

the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. §§ 791a-825r) by Yadkin, Inc. (Applicant) (Correspondence to: Ronald D. Jones, Esquire, Leboeuf, Lamb, Leiby & MacRae, 140 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10005) for Commission approval of the grant of an easement over certain lands of the Yadkin Project, FPC No. 2197, to the Plantation Pipe Line Co. (Grantee). The Yadkin Project is located on the Yadkin River in Stanly, Montgomery, Davie, Davidson, and Rowan Counties, N.C.

Applicant requests approval of the grant of a 50-foot-wide permanent easement to Grantee for the purpose of constructing a 26-inch pipeline across project lands and waters in Davidson and Rowan Counties, North Carolina. The segment of pipeline to cross project lands and waters is only a part of a pipeline that would extend from Bremen, Georgia to Greensboro, North Carolina. Once completed, the pipeline would transport refined liquid petroleum. The pipe would be buried in the bed of the Yadkin River with a minimum of five feet of earth cover throughout the 784-foot-long river crossing. There are currently two existing pipelines owned by Grantee located immediately adjacent to the proposed pipeline site.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should file with the Federal Power Commission, 825 N. Capitol St. NE., Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, 18 CFR § 1.8 or § 1.10. All such petitions or protests should be filed on or before October 14, 1977. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's rules. The application is on file with the Commission and is available for public inspection.

KENNETH F. PLUMB,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 77-27932 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[Order No. 3, Amendment 4]

REGIONAL CHIEF, LAND ACQUISITION DIVISION FIELD ACQUISITION OFFICERS

Delegation of Authority

Pacific Northwest Region Order No. 3, approved March 6, 1972, and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of March 28, 1972 (37 FR 6325), is amended by the following change in Section 2(d) and by the addition of Section 2(g):

Section 2(d) Regional Chief, Land Acquisition Division. The Regional Chief, Land Acquisition Division, is authorized

to execute the land acquisition program as follows:

(1) Approve and accept offers to sell to or exchange with the United States, lands or interests in lands, and to execute all necessary agreements and conveyances incident thereto.

(2) Accept deeds conveying to the United States lands or interests in lands.

(3) Approve on behalf of the National Park Service offers of settlement in condemnation cases.

(4) Approve claims for reimbursement under Public Law 91-646.

Section 2(g) Field Land Acquisition Officers. All Field Land Acquisition Officers are authorized to exercise authority with respect to the following:

(1) Approve and accept offers to sell to or exchange with the United States lands or interests in lands when the amount involved does not exceed \$250,000.

(2) Accept deeds conveying to the United States lands or interests in lands.

(3) Approve claims for reimbursement under Public Law 91-646 when the amount involved does not exceed \$5,000.

Dated: August 29, 1977.

RUSSELL E. DICKENSON,
Regional Director,
Pacific Northwest Region.

[FR Doc. 77-27952 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

Office of the Secretary

[INT DES 77-32]

GRAZING MANAGEMENT: UNCOMPAHGRE BASIN RESOURCE AREA, COLORADO

Availability of Draft Environmental Statement

Pursuant to Section 102(2)(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, the Department of the Interior has prepared a draft environmental statement on grazing management in the Uncompahgre Basin Resource Area, Colorado, and invites written comments by November 10, 1977.

The draft statement analyzes environmental impacts that would result from implementation of allotment management plans, including necessary range improvements, on 91 percent of the public lands (479,265 acres) in the resource area. Other allotments would be managed less intensively (29,940 acres) or would be entirely eliminated from grazing use (3,020 acres). The remaining 13,550 acres are not currently grazed by livestock, and that status would remain the same.

Copies of the draft statement are available for inspection at the following locations:

Bureau of Land Management, Office of Information, Interior Building, 18th and C Streets, NW., Washington, D.C. 20240, (Phone 202-343-5717).

Bureau of Land Management, Room 700, Colorado State Bank Building, 1600 Broadway, Denver, Colo. 80202, (Phone 303-837-4481).

Montrose District Office, Bureau of Land Management, Highway 550 South, P.O. Box 1269, Montrose, Colo. 81401, (Phone 803-249-7791).

Uncompahgre Basin Resource Area Office, Bureau of Land Management, 307 Main, Montrose, Colo. 81401 (Phone 303-249-6624).

PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Montrose Regional Library, 434 South First, Montrose, Colo. 81401.

Delta City Public Library, 563 Palmer, Delta, Colo. 81416.

Ouray Library, Sixth Avenue, Ouray, Colo. 81427.

Paonia Public Library, Paonia, Colo. 81428. Conservation Library, Denver Public Library, 1357 Broadway, Denver, Colo. 80206.

COUNTY COURTHOUSES

Montrose County, Montrose, Colo.

Delta County, Delta, Colo.

Ouray County, Ouray, Colo.

Gunnison County, Gunnison, Colo.

Single copies of the draft statement can be obtained from the District Manager, Montrose District Office; the Area Manager, Uncompahgre Basin Resource Area; or the State Director, Colorado State Office, at the addresses listed above.

Written comments on the draft environmental statement should be submitted by November 10, 1977, to the District Manager, Montrose District Office, Bureau of Land Management, Highway 550 South, P.O. Box 1269, Montrose, Colo. 81401.

Oral and written comments will also be received at public hearings on November 1, 1977, at the Elks Lodge, 415 Hillcrest Drive, Montrose, Colo. 81401. Hearings are scheduled for 1 p.m. and 7 p.m.

Oral testimony of 10 minutes maximum duration will be accepted from each witness at the hearing in lieu of written comments or in addition to any written comments submitted by such witness. The 10-minute time limitation will be strictly enforced. The complete text of prepared speeches may be filed with the presiding officer at the hearing whether or not the speaker has been able to finish with oral delivery in the allotted 10 minutes.

Speakers will be heard, if present, in their established order on the witness list. After the last listed witness has been heard, the presiding officer will consider the request of any other person present and wishing to testify. Only one witness will be allowed to represent the viewpoints of a single organization. However, any witness will be permitted to give germane testimony if offered as the views or opinions of a private citizen.

Written requests to testify orally should be received at the Montrose District Office at the above address prior to close of business of October 19, 1977. Requests should identify the organization represented and should be signed by the prospective witness. The cut-off date is necessary so that a witness list can be made available on the day before the public hearing.

Comments on the draft environmental statement, whether written or oral, will

receive equal consideration in preparation of a final environmental statement.

LARRY E. MEIEROTTO,
Deputy Assistant Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 21, 1977.

[FR Doc. 77-27991 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

PRIVACY ACT OF 1974

Transfer of Systems of Records

SEPTEMBER 6, 1977.

Pursuant to Pub. L. 94-422, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) was established as an independent agency. See FR Doc. 77-28021 appearing in the Notices Section of this issue.

Notice is hereby given that the following two National Park Service systems of records have been transferred to that agency, effective April 1, 1977.

NPS-9—Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Membership.

NPS-11—Congressional Correspondence, Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.

The new titles are, respectively:

ACHP-1—Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Membership—Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, Executive Office, 1.

ACHP-2—Congressional Correspondence—Advisory Council on Historic Preservation—Office of General Counsel, 2.

Inquires concerning this transfer should be made to Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, 1522 K Street, NW., Suite 510, Washington, D.C. 20005.

RICHARD R. HITE,
Deputy Assistant
Secretary of the Interior.

[FR Doc. 77-27918 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation 337-TA-361]

CERTAIN PLASTIC FASTENER ASSEMBLIES

Continuance of Second Preliminary Conference

Notice is hereby given that the second Preliminary Conference noticed for September 26, 1977 in connection with the above styled investigation, is hereby continued until Thursday, October 6, 1977, at 11:00 a.m. in Room 119, U.S. International Trade Commission, 701 E Street, NW., Washington, D.C. Notice of this investigation was published in the Federal Register on August 11, 1977 (42 FR 40786). The purposes of this preliminary conference are to exchange discovery plans, to discuss the procedures which will be followed in pursuing such discovery, and to resolve any other matters necessary to the conduct of this investigation.

The Secretary shall serve a copy of this Notice upon all parties of record

and shall publish it in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Issued: September 21, 1977.

ITALO H. ARLONDI,
Presiding Officer.

[FR Doc. 77-28027 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

[AA1921-Inq.-7]

METHYL ALCOHOL FROM BRAZIL

Inquiry and Hearing

The United States International Trade Commission (Commission) received advice from the Department of the Treasury (Treasury) on September 13, 1977, that, during the course of determining whether to institute an investigation with respect to methyl alcohol from Brazil in accordance with section 201(c) of the Antidumping Act, 1921, as amended (19 U.S.C. 160(c)), Treasury had concluded from the information available to it that there is substantial doubt that an industry in the United States is being or is likely to be injured, or is prevented from being established, by reason of the importation of this merchandise into the United States. Therefore, the Commission on September 19, 1977, instituted inquiry AA1921-Inq.-7, under section 201(c)(2) of that act, to determine whether there is no reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is being or is likely to be injured, or is prevented from being established, by reason of the importation of such merchandise into the United States.

The Treasury advised the Commission as follows (confidential data deleted by the Commission):

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: In accordance with section 201(c) of the Antidumping Act of 1921, as amended, an antidumping investigation is being initiated with respect to methyl alcohol from Brazil. Pursuant to section 201(c)(2) of the Act, you are hereby advised that the information developed during our preliminary investigation has led to the conclusion that there is substantial doubt that an industry in the United States is being, or is likely to be injured, or is prevented from being established, by reason of the importation of this merchandise into the United States.

Information available to Treasury indicates that there have been no imports of methyl alcohol from Brazil in at least two years. U.S. domestic production of methyl alcohol increased from 1975 to 1976 and petitioner's sales and production also increased over that period. Petitioner anticipates a — percent increase in both sales and production of methyl alcohol in 1977 compared to 1976. The likelihood of injury allegation is based upon a contract for delivery of a quantity of methyl alcohol representing approximately — percent of 1976 U.S. production and — percent of 1976 U.S. sales. No deliveries under the contract have occurred to date and if the 1977 production and sales increases anticipated by petitioner are experienced by the rest of the U.S. industry, the market share held by the impending imports would be even smaller. Treasury has concluded there is substantial doubt as to whether or not an industry is likely to be injured.

Based upon the data submitted by the petitioner, a margin of sales at less than fair

value appears to be approximately — percent on the impending imports of the subject merchandise from Brazil.

For purpose of this investigation, the product involved is "methyl alcohol."

Some of the enclosed data is regarded by Treasury to be of a confidential nature. It is therefore requested that the U.S. International Trade Commission consider all the enclosed information to be for the official use of the U.S.I.T.C. only, and not to be disclosed to others without prior clearance from the Treasury Department.

Sincerely yours,

ROBERT H. MUNDHEIM

Hearing. A public hearing in connection with the inquiry will be held at 10:00 a.m. on Monday, October 3, 1977, in Concourse D of the Whitehall Hotel, Culmen Center, 1700 Smith Street (between Pease and Jefferson) Houston, Tex. 77002. All parties will be given an opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard at such hearing. Requests to appear at the public hearing should be received in writing in the office of the Secretary to the Commission not later than noon Wednesday, September 28, 1977.

Written statements. Interested parties may submit statements in writing in lieu of, and in addition to, appearance at the public hearing. A signed original and nineteen true copies of such statements should be submitted. To be assured of their being given due consideration by the Commission, such statements should be received no later than Thursday, September 29, 1977.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: September 21, 1977.

KENNETH R. MASON,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 77-28026 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of the Attorney General

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Civil Litigation

Whereas, the Department of Justice conducts the civil litigation of the Environmental Protection Agency;

Whereas, the conduct of that litigation requires a close and cooperative relationship between the attorneys of the Department of Justice and of the Environmental Protection Agency;

Whereas, the achievement of a close and cooperative relationship requires a clarification of the respective roles of the attorneys of the Department of Justice and of the Environmental Protection Agency;

Whereas, the Attorney General may decline to represent the Agency in particular civil actions, in which case the Agency may be represented by its own attorneys; and

Whereas, most challenges to and enforcement of regulatory standards and procedures adopted by the Environmen-

tal Protection Agency involve scientific, technical, and policy issues and determinations developed in lengthy rulemaking proceedings in which the Agency's attorneys have been involved and can provide the necessary expertise.

Now, therefore, the following memorandum of understanding is entered into between the Attorney General of the United States and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency for the purpose of promoting the efficient and effective handling of civil litigation involving the Environmental Protection Agency:

1. The Attorney General of the United States (hereinafter referred to as the "Attorney General") shall have control over all cases to which the Environmental Protection Agency (hereinafter referred to as the "Agency") or the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (hereinafter referred to as the "Administrator") is a party.

2. When requested by the Administrator, the Attorney General shall permit attorneys employed by the Agency (hereinafter referred to as "Agency participating attorneys") to participate in cases involving direct review in the Courts of Appeal and shall also permit such attorneys to participate in other civil cases to which either the Agency or the Administrator are a party; *Provided, however, That:*

(a) The Administrator or his delegate shall designate a specific Agency participating attorney for each case and shall communicate the name of such attorney in writing to the Attorney General;

(b) Such Agency participating attorney shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Attorney General; and

(c) If required by the Attorney General, an Agency participating attorney shall be appointed as a Special Attorney or Special Assistant United States Attorney and take the required oath prior to conducting or participating in any kind of Court proceedings.

3. Agency attorneys shall not file any pleadings or other documents in a court proceeding without the prior approval of the Attorney General.

4. It is understood that participation by Agency attorneys under this memorandum includes appearances in Court, participation in trials and oral arguments, participation in the preparation of briefs, memoranda and pleadings, participation in discussions with opposing counsel, including settlement negotiations, and all other aspects of case preparation normally associated with the responsibilities of an attorney in the conduct of litigation; *Provided, however, That* the Attorney General shall retain control over the conduct of all litigation. Such control shall include the right to allocate tasks between attorneys employed by the Department of Justice and Agency participating attorneys. In allocating tasks between the Department's and the Agency's attorneys, the Attorney General shall give due consideration to the substantive knowledge of

the respective attorneys of the matter at issue so that the Government's resources are utilized to the best advantage.

5. In the event of any disagreement between attorneys of the Department of Justice and of the Agency concerning the conduct of any case, the Administrator may obtain a review of the matter in question by the Attorney General. The Attorney General shall give full consideration to the views and requests of the Agency and shall make every effort to eliminate disagreements on a mutually satisfactory basis. In carrying out such reviews, the Attorney General shall consult with the Administrator. In implementing this provision, it is understood that the Attorney General will not be expected by the Administrator to interfere with the direction of any trial in progress.

6. The settlement of any case in which the Department of Justice represents the Agency or the Administrator shall require consultation with and concurrence of both the Administrator and the Attorney General.

7. The Administrator and the Attorney General shall make an annual review of both the Department's and the Agency's personnel requirements for Agency litigation. The Attorney General and the Administrator will cooperate in making such appropriation requests as are required to maintain their respective staffs at a level adequate to the needs of the Agency's litigation.

8. The Attorney General shall establish specific deadlines, not longer than 60 days, within which the Department's Attorneys must either file complaints in Agency cases or report to the Attorney General why any such complaint has not been filed. In the event any Department Attorney does not file a complaint, he shall thereafter submit further periodic reports to the Attorney General until the complaint is filed or a decision is reached that it shall not be filed. Copies of the reports required by this section shall be provided to the Agency if requested.

9. If the Attorney General fails to file a complaint within 120 days of the referral of a request for litigation and a litigation report by the Agency to the Attorney General, then the Administrator may request the Attorney General to file a complaint within 30 days. Failure of the Attorney General to thereafter file a complaint within the said 30 days may be considered by the Administrator or his delegate to be a failure of the Attorney General to notify the Administrator within a reasonable time that he will appear in litigation for purposes of section 305 of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 1857h-3, section 506 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1366, or section 1450 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300j-9; *Provided, however, That* the failure of the Attorney General to file a complaint within the time period requested by the Administrator in a case in which the Administrator requested immediate action under sections 311(e)

and 504 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1321, 1364; section 303 of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 1857h-1; or section 1431 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300i; to protect public health may also be considered by the Administrator to be a failure of the Attorney General to so notify the Administrator under section 305 of the Clean Air Act, section 506 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act or section 1450 of the Safe Drinking Water Act.

10. All requests of the Agency for litigation shall be submitted by the Agency through its General Counsel or its Assistant Administrator for Enforcement to the Assistant Attorney General for the Land and Natural Resources Division or for the Civil Division, except matters requiring an immediate temporary restraining order may be submitted by regional Administrators of the Agency simultaneously to a United States Attorney and the appropriate Assistant Attorney General. All requests for litigation shall be accompanied by a standard litigation report which shall contain such information as shall be determined from time-to-time by the Attorney General to be necessary in order to prosecute Agency litigation. Similar reports shall also be provided for suits in which the Agency or the Administrator is a defendant, as requested by the Attorney General.

11. The Agency shall make the relevant file of any matter that is the subject of litigation available to attorneys for the Department of Justice at a convenient location when a request for litigation is submitted or when the Department is required to defend the Agency or the Administrator.

12. The Administrator shall undertake to review the Agency's procedures for the preparation of the record in cases involving direct review in the Courts of Appeal, including analyses of such matters as assembly, indexing, pagination, timing of preparation, and the allocation of tasks between the Agency and the Department. The Administrator shall consult with the Attorney General on the re-examination of these procedures.

13. The negotiation of any agreement to be filed in court shall require the authorization and concurrence of the Attorney General.

14. In conducting litigation for the Administrator, the Attorney General shall defer to the Administrator's interpretation of scientific and technical matters.

15. Nothing in this agreement shall affect any authority of the Solicitor General to authorize or decline to authorize appeals by the Government from any district court to any appellate court or petitions to such courts for the issuance of extraordinary writs, such as the authority conferred by 28 CFR 0.20, or to carry out his traditional functions with regard to appeals to or petitions for review by the Supreme Court.

16. In order to effectively implement the terms of this Memorandum, the Attorney General and the Administrator

will transmit copies of this Memorandum to all personnel affected by its provisions. This Memorandum shall not preclude the Department and the Agency from entering into mutually satisfactory arrangements concerning the handling of a particular case.

17. This Agreement shall apply to all cases filed on or after the date of approval of this Agreement by the Attorney General and the Administrator.

18. The Attorney General and the Administrator may delegate their respective functions and responsibilities under this Agreement.

19. The Department and the Agency shall adjust the conduct of cases arising before the effective date of this Agreement in a manner consistent with the spirit of this Agreement.

Date: June 15, 1977.

GRIFFIN B. BELL,
Attorney General.

Date: June 13, 1977.

DOUGLAS M. COSTLE,
Administrator, Environmental
Protection Agency.

[FR Doc. 77-27989 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

UNITED STATES COMMITTEE ON SELECTION OF FEDERAL JUDICIAL OFFICERS

Change of Meeting Place

Chairman: Judge David W. Dyer. The place of the second meeting for the United States Committee on Selection of Federal Judicial Officers has been changed.

The second meeting will begin Monday, October 10, 1977, at 9 a.m., in Room 802, of the AFL-CIO Building, 815 16th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. The meeting will continue October 11, 1977 at 9 a.m. in the United States Court of Claims, 717 Madison Place, N.W., Washington, D.C., and will continue, if necessary, through Wednesday, October 12, 1977. The purpose of this meeting will be to conduct interviews of applicants and to determine the recommendations to be made to the President. This meeting will be closed to the public pursuant to Pub. L. 92-463, Section 10(D) as amended. (CF U.S.C. 552b(c)(6).)

JOSEPH A. SANCHES,
Advisory Committee
Management Officer.

SEPTEMBER 21, 1977.

[FR Doc. 77-27919 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

Federal Bureau of Investigation NATIONAL CRIME INFORMATION CENTER ADVISORY POLICY BOARD Meeting

Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Public Law 92-463), notice is hereby given that a meeting of the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) Advisory Policy Board will be held on October 26-27, 1977, at the Hilton Palacio Del Rio Hotel, San Antonio,

Texas. The meeting will begin at 9 a.m. and terminate at 5 p.m. each day.

The purpose of this meeting will be to discuss policy matters relating to NCIC including storage and retrieval of stolen construction equipment data, retention period for nonexpiring license tags and other topics which are presented to the Board.

The meeting will be open to the public. Persons who wish to make statements and ask questions of the Board members must notify the Designated Federal Employee (DFE) identified below or the Assistant Director, Administrative Services Division, FBI, Washington, D.C. 20535, at least 24 hours prior to the commencement of the session. Name, corporate designation, consumer affiliation or government designation must be provided along with a capsulized version of the statement to be given and an outline of the material to be offered.

Additional information may be obtained from the DFE, Mr. Frank B. Buell, Chief, NCIC Section, Administrative Services Division, FBI Headquarters, Washington, D.C. 20535, telephone 202-324-2606.

Minutes of the meeting will be available upon request from the above designated FBI official.

CLARENCE M. KELLEY,
Director.

[FR Doc. 77-24592 Filed 9-23-77; 8:45 am]

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Copyright Office

[Docket RM 77-9]

APPLICATIONS FOR REGISTRATION OF CLAIM TO COPYRIGHT UNDER REVISED COPYRIGHT ACT

Inquiry

AGENCY: Library of Congress, Copyright Office.

ACTION: Inquiry.

SUMMARY: The purpose of this notice is to inform the public of certain issues the Copyright Office is considering in connection with the creation of forms to be used by the public in applying for copyright registration after December 31, 1977. The forms are required to be prescribed by the Register of Copyrights under section 409 of the Act for General Revision of the Copyright Law. The issues under consideration concern the parties entitled to apply for copyright registration under various circumstances, together with certain elements to be incorporated in the forms and their accompanying instructions.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before October 11, 1977 to be assured of consideration. Because of constraints imposed by printing requirements in connection with the new application forms, extensions will not be possible.

ADDRESSES: Five copies of all comments should be submitted, if by mail, to: Office of the General Counsel, Copyright Office, Library of Congress, Call

No. 2999, Arlington, Virginia 22202; or, if by hand, to: Office of the General Counsel, Copyright Office, Room 519, Crystal Mall, Building No. 2, 1911 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Va.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT:

Jon Baumgarten, General Counsel,
Copyright Office, Library of Congress,
Washington, D.C. 20559, (703-557-8731).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Sections 408(a) and 409 of Pub. L. 94-553 (90 Stat. 2541) together provide that "at any time during the subsistence of copyright in any published or unpublished work, the owner of copyright or of any exclusive right in the work may obtain registration of the copyright claim" by submitting an appropriate deposit of the work, fee, and application in form prescribed by the Register of Copyrights. Section 408(d) provides that the Register "may also establish, by regulation, formal procedures for the filing of an application for supplementary registration, to correct an error in a copyright registration, or to amplify the information given in a registration."

The purpose of this notice is to offer the public the opportunity to comment on certain matters the Office is considering in connection with the content of application forms for basic and supplementary copyright registration. Although the matters in question are essentially of an interpretative and policy nature, we believe it appropriate to offer them for public comment. These matters pertain to the impact of the doctrine of "divisibility" of copyright on applications for registration.

The divisibility doctrine is reflected throughout the new Act, but is essentially set forth in: (i) section 101, which defines a "copyright owner", with respect to any one of the exclusive rights comprised in a copyright, as "the owner of that particular right"; and (ii) section 201(d)(2), which states that "any of the exclusive rights comprised in a copyright, including any subdivision of the rights [of reproduction, adaptation, distribution, performance, and display] specified by section 106, may be transferred * * * and owned separately." The specific issues which are under consideration, and which will be reflected in the application forms for basic and supplementary registration, may be summarized as: (1) Who is entitled to apply for registration? (2) how many registrations may be made for a particular work?

For the purpose of this discussion, a "basic registration" means a registration made on application under section 408(a) with appropriate deposit and fee; a "supplementary registration" means a registration made on application under section 408(d), to correct or amplify the information in a basic registration.

1. Who is entitled to apply for a basic registration where there has been no earlier basic registration for the work?

Under section 408(a), it is clear that the owner of the copyright, or of any