. The NHA, as amended by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 and the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981, permits HUD to increase the maximum mortgage limits under most of these programs to reflect regional differences in the cost of housing. In addition, section 2(b) and 214 of the NHA provide for special high-cost limits for insured mortgages in Alaska, Guam, and Hawaii.

The Housing and Urban-Rural Recovery Act of 1983 (Pub. L. 98-181, November 30, 1983) (1983 Act) further amended HUD's insuring authority. Of particular interest here are: (1) The authorization to insure condominiums in high-cost areas at the same levels as the high-cost limits for one-family residences insured under section 203(b) of the National Housing Act; and (2) the authorization to increase maximum loan limits under the Title I loan insurance program for combination manufactured home and lot loans and for individual lot loans in high-cost areas, so long as the percentage increase in the maximum loan limit does not exceed the percentage increase made to a one-family residence in the area authorized under section 203(b) of the NHA.

The Department implemented these provisions of the 1983 Act in related documents published in the **Federal Register** on April 11, 1984 (see 49 FR 14332, 14335, 14336), Effective May 22, 1984. These documents also amended the Department's rules to codify the procedure of announcing high-cost mortgage limits for single family residences, condominiums, combination manufactured homes and lots and manufactured home lots by notice in the **Federal Register** (see April 11, 1984 documents, amending 24 CFR 201.1504, 203.18b, 203.29, 234.27, and 234.49). In addition, the documents codified the procedure whereby a party may request an alternative mortgage limit (see the same sections cited above).

On May 22, 1984, the Department published a revised list of areas eligible for "high-cost" mortgage limits, which contained several new features (see 49 FR 21520). First, there was no separate listing for condominium units, since these limits are now the same as those

for other one-family residences. Second, the listing included instructions on how to compute the high-cost limits for combination manufactured homes and lots and individual lots, and specified the special high-cost amounts for manufactured homes, combination manufactured homes and lots and individual lots insured in Alaska, Guam, and Hawaii. And, third, it made changes to the list based on a new definition of "metropolitan area."

On December 6, 1984 (49 FR 47657), May 8, 1985 (50 FR 19341), July 24, 1985 (50 FR 30154), and November 6, 1985 (50 FR 45993), the Department published amendments to the "high-cost" mortgage amounts that added additional areas and further increased the limits of several previously designated high-cost areas.

This Document

Today's document adds Mecklenburg County, North Carolina; Wake County, North Carolina; Bernalillo County, New Mexico; and Martin County, Florida to the list of high-cost areas.

These amendments to the high-cost areas appear in two parts. Part I explains high-cost limits for mortgages insured under Title I of the National Housing Act. Part II lists any changes for single family residences insured under sections 203(b), and 234(c) of the National Housing Act.

Accordingly, the Commissioner hereby amends the list of high-cost mortgage limits by adding the limits for Mecklenburg County, North Carolina; Wake County, North Carolina; Bernalillo County, New Mexico; and Martin County, Florida, as set forth in Part II of the following Table:

National Housing Act High-Cost Mortgage Limits

I. Title I: Method of Computing Limits

A. Section 2(b)(1)(D). Combination manufactured home and lot (excluding Alaska, Guam, and Hawaii): To determine the high-cost limit for a combination manufactured home and lot loan, multiply the dollar amount in the "one family" column of Part II of this list by 80. For example, Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, has a one-family limit of \$85,000. The combination home and lot loan limit for Mecklenburg County is $\$85,000 \times .80$ or \$68,000.

B. Section 2(b)(1)(E). Lot only (excluding Alaska, Guam, and Hawaii). To determine the high-cost limit for a lot loan, multiply the dollar amount in the "one-family" column of Part II of this list by .20. For example, Mecklenburg

County, North Carolina, has a one-family limit of \$85,000. The lot only loan limit for Mecklenburg County is $\$85,000 \times .20$, or \$17,000.

C. Section 2(b)(2). Alaska, Guam, and Hawaii limits: The maximum dollar limits for Alaska, Guam, and Hawaii may be 140% of the statutory loan limits set out in section 2(b)(1). Accordingly the

dollar limits for Alaska, Guam, and Hawaii are as follows:

1. For manufactured homes, \$56,700. ($\$40,500 \times 140\%$).
2. For combination manufactured homes and lots: \$75,600. ($\$54,000 \times 140\%$).
3. For lots only: \$18,900. ($\$13,500 \times 140\%$).

II. Title II: Updating of FHA Sections 203(b), 234(c) and 214 Area-Wide Mortgage Limits

REGION IV

Market area designation and local jurisdictions	1-family and condo unit	2-family	3-family	4-family
HUD Field Office—Greensboro, NC:				
Mecklenburg County.....	\$85,000	\$95,750	\$116,350	\$134,250
Wake County.....	88,800	100,000	121,550	140,250
HUD Field Office—Coral Gables, FL:				
Martin County.....	76,000	85,600	104,000	120,000

REGION VI

Market area designation and local jurisdictions	1-family and condo unit	2-family	3-family	4-family
HUD Field Office—Albuquerque, NM:				
Bernalillo County.....	\$90,000	\$101,300	\$122,650	\$142,650

Dated January 6, 1986.

Janet Hale,

General Deputy Assistant Secretary for
Housing-Deputy Federal Housing
Commissioner.

[FR Doc. 86-562 Filed 1-9-86; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-27-M

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

36 CFR Part 261

Prohibitions; Technical Amendments and Correction

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule; technical amendments and correction.

SUMMARY: This document amends several cross references within 36 CFR Part 261, which sets forth rules on prohibited acts within the National Forests. The need for these changes arises from recodification of Part 223—Sale and Disposal of National Forest Timber to which there are several references in Part 261. It also corrects the authority citation for Part 261 which resulted from a typographical error that occurred in a final rule published April 15, 1985, at 50 FR 16231. This document also corrects a longstanding error in a cross reference to Part 222.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 10, 1986.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Marian P. Connolly, Federal Register

Officer, Forest Service, USDA, P.O. Box 2417, Washington, DC 20013, (202) 235-1488.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This rule makes minor amendments to existing rules and, therefore, is not subject to regulatory review under E.O. 12291. The rule also has no impact on small entities and contains no information collection requirements.

Accordingly, Part 261 of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations is hereby amended to read as follows:

PART 261—PROHIBITIONS

1. In the authority citation for Part 261, correct the third citation to the United States Code which now reads "[7 U.S.C. 101, (f)]" to read: "[7 U.S.C. 1011, (f)]".

§ 261.2 [Amended]

2. In § 261.2 in the fourth line of the definition of "Unauthorized livestock," revise the reference to § 222.20(b)(1) to read "222.20(b)(13)".

§ 261.6 [Amended]

3. In paragraphs (f) and (g) of § 261.6, revise the references to Part 223 so that the paragraphs read as follows:

(f) Selling or exchanging any timber or other forest product obtained under free use pursuant to §§ 223.5 through 223.11.

(g) Violating any timber export or substitution restriction in §§ 223.160 through 223.164.

§ 261.7 [Amended]

4. In paragraph (d) of § 261.7, revise the reference to § 262.2 to read "262.10".

Dated: January 2, 1986.

Peter C. Myers,

Assistant Secretary, Natural Resources and Environment.

[FR Doc. 86-592 Filed 1-9-86; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-M

POSTAL SERVICE**39 CFR Part 961****Rules of Procedure Governing Hearings Under the Debt Collection Act**

AGENCY: Postal Service.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Judicial Officer of the Postal Service hereby issues the rules of procedure governing the conduct of hearings under section 5 of the Debt Collection Act of 1982.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 10, 1986.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Judge Joan B. Thompson, 202-268-2132.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Acting in accordance with authority delegated to him by 39 CFR 224.1(c)(4)(ii), the Judicial Officer of the Postal Service adopts 39 CFR 961, the rules of practice in proceedings relative to hearings conducted pursuant to section 5 of the Debt Collection Act of 1982, 5 U.S.C. 5514(a). The rules in this part apply to any hearing, conducted pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 5514(a), on the Postal Service's determination of the existence or amount of a debt owed to the Postal Service by a postal employee, or on the terms of the Postal Service's proposed debt repayment schedule. In addition, these rules, as appropriate, apply to a hearing conducted pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 5514(a) when an Administrative Law Judge or an Administrative Judge in the Judicial Officer Department is designated as the Hearing Official for a creditor Federal agency other than the Postal Service pursuant to an agreement between the Postal Service and that agency.

Accordingly, 39 CFR is amended by adding the following new Part 961:

PART 961—RULES OF PRACTICE IN PROCEEDINGS RELATIVE TO EMPLOYEE HEARING PETITIONS UNDER SECTION 5 OF THE DEBT COLLECTION ACT

Sec.

961.1 Authority for rules.

961.2 Scope of rules.

Sec.

961.3 Definitions.

961.4 Employee Petition for a hearing and Supplement to Petition.

961.5 Effect of Petition filing.

961.6 Filing, docketing and serving documents; computation of time; representation of parties.

961.7 Answer to Petition and Supplement to Petition.

961.8 Hearing Official authority and responsibilities.

961.9 Effect of Hearing Official's decision; motion for reconsideration.

961.10 Waiver of employee rights.

961.11 Ex parte communications.

Authority: 39 U.S.C. 204, 401; 5 U.S.C. 5514(a).

§ 961.1 Authority for rules.

These rules are issued by the Judicial Officer pursuant to authority delegated by the Postmaster General.

§ 961.2 Scope of rules.

The rules in this part apply to the hearing provided by section 5 of the Debt Collection Act of 1982, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 5514(a), on the Postal Service's determination of the existence or amount of an employee debt to the Postal Service, or of the terms of the employee's debt repayment schedule. In addition, these rules, as appropriate, apply to a hearing under section 5 of the Debt Collection Act when an Administrative Law Judge or an Administrative Judge in the Judicial Officer Department is designated as the Hearing Official for a creditor Federal agency other than the Postal Service pursuant to an agreement between the Postal Service and that agency.

§ 961.3 Definitions.

(a) "Employee" refers to a current employee of the Postal Service or another Federal agency who is alleged to be indebted to the Postal Service or another creditor Federal agency and whose hearing under section 5 of the Debt Collection Act is being conducted under these rules.

(b) "General Counsel" refers to the General Counsel of the Postal Service, and includes a designated representative.

(c) "Hearing Official" refers to an Administrative Law Judge qualified to hear cases under the Administrative Procedure Act, an Administrative Judge appointed under the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, or any other qualified person not under the control or supervision of the Postmaster General, who is designated by the Judicial Officer to conduct the hearing under section 5 of the Debt Collection Act of 1982, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 5514(a).

(d) "Judicial Officer" refers to the Judicial Officer or Acting Judicial

Officer of the United States Postal Service.

(e) "Notice of Involuntary Administrative Salary Offsets Under the Debt Collection Act" refers to the formal written notice required by section 5 of the Debt Collection Act before involuntary collection deductions can be taken from an employee's salary.

(f) "Postmaster/Installation Head" refers to the Postal Service official who is authorized under the Postal Service Employee and Labor Relations Manual to make the initial determination of employee indebtedness and to issue the "Notice of Involuntary Administrative Salary Offsets Under the Debt Collection Act."

(g) "Recorder" refers to the Recorder, Judicial Officer Department, U.S. Postal Service, 475 L'Enfant Plaza, SW., Washington, DC 20260-6100.

§ 961.4 Employee petition for a hearing and supplement to petition.

(a) If an employee desires a hearing, prescribed by Section 5 of the Debt Collection Act, on the Postal Service's determination of the existence or amount of a debt, or on the involuntary repayment terms proposed by the Postal Service, the employee must file a written, signed petition with the Recorder, Judicial Officer Department, U.S. Postal Service, 475 L'Enfant Plaza, SW., Washington, DC 20260-6100, on or before the fifteenth (15th) calendar day following the employee's receipt of the Postal Service's "Notice of Involuntary Administrative Salary Offsets Under the Debt Collection Act."

(b) The hearing petition is to include the following:

(1) The words, "Petition for Hearing Under the Debt Collection Act," prominently captioned at the top of the first page;

(2) The name of the employee petitioner and the employee's work and home addresses, and work and home telephone numbers; or other address and telephone number where the employee may be contacted about the hearing proceedings;

(3) A statement of the date the employee received the "Notice of Involuntary Administrative Salary Offsets Under the Debt Collection Act," and a copy of the Notice;

(4) A statement indicating whether the employee requests an oral hearing or a hearing based solely on written submissions;

(5) If the employee requests an oral hearing, a statement of the evidence he or she will produce which makes an oral hearing necessary, including a list of witnesses, with their addresses, whom