

not appropriately a part of the definition of "educational or vocational training". Our operating procedures are specific in this regard. The specificity regarding "gainful employment" is necessary because some types of training provided by States and political subdivisions are not realistically in preparation for gainful employment in many cases. Thus, the phrase "to prepare individuals for gainful employment" is in keeping with the objective of the SSI program to provide an exception to the nonpayment provision in section 1611(e)(1)(A) of the Act so that needy disabled, blind, and aged individuals may be provided with encouragement and an opportunity to contribute to their own support. It has been longstanding SSA policy that individuals in a public institution that is a multiple purpose facility, part of which is an educational and/or vocational training facility with an approved program and part of which is not, are excepted from the nonpayment provision as long as they are in the public institution primarily to participate in the educational/vocational training. Thus, it is appropriate for the regulations to maintain that intent.

Regulatory Procedures

Executive Order 12291—These regulations have been reviewed under Executive Order 12291 and do not meet any of the criteria for a major regulation. Based on the best available information, these regulations will entail no program costs but will obviate anticipated program and administrative costs. Therefore, a regulatory impact analysis is not required.

Paperwork Reduction Act—These regulations impose no additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements requiring Office of Management and Budget clearance.

Regulatory Flexibility Act—We certify that these regulations will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities because they primarily affect individuals. Therefore, a regulatory flexibility analysis as provided in Pub. L. 96-354, the Regulatory Flexibility Act, is not required.

(Sections 1102 and 1631 of the Social Security Act, as amended; 49 Stat. 1302, as amended; 86 Stat. 1475, as amended; 42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1383)

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 13.807, Supplemental Security Income Program)

List of Subjects in 20 CFR Part 416

Administrative practice and procedure, Aged, Blind, Disabled, Public assistance programs, Supplemental Security Income.

Dated: December 5, 1983.

Martha A McSteen,
Acting Commissioner of Social Security.

Approved: April 11, 1984.

Margaret M. Heckler,
Secretary of Health and Human Services.

PART 416—[AMENDED]

Part 416 of Title 20 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for Subpart B is revised to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 1102, 1602, 1611, 1614, and 1631 of the Social Security Act as amended, Secs. 211 and 212 of Pub. L. 93-66, 49 Stat. 647 as amended, 86 Stat. 1465, 86 Stat. 1468, 86 Stat. 1471, 86 Stat. 1475, 87 Stat. 154, and 87 Stat. 155, (42 U.S.C. 1302, 1381a, 1382, 1382c, and 1383).

2. In § 416.201 a definition of "Educational or vocational training" is added and the definition of "Resident of a public institution" is revised to read as follows:

§ 416.201 General definitions and terms used in this subpart.

"Educational or vocational training" means a recognized program for the acquisition of knowledge or skills to prepare an individual for gainful employment. For purposes of these regulations, educational or vocational training does not include programs limited to the acquisition of basic life skills including but not limited to eating and dressing.

"Resident of a public institution" means a person who can receive substantially all of his or her food and shelter while living in a public institution. The person need not be receiving treatment and services available in the institution and is a resident regardless of whether the resident or anyone else pays for all food, shelter, and other services in the institution. A person is not a resident of a public institution if he or she is living in a public educational institution for the primary purpose of receiving educational or vocational training as defined in this section. A "resident" of a public institution means the same thing as an "inmate" of a public institution as used in section 1611(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act. (See § 416.211 (b) and (c) of this subpart for other exceptions to the status of resident of a public institution.)

[FR Doc. 84-12454 Filed 5-9-84; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4190-11-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

20 CFR Part 676

Comprehensive Employment and Training Act Regulations Final Decisions of the Secretary

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor is issuing a final rule to revise the procedures governing final decisions of the Secretary under the now expired Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA). This revision to the regulations establishes a time limit within which the Secretary must notify the parties that an appeal of an administrative law judge's CETA decision has been accepted for review. This amendment revises and clarifies the CETA appeals procedures in a manner consistent with the appeals procedures established by the successor Job Training Partnership Act.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 9, 1984.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert N. Colombo, Acting Director, Office of Employment and Training Programs, 601 D Street, NW., Room 6402, Washington, D.C. 20213, telephone number: (202) 376-6093.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On October 13, 1982, the President signed into law the Job Training Partnership Act, Pub. L. 97-300 (JTPA). This statute replaces CETA with State administered programs to train economically disadvantaged persons. JTPA programs were implemented by October 1, 1983. Section 181(e) of JTPA provides that CETA administrative proceedings pending on the date of the JTPA enactment or begun between the date of enactment and September 30, 1984 continue in effect.

The Department is amending the CETA regulation in 20 CFR 676.91(f) to establish a time limit for the acceptance of an appeal from an administrative law judge's (ALJ) decision. The amendment also clarifies the present appeals procedure wherein a party dissatisfied with an ALJ decision has 30 calendar days from receipt of the decision to file exceptions with the Secretary. Any exception not specifically urged is waived. Under the amendment, the Secretary has 20 calendar days to notify the parties that the case has been accepted for review. If timely exceptions are not filed and/or the Secretary does

not notify the parties that the case has been accepted for review, the ALJ decision automatically becomes the final decision of the Secretary.

This revision concerns the internal processing of administrative appeals and does not change the requirements for filing appeals. Since this modification involves only rules of agency procedure and practice for which notice and comment are not required under 5 USC 553(b)(A), the regulation is being issued in final form.

This final rule is effective upon publication. The rule is procedural and is designed to make more uniform the internal processing of appeals to the Secretary from CETA decisions of ALJs. Accordingly, the Secretary has determined that good cause exists for waiving the customary requirement of delaying the effective date of a final rule for at least 30 days after its publication. 5 USC 553(d).

Regulatory Impact

Executive Order No. 12291

This final rule concerns the agency's processing of matters internally, and, as such, is a rule related to agency management not covered by the requirements of Executive Order No. 12291. E.O. 12291, § 1(a)(3). Accordingly, it was not submitted to the Director, Office of Management and Budget, for review, and no regulatory impact analysis is required.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

This document was not preceded by the publication of a general notice of proposed rulemaking, and, therefore, is not a "rule" as defined in the Regulatory Flexibility Act. 5 U.S.C. 601(2) and 604(a). Accordingly, it was not transmitted to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy, Small Business Administration, and no regulatory flexibility analysis was prepared.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This amendment to the regulations does not require information collection, recordkeeping, or records creation by the public, and, as such, is not covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980. 44 U.S.C. Ch. 35; see 5 CFR § 1320.3(c).

List of Subjects in 20 CFR Part 676

Grant programs, Labor, Manpower training programs.

Promulgation of Final Rule

Accordingly, for the reasons set forth above, Part 676 of Chapter V of Title 20, Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 676—GENERAL PROVISIONS GOVERNING PROGRAMS UNDER THE COMPREHENSIVE EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ACT

1. The authority citation for Part 676 is as follows:

Authority: Sec. 126 of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (20 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*), unless otherwise noted.

§ 676.91 [Amended]

2. In § 676.91, paragraph (f) is revised to read as follows:

§ 676.91 Post-hearing procedures.

(f) *Final decision.* The decision of the administrative law judge shall constitute final action by the Secretary unless, within 30 days after receipt of the decision of the administrative law judge, a party dissatisfied with the decision or any part thereof has filed exceptions with the Secretary specifically identifying the procedure, fact, law, or policy to which exception is taken. Any exception not specifically urged shall be deemed to have been waived. Thereafter the decision of the administrative law judge shall become the final decision of the Secretary unless the Secretary, within 20 days of such filing, has notified the parties that the case has been accepted for review.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 3rd day of May, 1984.

Raymond J. Donovan,
Secretary of Labor.

[FR Doc. 84-12447 Filed 5-6-84; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 184

[Docket No. 80G-0412]

Certain Tocopherols; Affirmation of Gras Status as Direct Human Food Ingredients; Correction

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration.
ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is correcting the final rule that amended the regulations affirming certain tocopherols as generally recognized as safe (GRAS). This document corrects an omission in the paragraph on economic effects.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Agnes Black, Federal Register Writer (HFC-11), Food and Drug

Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-443-2994.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In FR Doc. 84-8865 appearing on page 13346 in the issue for April 4, 1984, the following correction is made: On page 13348 in the second column, in the second paragraph under the list of reference, the first line is corrected to read "In accordance with Executive Order 12291, FDA has carefully analyzed the economic effects of this rule, and the agency has determined that the rule is not a major rule as defined by the Order."

Dated: May 3, 1984.

William F. Randolph,

Acting Associate Commissioner for Regulatory Affairs.

[FR Doc. 84-12416 Filed 5-6-84; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-M

21 CFR Parts 510 and 555

Animal Drugs, Feeds, and Related Products; Chloramphenicol Capsules; Change of Sponsor

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration.
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect a change of sponsor for a new animal drug application (NADA) for chloramphenicol capsules from Lemmon Co. to Drummer Division of Phoenix Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 9, 1984.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David L. Gordon, Center for Veterinary Medicine (formerly Bureau of Veterinary Medicine) (HFV-238), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-443-6243.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Drummer Division of Phoenix Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 111 Leuning St., South Hackensack, NJ 07606, informed the Center for Veterinary Medicine of a change of sponsor from Drummer Laboratories, Division of Lemmon Co., for NADA 65-345 Chloramphenicol Capsules. Lemmon Co. advised the Center for Veterinary Medicine of the sale to Phoenix of the NADA and certain facilities. The change of sponsor does not involve any changes in manufacturing facilities, equipment, procedures, or personnel. The animal drug regulations are amended in 21 CFR 510.600(c) and 555.110b to reflect the new sponsor.

List of Subjects

21 CFR Part 510

Administrative practice and procedure, Animal drugs, Labeling, Reporting requirements.

21 CFR Part 555

Animal drugs, Antibiotics, Chloramphenicol.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 512(i), 82 Stat. 347 (21 U.S.C. 360b(i))) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (21 CFR 5.10) and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine (21 CFR 5.83), Parts 510 and 555 are amended as follows:

PART 510—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

1. In Part 510, § 510.600 is amended in paragraph (c)(1) by adding a new entry alphabetically and in paragraph (c)(2) by adding a new entry numerically, to read as follows:

§ 510.600 Names, addresses, and drug labeler codes of sponsors of approved applications.

(c) * * *
(1) * * *

Firm name and address	Drug labeler code
Drummer Division of Phoenix Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 111 Leuning St., South Hackensack, NJ 07606	052492

(2) * * *

Drug labeler code	Firm name and address
052492	Drummer Division of Phoenix Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 111 Leuning St., South Hackensack, NJ 07606.

PART 555—CHLORAMPHENICOL DRUGS FOR ANIMAL USE

§ 555.110b [Amended]

2. In Part 555, § 555.110b Chloramphenicol capsules is amended in paragraph (c)(2)(i) by removing the sponsor number "000693" and adding in numerical sequence sponsor number "052492."

Effective date. May 9, 1984.
(Sec. 512(i), 82 Stat. 347 (21 U.S.C. 360b(i)))

Dated: May 2, 1984.
William B. Bixler,
Associate Director for Surveillance and Compliance, Center for Veterinary Medicine.
[FR Doc. 84-12419 Filed 5-9-84; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4160-01-M

21 CFR Parts 510 and 555

Animal Drugs, Feeds, and Related Products; Chloramphenicol Capsules; Change of Sponsor

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration.
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to codify a previously approved new animal drug application (NADA) for chloramphenicol capsules and to reflect a change of sponsor from Pharmusa Corp. to Nylos Trading Co.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 9, 1984.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David L. Gordon, Center for Veterinary Medicine (formerly Bureau of Veterinary Medicine) (HFV-238), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-443-6243.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Nylos Trading Co., Inc., 127 Nixon Ave., Staten Island, NY 10304, filed supplemental NADA 65-150 providing for a change of sponsor from Pharmusa Corp. to its subsidiary Nylos Trading Co.

This action, an intracorporate change of sponsor, does not involve changes in manufacturing facilities, equipment, procedures, or personnel. Accordingly, under the Center for Veterinary Medicine's supplemental approval policy (42 FR 64367; December 23, 1977), this is a Category I supplemental approval which does not require reevaluation of the safety and effectiveness data in the original application. The NADA, originally approved December 13, 1966 as a Form 6, had not previously been codified, nor the sponsor added to the list of sponsors of approved NADA's. Therefore, the regulations are amended in 21 CFR 510.600(c) to add the sponsor and in 21 CFR 555.110b to reflect the approval.

The Center for Veterinary Medicine has determined pursuant to 21 CFR 25.24(d)(1)(i) (proposed December 11, 1979; 44 FR 71742) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant impact on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

List of Subjects

21 CFR Part 510

Administrative practice and procedure, Animal drugs, Labeling, Reporting requirements.

21 CFR Part 555

Animal drugs, Antibiotics, Chloramphenicol.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 512(i) 82 Stat. 347 (21 U.S.C. 360b(i))) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (21 CFR 5.10) and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine (21 CFR 5.83), Parts 510 and 555 are amended as follows:

PART 510—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

1. In Part 510, § 510.600 is amended in paragraph (c)(1) by adding a new entry alphabetically and in paragraph (c)(2) by adding a new entry numerically, to read as follows:

§ 510.600 Names, addresses, and drug labeler codes of sponsors of approved applications.

(c) * * *
(1) * * *

Firm name and address	Drug labeler code
Nylos Trading Co., Inc., 127 Nixon Ave., Staten Island, NY 10304	027454

(2) * * *

Drug labeler code	Firm name and address
027454	Nylos Trading Co., Inc., 127 Nixon Ave., Staten Island, NY 10304.

PART 555—CHLORAMPHENICOL DRUGS FOR ANIMAL USE

§ 555.110b [Amended]

2. In Part 555, § 555.110b Chloramphenicol capsules is amended in paragraph (c)(2)(i) by adding in numerical sequence the sponsor number "027454."

Effective date. May 9, 1981.
(Sec. 512(i), 82 Stat. 347 (21 U.S.C. 360b(i)).)