

(3) To consult with and obtain the advice of the Federal departments and agencies with respect to:

(A) consultation and cooperation with State Governors and State and local agencies concerning Federal and State programs for assisting communities;

(B) provision of technical information, a clearinghouse service, and other assistance to State and local governments in solving community and metropolitan development problems; and

(C) encouragement of comprehensive planning of, and effective regional cooperation in, local urban, community, and metropolitan development activities.

(4) To identify urban development problems of particular States, metropolitan areas, or communities which require interagency or intergovernmental coordination.

(b) The Secretary shall make arrangements with such Federal departments and agencies for working groups to consider special problems arising with respect to matters described in subsection (a) of this section.

SEC. 2. Agency responsibilities. The heads of Federal departments and agencies having programs which have an impact on urban areas, or representatives designated by them, shall participate in meetings convened pursuant to this Order and, to the extent permitted by law and funds available, shall furnish information, at the request of the Secretary, pertaining to programs within the responsibilities of such departments or agencies, and such additional information as will assist the Secretary in providing a clearinghouse service to aid State and local governments in developing solutions to community and metropolitan development problems.

SEC. 3. Construction. Nothing in this Order shall be construed as subjecting any function vested by law in, or assigned pursuant to law to, any Federal department or agency or head thereof to the authority of any other agency or officer or as abrogating or restricting any such function in any manner.

SEC. 4. Administrative arrangements. (a) Each executive department and agency participating under section 1 or section 2 shall furnish necessary assistance for effectuating the provisions of this Order as authorized by section 214 of the Act of May 3, 1945, 59 Stat. 134 (31 U.S.C. 691).

(b) The Department of Housing and Urban Development shall provide necessary administrative services pursuant to this Order.

LYNDON B. JOHNSON

THE WHITE HOUSE,
August 11, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66-8927; Filed, Aug. 12, 1966; 12:06 p.m.]

Rules and Regulations

Title 7—AGRICULTURE

Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of Agriculture

[Amdt. 17]

PART 5—DETERMINATION OF PARITY PRICES

Miscellaneous Amendments

The regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture with respect to the determination of parity prices (21 F.R. 761, as amended; 7 CFR 5.1-5.6) are amended as hereinafter specified in order to delete Austrian winter peas, crested wheatgrass, lupine, redtop, smooth brome grass, Sudan grass, common vetch, purple vetch, and buckwheat from the list of commodities for which parity prices shall be calculated.

1. In § 5.2, the paragraph under the centerhead "Seed Crops" is amended to read as follows:

Alfalfa, bentgrass, crimson clover, Chewings fescue, red fescue, tall fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, Merion Kentucky bluegrass, Laidlaw clover, lespedeza, orchard grass, red clover, sweetclover, timothy, hairy vetch, and white clover.

2. In § 5.2, the paragraph under the centerhead "Other Commodities" is amended to read as follows:

Beeswax; broomcorn; cottonseed; hops; peas, dry field; peppermint oil; popcorn; potatoes; spearmint oil; and tobacco, types 61 and 62. All other commodities for which monthly price data are not available.

3. In § 5.4, the paragraph under the centerhead "Seed Crops" is amended to read as follows:

Alfalfa, bentgrass, crimson clover, Chewings fescue, red fescue, tall fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, Merion Kentucky bluegrass, Laidlaw clover, lespedeza, orchard grass, red clover, sweetclover, timothy, hairy vetch, and white clover.

4. In § 5.4, the paragraph under the centerhead "Other Commodities" is amended to read as follows:

Beef cattle; hogs; lambs; calves; sheep; chickens; turkeys; eggs; beeswax; potatoes; broomcorn; hops; peppermint oil; popcorn; spearmint oil; tobacco, types 61 and 62; barley; beans, dry edible; cottonseed; peas, dry field; flaxseed; hay, all baled; oats; rye; sorghum grain; soybeans; sweetpotatoes; and crude pine gum.

(Sec. 301, 52 Stat. 38, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1301)

Done at Washington, D.C., this 10th day of August 1966.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-8860; Filed, Aug. 12, 1966; 8:50 a.m.]

Chapter IX—Consumer and Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders; Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts), Department of Agriculture

[Valencia Orange Reg. 174]

PART 908—VALENCIA ORANGES GROWN IN ARIZONA AND DESIGNATED PART OF CALIFORNIA

Limitation of Handling

§ 908.474 Valencia Orange Regulation 174.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 908, as amended (7 CFR Part 908), regulating the handling of Valencia oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Valencia Orange Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such Valencia oranges, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001-1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for Valencia oranges and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such Valencia oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to

make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on August 11, 1966.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of Valencia oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 14, 1966, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 21, 1966, are hereby fixed as follows:

- (i) District 1: 200,000 cartons;
- (ii) District 2: 375,000 cartons;
- (iii) District 3: unlimited movement.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "handler," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Dated: August 12, 1966.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66-8924; Filed, Aug. 12, 1966; 11:37 a.m.]

[Lemon Reg. 227]

PART 910—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

Limitation of Handling

§ 910.527 Lemon Regulation 227.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 910, as amended (7 CFR Part 910), regulating the handling of lemons grown in California and Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such lemons, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001-1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became avail-

able and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for lemons and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on August 9, 1966.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of lemons grown in California and Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 14, 1966, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 21, 1966, are hereby fixed as follows:

- (i) District 1: Unlimited movement;
- (ii) District 2: 255,750 cartons;
- (iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "Carton" have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Dated: August 11, 1966.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66-8871; Filed, Aug. 12, 1966; 8:50 a.m.]

PART 987—DOMESTIC DATES PRODUCED OR PACKED IN A DESIGNATED AREA OF CALIFORNIA

Subpart—Outlets for Substandard and Cull Dates

DISPOSITION OF SUBSTANDARD DATES FOR CERTAIN SPECIFIED PRODUCTS

The Date Administrative Committee has unanimously recommended that the disposition of certain Deglet Noor dates prior to November 1, 1966, be authorized as provided in § 987.256 (Subpart—Outlets for Substandard and Cull Dates, 31

F.R. 960) for the period January 25-July 31, 1966, both dates inclusive.

Section 987.256 became effective under § 987.56 of marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 987, as amended (7 CFR Part 987), regulating the handling of domestic dates produced or packed in a designated area of California, effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674). Section 987.256 provided that during the period beginning January 25, 1966, and ending July 31, 1966, dates of the Deglet Noor variety which are inspected and certified as meeting the grade and size requirements for marketable Deglet Noor dates except for defects of broken skin, improper hydration, mashing, and mechanical injury may be disposed of for use, or used, in the production of date products for human consumption in the form of rings, chunks, pieces, syrup, butter, macerated, or paste.

Section 987.256 was designed to augment the supply of dates available to meet an active demand in the designated date product outlets and give producers a substantially higher return with respect to certain substandard dates than could be realized from disposition in the limited outlets listed in § 987.56 for substandard and cull dates. However, all such eligible substandard dates were not disposed of under § 987.256 by July 31, 1966, and a substantial quantity remains on hand.

Making § 987.256 effective for the additional period ending October 31, 1966 (before new crop dates are available), will permit quantities of these dates still on hand to be used in the production of the authorized date products and further the objectives of § 987.256.

Based on the information and recommendation submitted by the Committee, and other available information, it is found that the use of certain substandard dates of the Deglet Noor variety in specified products for human consumption, as hereinafter set forth, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

Therefore, § 987.256 of Subpart—Outlets for Substandard and Cull Dates is revised to read as follows:

§ 987.256 Disposition of substandard dates for certain specified products.

Beginning January 25, 1966, and ending October 31, 1966, dates of the Deglet Noor variety which are inspected and certified as meeting the grade and size requirements for marketable Deglet Noor dates except for defects of broken skin, improper hydration, mashing, and mechanical injury may, pursuant to § 987.56, be disposed of for use, or used, in the production of date products for human consumption in the form of rings, chunks, pieces, syrup, butter, macerated, or paste.

It is further found that it is impracticable, unnecessary and contrary to public interest to give preliminary notice and engage in public rule making procedure and that good cause exists for making this action effective as hereinafter specified and for not postponing the effective time until 30 days after publication in

the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1003) in that: (1) This action was recommended by the Date Administrative Committee on July 26, 1966; and (2) it relieves restrictions on the disposition of certain substandard Deglet Noor dates.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Issued as of July 31, 1966.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director,
Fruit and Vegetable Division.

[F.R. Doc. 66-8835; Filed, Aug. 12, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

PART 991—HOPS OF DOMESTIC PRODUCTION

Salable Quantity and Allotment Percentage for 1966-67 Marketing Year

Notice was published in the July 27, 1966, issue of the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 10131) regarding a proposal to establish a salable quantity and allotment percentage applicable to hops produced in Washington, Oregon, Idaho, and California for the 1966-67 marketing year beginning August 1, 1966. The percentage herein established is based on the unanimous recommendation of the Hop Administrative Committee and the Hop Marketing Advisory Board, and other available information in accordance with the applicable provisions of Marketing Order No. 991 (31 F.R. 9713, 10072) regulating the handling of hops of domestic production, effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674).

The notice afforded interested persons opportunity to submit written data, views, or arguments with respect to the proposal. None were submitted.

After consideration of all relevant matter presented, including that in the notice, the information and unanimous recommendation submitted by the committee and the board, the applicable provisions of the marketing order, and other available information, it is found that:

(1) The allotment percentage that may be applicable to the current crop can not be less than 93 percent; (2) the establishment of a higher percentage for the crop would result in there being available hops that may be freely marketed in such an amount as would not tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act; and (3) to establish a salable quantity and allotment percentage as hereinafter set forth will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

Therefore, the salable quantity and allotment percentage to be applicable to the 1966-67 marketing year (August 1, 1966-July 31, 1967) are established as follows:

§ 991.201 Allotment percentage and salable quantity for hops during the marketing year beginning August 1, 1966.

For the marketing year beginning August 1, 1966, the allotment percentage shall be 93 percent, and the salable quantity shall be in an amount equal