

"commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Shipping or sending any merchandise to any person without the prior authorization or prior consent of the person to whom such merchandise is sent and attempting, or causing to attempt, the collection of the price thereof.

2. Shipping or sending any merchandise to any person and attempting, or causing to attempt, the collection of the price thereof when a notification of refusal of such merchandise, or a notification of cancellation for any further shipments of merchandise, has been sent by such persons and received by respondents.

It is further ordered. That respondents notify the Commission at least 30 days prior to any proposed change in the corporate respondent such as dissolution, assignment or sale resulting in the emergence of a successor corporation, the creation or dissolution of subsidiaries or any other change in the corporation which may affect compliance obligations arising out of the order.

By "Decision and Order" further order requiring report of compliance is as follows:

It is further ordered. That respondents, Golden Fifty Pharmaceutical Co., Inc., a corporation, and Michael Posen, individually and as an officer of said corporation shall, within sixty (60) days after service of this order upon them, file with the Commission a report in writing, signed by such respondents, setting forth in detail the manner and form of their compliance with the order to cease and desist.

Issued: March 16, 1970.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 70-4302; Filed, Apr. 8, 1970;
8:46 a.m.]

Title 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

[T.D. 70-82]

PART 11—PACKING AND STAMPING; MARKING; TRADEMARKS AND TRADE NAMES; COPYRIGHTS

Marking on Containers of Articles Repackaged in the United States

MARCH 26, 1970.

There was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER for October 2, 1969 (34 F.R. 15360), a notice of a proposal to amend § 11.10(a) of the Customs Regulations to provide that in certain circumstances an exception from marking under 19 U.S.C. 1304(a)(3)(D) may be authorized in cases where imported articles are repacked after release from customs custody in containers which will reach the ultimate purchaser in the United States unopened and which are marked to indicate the country or origin. Written data, views, or arguments submitted in response to that notice have been given careful consideration.

Since the deferral of liquidations of entries of merchandise which are to be repacked in accordance with the proposal will place an additional burden on customs officers, it has been decided to provide that liquidation may not be deferred for more than 60 days unless the district director of customs authorizes such a deferral upon written application.

Accordingly, § 11.10(a) of the Customs Regulations is amended by adding after the second sentence thereof the following: "An exception under section 304(a)(3)(D) may also be authorized, in the discretion of the district director, if an article is to be repacked by the importer, after release from customs custody, in a container marked to indicate the origin of the contents to an ultimate purchaser in the United States, provided the importer arranges for supervision of the marking of the containers by customs officers at the importer's expense or such verification as may be necessary, by certification and the submission of a sample or otherwise, of the marking prior to liquidation of the entry. The liquidation of such entries may be deferred for a period of not more than 60 days from the date that a request for repacking is granted. Extensions of the 60-day deferral period may be granted by the district director in his discretion upon written application by the importer."

(Sec. 304, 46 Stat. 687, as amended; 19 U.S.C. 1304)

Since this amendment grants an exemption not previously provided in the regulations, good cause is found for dispensing with the requirement for a delayed effective date as provided in 5 U.S.C. 553(d).

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective on the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[SEAL] EDWIN P. RAINS,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: March 26, 1970.

EUGENE T. ROSSIDES,
Assistant Secretary
of the Treasury.

[F.R. Doc. 70-4355; Filed, Apr. 8, 1970;
8:51 a.m.]

Title 21—FOOD AND DRUGS

Chapter I—Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare

SUBCHAPTER B—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

PART 121—FOOD ADDITIVES

Subpart F—Food Additives Resulting From Contact With Containers or Equipment and Food Additives Otherwise Affecting Food

ADHESIVES; DEFOAMING AGENTS USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF PAPER AND PAPER- BOARD

Correction

In F.R. Doc. 70-3730, appearing at page 5220 of the issue for Saturday, March 28,

1970, the following correction should be made:

The third line of the first paragraph is corrected to read: "(FAP 0B2484) filed by FMC Corp., 633".

PART 121—FOOD ADDITIVES

Subpart A—Definitions and Procedural and Interpretative Regulations

FOOD ADDITIVE STATUS OPINION LETTERS; STATEMENT OF POLICY

Pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 201(s), 409, 701(a), 52 Stat. 1055, 72 Stat. 1784-88, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 321(s), 348, 371(a)) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (21 CFR 2.120), Part 121 is amended by adding the following statement of policy to Subpart A:

§ 121.11 Food additive status opinion letters; statement of policy.

(a) Over the years the Food and Drug Administration has given informal written opinions to inquirers as to the safety of articles intended for use as components of, or in contact with, food. Prior to the enactment of the Food Additives Amendment of 1958 (Public Law 85-929; Sept. 6, 1958), these opinions were given pursuant to section 402(a)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, which reads in part: "A food shall be deemed to be adulterated if it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health;".

(b) Since enactment of the Food Additives Amendment, the Food and Drug Administration has advised such inquirers that an article:

(1) Is a food additive within the meaning of section 201(s) of the Act; or

(2) Is generally recognized as safe (GRAS); or

(3) Has prior sanction or approval under that amendment; or

(4) Is not a food additive under the conditions of intended use.

(c) In the interest of the public health, such articles which have been considered in the past by the Food and Drug Administration to be safe under the provisions of section 402(a)(1), or to be generally recognized as safe for their intended use, or to have prior sanction or approval, or not to be food additives under the conditions of intended use, must be re-examined in the light of current scientific information and current principles for evaluating the safety of food additives if their use is to be continued.

(d) Because of the time span involved, copies of many of the letters in which the Food and Drug Administration has expressed an informal opinion concerning the status of such articles may no longer be in the file of the Food and Drug Administration. In the absence of information concerning the names and uses made of all the articles referred to in such letters, their safety of use cannot be reexamined. For this reason all food additive status opinions of the kind

described in paragraph (c) of this section given by the Food and Drug Administration are hereby revoked.

(e) The prior opinions of the kind described in paragraph (c) of this section will be replaced by qualified and current opinions if the recipient of each such letter forwards a copy of each to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Food and Drug Administration, Bureau of Foods, Pesticides, and Product Safety, Office of Compliance, 200 C Street SW., Washington, D.C. 20204, along with a copy of his letter of inquiry, within 60 days after the date of publication of this section in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(f) This section does not apply to food additive status opinion letters pertaining to articles that were considered by the Food and Drug Administration to be food additives nor to articles included in regulations in this Part 121 if the articles are used in accordance with the requirements of such regulations.

(Secs. 201(e), 409, 701(a), 52 Stat. 1055, 72 Stat. 1784-88, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 321(a), 348, 371(a))

Dated: April 2, 1970.

SAM D. FINE,
Acting Associate Commissioner
for Compliance.

[F.R. Doc. 70-4303; Filed, Apr. 8, 1970;
8:46 a.m.]

SUBCHAPTER C—DRUGS

PART 141c—CHLORTETRACYCLINE (OR TETRACYCLINE) AND CHLORTETRACYCLINE- (OR TETRACYCLINE-) CONTAINING DRUGS; TESTS AND METHODS OF ASSAY

PART 146c—CERTIFICATION OF CHLORTETRACYCLINE (OR TETRACYCLINE) AND CHLORTETRACYCLINE- (OR TETRACYCLINE-) CONTAINING DRUGS

PART 148n—OXYTETRACYCLINE

Certain Tetracycline-Nystatin, Oxytetracycline-Nystatin, and Demethylchlortetracycline-Nystatin Combination Preparations for Oral Administration; Further Postponement of Effective Date

An order was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of November 13, 1969 (34 F.R. 18161), to become effective in 40 days, amending Parts 141c, 146c, and 148n, of the antibiotic drug regulations to repeal provisions for certification of combination drugs containing tetracycline-nystatin, oxytetracycline-nystatin, and demethylchlortetracycline-nystatin for oral use.

Having received objections and a request for an extension of the effective date to allow for the submission of additional data, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs postponed the effective date of the order to March 23, 1970. The postponement document was published in

the FEDERAL REGISTER of December 31, 1969 (34 F.R. 20427).

Additional material has been received and is being reviewed; however, the Commissioner concludes that the effective date of the order should be further postponed to allow time for completion of review of the objections and the material submitted. When this review is completed, the Commissioner will announce in the FEDERAL REGISTER whether or not requests for hearing with reasonable grounds have been received. Therefore, the effective date of the order of November 13, 1969 (34 F.R. 18161), is hereby postponed pending said review.

This action is taken pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 502, 507, 52 Stat. 1050-51, as amended, 59 Stat. 463, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 352, 357) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120).

Dated: March 30, 1970.

SAM D. FINE,
Acting Associate Commissioner
for Compliance.

[F.R. Doc. 70-4304; Filed, Apr. 8, 1970;
8:46 a.m.]

Title 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS

Chapter I—Coast Guard, Department of Transportation

SUBCHAPTER J—BRIDGES
[CGFR 70-18]

PART 117—DRAWBRIDGE OPERATION REGULATIONS

Revocation of Regulations for Removed Bridges

1. The Commandant has been advised that several bridges, for which special operation regulations have been prescribed, have been removed. Accordingly, the special regulations that governed their operation are no longer required and the following sections are revoked: §§ 117.175(d), 117.245(h) (2), 117.675, 117.712(h) (1), 117.714(c) (4), and 117.770(b) (1) (III).

2. In addition, other bridges which are included in §§ 117.770(b) (2) and 117.810 (f) (7) and (f) (8) have been removed.

a. Accordingly, § 117.770(b) (2) is revised to read as follows:

§ 117.770 Willapa Harbor, and navigable tributaries, Washington; bridges.

(b) * * *

(2) Constant attendance by drawtenders is not required at the State highway bridges across the North Fork of Willapa River at Raymond and the Naselle River about 6 miles downstream from Naselle. Vessels requiring openings of these bridges shall give advance notice of not more than 2 hours for openings between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. on all days except Saturdays, Sundays, and legal

holidays, and advance notice of not more than 8 hours for openings at any other time. The owner of the bridges shall keep conspicuously posted on both the upstream and downstream sides, in such a manner that they can be easily read at any time, copies of the regulations of this section, together with notices stating exactly how the bridge operators may be reached to obtain openings of the bridges, including names, addresses, and telephone numbers.

(b) Sections 117.810 (f) (7) and (f) (8) are revised to read as follows:

§ 117.810 Navigable Waters in the State of Washington; bridges where constant attendance of drawtenders is not required.

(f) * * *

(7) Chehalis River; Union Pacific Railroad Co. bridges at South Montesano. The draw shall be opened promptly on signal from 5 a.m. to 9 p.m. From 9 p.m. to 5 a.m. 8 hours' advance notice required. During freshets a drawtender shall be kept in constant attendance upon the order of the District Commander.

(8) Snake River; Idaho-Washington Department of Highways bridge at Clarkston. The draw need not be opened for the passage of vessels, and paragraphs (b) through (e) of this section shall not apply to this bridge.

(Sec. 5, 28 Stat. 362, as amended, Sec. 6(g) (2), 80 Stat. 937; 33 U.S.C. 499, 49 U.S.C. 1655(g) (2); 49 CFR 1.4(a) (3) (v))

Effective date. This revision shall become effective upon the date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Dated: April 2, 1970.

W. J. SMITH,
Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard
Commandant.

[F.R. Doc. 70-4334; Filed, Apr. 8, 1970;
8:49 a.m.]

Title 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

Chapter II—Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

APPENDIX—PUBLIC LAND ORDERS

[Public Land Order 4786]

[Anchorage 5597]

ALASKA

Partial Revocation of Executive Order No. 9085 of March 4, 1942

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952 (17 F.R. 4831), it is ordered as follows:

1. Executive Order No. 9085 of March 4, 1942, which withdrew land for use as an administrative site by the former Alaska Fire Control Service is hereby revoked so far as it affects the following described lands:

COPPER RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 4 N., R. 2 W.,

Sec. 23, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, that portion lying south of the centerline of the Glenn Highway.

Containing 26.8 acres at Glennallen, Alaska.

2. Of the above described lands, 2.5 acres comprising the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, have been patented under the Recreation and Public Purposes Act of June 14, 1926, 44 Stat. 471, as amended, 43 U.S.C. § 869 et seq. (1964). The remaining 24.3 acres are public lands withdrawn by Public Land Order 4582 of January 17, 1969, for the determination and protection of the rights of native Aleuts, Eskimos, and Indians of Alaska. These public lands will be open to location for metalliferous minerals at 10 a.m. on May 8, 1970.

Inquiries concerning the public lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Anchorage, Alaska 99501.

HARRISON LOESCH,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

APRIL 2, 1970.

[P.R. Doc. 70-4314; Filed, Apr. 8, 1970; 8:47 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 4787]

[Idaho 2819]

IDAHO

Partial Revocation of Reclamation Project Withdrawal

By virtue of the authority contained in section 3 of the Act of June 17, 1902, 32 Stat. 388, 43 U.S.C. § 416 (1964), as amended and supplemented, it is ordered as follows:

1. The Departmental Order of March 22, 1919, withdrawing lands for the Mountain Home Project, is hereby revoked so far as it affects the following described land:

BOISE MERIDIAN

T. 2 N., R. 1 E.,

Sec. 10, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$.

The area described contains 40 acres in Ada County.

The land is located approximately 5 miles southwest of Boise, Idaho, and is surrounded by privately owned lands. A major irrigation canal of the area, the New York Canal, borders the tract on the west. Vegetative cover is sagebrush, cheatgrass, and annual weeds. Soils are fine sandy loam over alluvial gravels. The surface is nearly level.

2. At 10 a.m. on May 8, 1970, the lands shall be open to operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications received at or prior to 10 a.m. on May 8, 1970, shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time. Those received thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

3. The lands will be open to location under the U.S. mining laws at 10 a.m. on May 8, 1970. They have been open to applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws.

Inquiries concerning the lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Boise, Idaho.

HARRISON LOESCH,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

APRIL 2, 1970.

[P.R. Doc. 70-4315; Filed, Apr. 8, 1970; 8:47 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 4788]

[Wyoming 059320]

WYOMING

Modification of Public Land Order No. 2278

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952 (17 F.R. 4831), it is ordered as follows:

1. Public Land Order No. 2278 of February 27, 1961, partially revoked by Public Land Order No. 3206 of August 30, 1963, reserving lands for use of the Forest Service as administrative sites, is hereby modified to the extent necessary to open the lands to all forms of appropriation under the public land laws applicable to national forest lands, except under the U.S. mining laws, so far as it affects the following described lands:

SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

MEDICINE BOW NATIONAL FOREST

Cold Springs Administrative Site

T. 29 N., R. 75 W.,

Sec. 28, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Mountain Home Administrative Site

T. 12 N., R. 78 W.,

Sec. 17, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Fox Creek Park Administrative Site

T. 13 N., R. 78 W.,

Sec. 21, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Centennial Administrative Site

T. 15 N., R. 78 W.,

Sec. 4, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, less 1.52 acres in the Little LaRue Lode M.E. Survey 81.

T. 16 N., R. 78 W.,

Sec. 33, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$.

Spruce Mountain Administrative Site

T. 14 N., R. 79 W.,

Sec. 12, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, and E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$.

Keystone Administrative Site

T. 14 N., R. 79 W.,

Sec. 21, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$;
Sec. 22, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Brooklyn Lake Administrative Site

T. 16 N., R. 79 W.,

Sec. 10, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;Sec. 11, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$;Sec. 15, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Bow Administrative Site

T. 18 N., R. 80 W.,

Sec. 21, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$;Sec. 22, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$.

Brush Creek Administrative Site

T. 16 N., R. 81 W.,

Sec. 17, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$;
Sec. 20, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$.

Kennaday Peak Administrative Site

T. 17 N., R. 81 W.,

Sec. 16, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$;Sec. 17, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Blackhall Mountain Administrative Site

T. 12 N., R. 83 W.,

Sec. 1, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$;Sec. 2, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Jack Creek Administrative Site

T. 15 N., R. 86 W.,

Sec. 18, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Sandstone Administrative Site

T. 13 N., R. 87 W.,

Sec. 9, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
Sec. 10, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$.

The areas described aggregate 1,140.96 acres in Albany, Carbon and Converse Counties.

2. At 10 a.m. on May 8, 1970, the lands shall be open to such forms of disposition as may by law be made of national forest lands except appropriation under the U.S. mining laws.

HARRISON LOESCH,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

APRIL 2, 1970.

[P.R. Doc. 70-4316; Filed, Apr. 8, 1970; 8:47 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 4789]

[Idaho 2509]

IDAHO

Withdrawal for National Forest Recreation Area

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952 (17 F.R. 4831), it is ordered as follows:

1. Subject to valid existing rights, the following described national forest lands are hereby withdrawn from appropriation under the mining laws (30 U.S.C. Ch. 2), but not from leasing under the mineral leasing laws, in aid of programs of the Department of Agriculture: