

the entire year 1971, and of \$2,350 expended for the support of D during 1971, E provided \$650 while F provided \$1,700. Since under the written separation agreement E is entitled to any deduction allowable under section 151 for D for the year 1971 and E provided at least \$600 for the support of D, E is treated as having provided over half of the support of D, for 1971.

Example (5). G and H are legally separated under a decree of separate maintenance. G has custody of I, the child of G and H, for the entire year, and G and H enter into a written agreement that G is entitled to any deduction allowable under section 151 for I for the calendar year 1970. However, during 1970, of the \$2,000 provided for the support of I, H provided \$1,300 while G provided only \$700. H has provided more than \$1,200 for the support of I, and G cannot establish that G provided more for the support of I, than did H. Therefore, notwithstanding the agreement, since H does not have custody of I, H is treated as having provided over half of the support for I for 1970.

Example (6). J and K, the children of L and M, who are divorced, received a total of \$3,400 for the support of both during the calendar year 1970 from their parents. L, who has custody of J and K for the entire year 1970, provided \$1,800 for the support of both, while M, the noncustodial parent, provided \$1,600 for such support. Under the decree of divorce, M is entitled to any deduction allowable under section 151 for such children. Since M has provided at least \$600 for the support of each child, M is treated as having provided over half the support for J and K for 1970. Furthermore, as J and K are determined under section 152(e) and § 1.152-4 to be dependents of M for purposes of section 151(e), they are also considered to be dependents of M with respect to other provisions of the Code that are dependent upon such a determination for their operation. (For example, section 213.)

[FR Doc.71-3877 Filed 3-19-71;8:47 am]

[T.D. 7097]

PART 1—INCOME TAX; TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1953

PART 13—TEMPORARY INCOME TAX REGULATIONS UNDER THE TAX REFORM ACT OF 1969

Election Relating to Crop Insurance Proceeds; Correction

On March 18, 1971, Treasury Decision 7097 was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (36 F.R. 5215). The preamble for such Treasury Decision is changed to read as follows:

On December 3, 1970, notice of proposed rule making with respect to the amendment of the Income Tax Regulations (26 CFR Part 1) under section 451 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (pertaining to elections relating to crop insurance proceeds) to reflect the changes made by section 215 of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 (83 Stat. 573) was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (35 F.R. 18389). After consideration of all such relevant matter as was presented by interested persons regarding the rules proposed, the amendment of the regulations as proposed is hereby adopted (subject to the changes set forth below), and Treasury Decision 7026, as published on

February 17, 1970, in the FEDERAL REGISTER (35 F.R. 3067), is hereby revoked.

JAMES F. DRING,
Director, Legislation and
Regulations Division.

[FR Doc.71-3948 Filed 3-19-71;8:50 am]

[T.D. 7101]

PART 13—TEMPORARY INCOME TAX REGULATIONS UNDER THE TAX REFORM ACT OF 1969

Brother-Sister Controlled Group

The following regulations relate to the application of section 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended by section 401(c) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 (83 Stat. 602). The regulations set forth herein are temporary and are designed to give taxpayers guidance in determining whether two or more corporations are component members of a brother-sister controlled group. More detailed regulations under that section will be issued subsequently.

§ 13.16 Statutory provisions; definitions and special rules.

Section 1563(a) as amended by section 401(c) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969:

SEC. 1563. *Definitions and special rules—*
(a) *Controlled group of corporations.* * * *

(2) *Brother-sister controlled group.* Two or more corporations if five or fewer persons who are individuals, estates, or trusts own (within the meaning of subsection (d) (2)) stock possessing—

(A) At least 80 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or at least 80 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of the stock of each corporation, and

(B) More than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or more than 50 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of each corporation, taking into account the stock ownership of each such person only to the extent such stock ownership is identical with respect to each such corporation.

[Sec. 1563 as added by sec. 235(a), Rev. Act 1964 (78 Stat. 116); amended by sec. 401(c) Tax Reform Act 1969 (83 Stat. 602)]

§ 13.16-1 Definition of controlled group for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1970.

(a) *Brother-sister controlled group.*

(1) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1970, the term "brother-sister controlled group" means two or more corporations if the same five or fewer persons who are individuals, estates, or trusts own (directly and with the application of the rules contained in paragraph (b) of § 1.1563-3 of this chapter), singly or in combination, stock possessing—

(i) At least 80 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or at least 80 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of the stock of each corporation; and

(ii) More than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of

stock entitled to vote or more than 50 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of each corporation, taking into account the stock ownership of each such person only to the extent such stock ownership is identical with respect to each such corporation.

(2) The principles of this paragraph may be illustrated by the following examples:

Example (1). The outstanding stock of corporations P, Q, R, S, and T, which have only one class of stock outstanding, is owned by the following unrelated individuals:

Individuals	Corporations					Identical ownership
	P	Q	R	S	T	
<i>Percent</i>						
A	60	60	60	60	100	60
B	40					
C		40				
D			40			
E				40		
Total	100	100	100	100	100	60

Corporations P, Q, R, S, and T are members of a brother-sister controlled group.

Example (2). The outstanding stock of corporations U and V, which have only one class of stock outstanding, is owned by the following unrelated individuals:

Individuals	Corporations		Identical ownership
	U	V	
	Percent		
F	5		
G	10		
H	10		
I	20		
J	55	55	55
K		10	
L		10	
M		10	
N		10	
O		5	
Total	100	100	55

Corporations U and V are not members of a brother-sister controlled group because at least 80 percent of the stock of each corporation is not owned by the same five or fewer persons.

(b) *Overlapping brother-sister controlled groups after 1969.* If, on a December 31 after 1969, a corporation would, without application of this paragraph, be a component member of more than one brother-sister controlled group on such date, such corporation shall be treated as component member of only one such group on such date. The determination as to which group such corporation is treated as a component member shall be made by the district director with audit jurisdiction of such corporation's return for the taxable year that includes such December 31 unless such corporation files an election as provided in this paragraph. The election shall be in the form of a statement, signed by a person authorized to act on behalf of such corporation, designating the group in which the corporation has elected to be included. The statement shall provide all the information with respect to stock ownership which is reasonably necessary to satisfy the district

director that the corporation would, but for the election, be a component member of more than one controlled group. The statement shall be filed on or before the due date (including extensions of time) for the filing of the income tax return of such corporation for the taxable year. (However, in the case of an election with respect to December 31, 1970, the statement shall be considered as timely filed if filed on or before June 15, 1971.) Once filed, the election is irrevocable and effective until such time that a change in the stock ownership of the corporation results in termination of membership in the controlled group in which such corporation has been included.

Because of the need for immediate guidance with respect to the provisions contained in this Treasury decision, it is found impracticable to issue it with notice and public procedure thereon under subsection (b) of section 553 of title 5 of the United States Code or subject to the effective date limitation of subsection (d) of that section.

(Secs. 1563(b)(4) (78 Stat. 121; 26 U.S.C. 1563(b)(4)), 7805 (68A Stat. 917; 26 U.S.C. 7805), Internal Revenue Code of 1954)

[SEAL] RANDOLPH W. THROWER,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Approved: March 17, 1971.

JOHN S. NOLAN,
Acting Assistant Secretary
of the Treasury.

[FR Doc. 71-3878 Filed 3-19-71; 8:47 am]

Title 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter IX—Consumer and Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders; Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts), Department of Agriculture

[Lemon Reg. 472]

PART 910—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

Limitation of Handling

§ 910.772 Lemon Regulation 472.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 910, as amended (7 CFR Part 910), regulating the handling of lemons grown in California and Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling

of such lemons, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 553) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for lemons and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on March 16, 1971.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of lemons grown in California and Arizona which may be handled during the period March 21 through March 27, 1971, are hereby fixed as follows:

- (i) District 1: 9,000 cartons;
- (ii) District 2: 191,000 cartons;
- (iii) District 3: Unlimited.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Dated: March 17, 1971.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[FR Doc. 71-3907 Filed 3-19-71; 8:49 am]

Title 24—HOUSING AND HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter VII—Federal Insurance Administration, Department of Housing and Urban Development

SUBCHAPTER B—NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PART 1909—GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART 1914—AREAS ELIGIBLE FOR THE SALE OF INSURANCE

Elimination of Emergency Flood Insurance Area Map

The following miscellaneous amendments are made to Parts 1909 and 1914, to add the term "affiliates" to the definitions in § 1909.1 and to revise §§ 1909.1, 1914.2, and 1914.3 by amending the definition of and eliminating the requirement for an Emergency Flood Insurance Area Map. Since this amendment eliminates a requirement previously imposed by the Administrator, notice and public procedure hereon are found to be unnecessary, and the amendment shall be effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

1. Section 1909.1 is amended by adding a definition of "affiliates" in alphabetical order, and amending the definition of "Emergency Flood Insurance Area Map" to read as follows:

§ 1909.1 General definitions.

"Affiliates" means two or more associated business concerns which are or can be either directly or indirectly controlled by one or more of the affiliates or by a third party.

"Emergency Flood Insurance Area Map" means the official map on which the Administrator has delineated the areas in which flood insurance may be sold under the emergency flood insurance program.

2. The title and paragraph (a) of § 1914.2 are amended to read as follows:

§ 1914.2 Eligibility under emergency program.

(a) Where a Flood Insurance Rate Map, described in § 1914.3, is not available at the time an applicant community qualifies for flood insurance under the emergency program, the Administrator may declare the entire community a flood plain area having special flood hazards. As soon as the Administrator has obtained sufficient technical information to define the special flood hazard area more precisely, he may request the local

authority responsible for implementing the assurances required by § 1910.12 of this chapter, to delineate on a local map or plat (of sufficient scale to show the location of building sites for insurance purposes) the proposed boundaries of the more limited area having special flood hazards. Local maps so prepared and subsequently approved by the Administrator for official purposes are known as Flood Hazard Boundary Maps.

3. Paragraph (a) of § 1914.3 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1914.3 Flood Insurance Maps.

(a) Emergency Flood Insurance Area Map: Areas, under the emergency program, for which the Administrator has authorized the sale of flood insurance may be designated on an Emergency Flood Insurance Area Map.

(National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (title XIII of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968), 82 Stat. 572, as amended by secs. 408-410 of the HUD Act of 1969, 83 Stat. 396; 42 U.S.C. 4001-4127; Secretary's delegation of authority to Federal Insurance Administrator, 34 F.R. 2680, Feb. 27, 1969)

Effective date. This document shall be effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (3-20-71).

GEORGE K. BERNSTEIN,
Federal Insurance Administrator.

[FR Doc.71-3870 Filed 3-19-71; 8:46 am]

Title 38—PENSIONS, BONUSES, AND VETERANS' RELIEF

Chapter I—Veterans Administration PART 3—ADJUDICATION

Subpart A—Pension, Compensation, and Dependency and Indemnity Compensation

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

1. In § 3.1(g), subparagraph (6) is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.1 Definitions.

(g) "Secretary concerned" means:

(6) The Secretary of Commerce, with respect to matters concerning the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Environmental Science Services Administration, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

2. In § 3.5, paragraph (d) is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.5 Dependency and indemnity compensation.

(d) Group life insurance. No dependency and indemnity compensation of death compensation shall be paid to any

widow, child, or parent based on the death of a commissioned officer of the Public Health Service, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Environmental Science Services Administration, or the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration occurring on or after May 1, 1957, if any amounts are payable under the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Act of 1954 (Public Law 598, 83d Cong., as amended) based on the same death. (Sec. 501(c)(2), Public Law 881, 84th Cong. (70 Stat. 857), as amended by sec. 13(u), Public Law 85-857 (72 Stat. 1266); sec. 5, Public Law 91-621 (84 Stat. 1863).)

3. In § 3.6(b), that portion of subparagraph (3) preceding subdivision (i) is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.6 Duty periods.

(b) "Active duty." This means:

(3) Full-time duty as a commissioned officer of the Coast and Geodetic Survey or of its successor agencies, the Environmental Science Services Administration and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:

4. In § 3.7, paragraph (g) is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.7 Persons included.

(g) Coast and Geodetic Survey, and its successor agencies, the Environmental Science Services Administration and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. See § 3.6(b)(3).

5. In § 3.400, paragraphs (b)(2)(iii) and (c)(3)(iv) are added to read as follows:

§ 3.400 General.

(b) Disability benefits. * * *

(2) Disability compensations. * * *

(iii) Disability incurred in Environmental Science Services Administration or National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, prior to December 31, 1970. Date following date of discharge or release from full-time duty as a commissioned officer if application is filed on or after December 31, 1970, and prior to July 1, 1971. (Public Law 91-621, 84 Stat. 1863)

(c) Death benefits. * * *

(3) Dependency and indemnity compensation. * * *

(iv) Death prior to December 31, 1970, of commissioned officer of Environmental Science Services Administration or National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, on full-time duty. First day of the month in which death occurred if application is filed on or after December 31, 1970, and prior to July 1, 1971. (Public Law 91-621, 84 Stat. 1863)

6. In § 3.750, paragraphs (a) and (c) are amended to read as follows:

§ 3.750 Retirement pay.

(a) General. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section and § 3.751, any person entitled to receive retirement pay based on service as a member of the Armed Forces or as a commissioned officer of the Public Health Service, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Environmental Science Services Administration; or the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration may not receive such pay concurrently with benefits payable under laws administered by the Veterans Administration. The term "retirement pay" includes retired pay and retainer pay.

(c) Waiver. A person specified in paragraph (a) of this section may receive pension or compensation upon filing with the service department concerned a waiver of so much of his retirement pay as is equal in amount to the pension or compensation to which he is entitled. (38 U.S.C. 3105)

(72 Stat. 1114; 38 U.S.C. 210)

These VA regulations are effective December 31, 1970.

Approved: March 16, 1971.

By direction of the Administrator.

[SEAL] FRED B. RHODES,
Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc.71-3882 Filed 3-19-71; 8:47 am]

Title 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

Chapter II—Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

APPENDIX—PUBLIC LAND ORDERS

[Public Land Order 5030]

[Arizona 5883]

ARIZONA

Withdrawal for National Forest Administrative Site and Recreation Areas

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952 (17 F.R. 4831), it is ordered as follows:

1. Subject to valid existing rights, the following described national forest lands are hereby withdrawn from appropriation under the mining laws (30 U.S.C., Ch. 2), but not from leasing under the mineral leasing laws, in aid of programs of the Department of Agriculture:

KAIBAB NATIONAL FOREST

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

Dogtown Campground

T. 21 N., R. 2 E., Sec. 12, S $\frac{1}{2}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Chalender and Williams Ranger Station Administrative Site

T. 22 N., R. 2 E.,

Sec. 27, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, approximately 2 acres in the S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, not in conflict with PLO 3147 Roadside Zone and E.S. 677, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ (less approximately 1 acre in conflict with E.S. 677 and approximately 3 acres in R.R. exception).

The areas described aggregate 415.5 acres in Conconino County.

2. The withdrawal made by this order does not alter the applicability of those public land laws governing the use of the national forest lands under lease, license, or permit, or governing the disposal of their mineral or vegetative resources other than under the mining laws.

HARRISON LOESCH,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 16, 1971.

[FR Doc.71-3858 Filed 3-19-71; 8:45 am]

[Public Land Order 5031]

[New Mexico 8475]

NEW MEXICO

Partial Revocation of Public Water Reserve

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952 (17 F.R. 4831), it is ordered as follows:

1. The Executive order of April 17, 1926, creating Public Water Reserve No. 107, Interpretation No. 250 of February 6, 1929, is hereby revoked so far as it affects the following described land:

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

T. 30 S., R. 19 W.,
Sec. 6, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$.

The area described aggregates 40 acres in Hidalgo County.

The land is located 15 miles south of the small community of Animas. The terrain is slightly rolling and the soils are moderately deep sandy loam. The vegetal cover consists of tobosa and sacaton grasses and mesquite.

2. At 10 a.m. on April 21, 1971, the land shall be open to operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications received at or prior to 10 a.m. on April 21, 1971, shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time. Those received thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing. The land has been open to applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws, and to location under the U.S. mining laws for metalliferous minerals. It will be open to location for nonmetalliferous minerals at 10 a.m. on April 21, 1971.

Inquiries concerning the land shall be addressed to the Land Office Manager, Bureau of Land Management, Post Office Box 1449, Santa Fe, NM 87501.

HARRISON LOESCH,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 16, 1971.

[FR Doc.71-3859 Filed 3-19-71; 8:45 am]

Title 45—PUBLIC WELFARE

Chapter XII—Environmental Protection Agency

PART 1201—CONTROL OF AIR POLLUTION FROM NEW MOTOR VEHICLES AND NEW MOTOR VEHICLE ENGINES

Miscellaneous Amendments

On November 10, 1970, regulations for the control of air pollution from new motor vehicles and new motor vehicle engines beginning with the 1972 model year were published in 45 CFR Part 85 (35 F.R. 17288). Subsequently (35 F.R. 19181), Part 85 was redesignated as Part 1201 in Chapter XII of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and the terms "Department of Health, Education, and Welfare" and "Secretary" in the part were deemed to mean "Environmental Protection Agency" and "Administrator" respectively.

Numerous questions and comments were received by the Acting Commissioner, Air Pollution Control Office, from manufacturers concerning the interpretation and application of the provisions of the regulations. In order that Air Pollution Control Office personnel could properly respond to the industry's inquiries and observations, a technical meeting was held at the Air Pollution Control Office's headquarters at the Parklawn Building, Rockville, Md., on December 10, 1970. Notice of the meeting was mailed to vehicle manufacturers and industry associations, both domestic and foreign, together with an invitation affording them an opportunity to discuss the implementation of those regulations. In addition, an announcement of the meeting was made through a press release which invited the public to participate. In attendance at the meeting, in addition to Federal personnel, were representatives of the domestic and foreign automobile and engine manufacturers and the industry associations, research and development concerns, oil companies, and one State air pollution control agency. The amendments and corrections set forth below are the results of that meeting and of further efforts at clarification by program personnel.

The Agency finds that good cause exists for omitting as unnecessary and impracticable a notice of proposed rule making, public rule making procedure, and postponement of effective date in the issuance of these amendments, in that (1) they are designed to correct and clarify the regulations; (2) to the extent that minor substantive revisions are made they are mitigative in nature, and both industry and the public were provided opportunity to discuss the need for

revision at the public technical meeting; and (3) considerations of lead time for the 1972 model year dictate immediate promulgation.

(Sec. 301(a), 81 Stat. 504; 42 U.S.C. 1857g(a), as amended by sec. 15(c)(2), Public Law 91-604, 84 Stat. 1713)

Dated: March 16, 1971.

WILLIAM D. RUCKELSHAUS,
Administrator.

Part 1201 of Chapter XII, Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows, effective upon publication (3-20-71):

1. In § 1201.1, paragraphs (a) (1), (4), (16), and (31) are revised to read as follows:

§ 1201.1 Definitions.

(a) * * *

(1) "Act" means Part A of Title II of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 1857 f-1 through f-7, as amended by Public Law 91-604.

(4) "Gross vehicle weight" means the manufacturer's gross weight rating for the individual vehicle.

(16) "Crankcase emissions" means airborne substances emitted to the atmosphere from any portion of the engine crankcase ventilation or lubrication systems.

(31) "Span gas" means a gas of known concentration which is used routinely to set the output level of an analyzer.

2. Section 1201.30 is revised to read as follows:

§ 1201.30 Applicability.

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to new gasoline fueled heavy duty engines beginning with the 1972 model year.

§ 1201.51 [Amended]

3. In § 1201.51(b) (5), the comma after the word "conformity" is deleted.

4. In § 1201.55, paragraph (b) (1) (i) is revised to read as follows:

§ 1201.55 Certification.

(b) (1) * * *

(i) A test vehicle selected under § 1201.89(b) (2) or (4), § 1201.110(b) (2) or (4), or § 1201.130(b) (2), as appropriate, shall represent all vehicles in the same engine family of the same engine displacement-exhaust emission control system-evaporative emission control system combination.

§ 1201.58 [Amended]

5. In § 1201.58(a), the word "intended" is deleted.