substituted for any other requirement, such as mailing bills of lading. (R.S. 3709; 41 U.S.C. 5; 31 Stat. 905; 10 U.S.C. 1201) [Par. 7*g*, AR 5-200, as added by Proc. Cir. 22, Apr. 4, 1941]

[SEAL] W. V. CARTER,
Brigadier General,
Acting The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2754; Filed, April 16, 1941; 9:39 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

CHAPTER I—CIVIL AERONAUTICS AUTHORITY

[Amendment No. 106 of the Civil Air Regulations]

PART 60—AIR TRAFFIC RULES

AMENDMENT OF THE AIR TRAFFIC RULES GOVERNING FLIGHT OVER CERTIFIED HIGH EXPLOSIVE DANGER AREAS

At a session of the Civil Aeronautics Board held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 15th day of April 1941.

Acting pursuant to the authority vested in it by the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 205 (a) and 601 of said Act, and finding that its action is desirable in the public interest and is necessary to carry out the provisions of, and to exercise and perform its powers and duties under, said Act, the Civil Aeronautics Board amends the Civil Air Regulations as follows:

Effective April 15, 1941, Part 60 of the Civil Air Regulations is amended as follows:

1. By amending § 60.333 to read as follows:

§ 60.333 *Certified danger areas.* Aircraft taking off or landing over any area certified by the Administrator as a danger area shall be operated in such manner as to permit at all times an emergency landing outside of such area in the event of complete power failure.

2. By amending § 60.351 (b) to read as follows:

§ 60.351 (b) An altitude over an area certified by the Administrator as a danger area sufficient to permit at all times an emergency landing outside of such danger area in the event of complete power failure but in no case less than 1,000 feet above the ground: *Provided,* That the restrictions of this subparagraph shall not apply to public aircraft previously authorized by the appropriate governmental agency to make specific flights below such minimums in the public interest.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] THOMAS G. EARLY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2756; Filed, April 16, 1941; 11:01 a. m.]

TITLE 17—COMMODITY AND SECURITIES EXCHANGES

CHAPTER II—SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PART 270—INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940

RULE DESIGNATING CERTAIN SECURITIES AS EXEMPTED SECURITIES

Acting pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940, particularly sections 6 (c), 30 (f) and 38 (a) thereof, and deeming such action appropriate in the public interest and consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the provisions of the Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission hereby adopts § 270.30f-3 [Rule N-30F-3], to read as follows:

§ 270.30f-3 *Exemptions from section 30 (f).* (a) The following securities shall be exempted securities for the purposes of section 30 (f) [Sec. 30, 54 Stat. 836]:

(1) Securities held in the estate of a deceased person during a period of two years following the appointment and qualification of the executor or administrator.

(2) Securities held by a guardian or by a committee for an incompetent.

(3) Securities held by a receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for the benefit of creditors, conservator, liquidating agent, or other similar person duly authorized by law to administer the estate or assets of another person.

(4) Securities reacquired by or for account of the issuer and held by it or for its account. (Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 800; sec. 30, 54 Stat. 836; sec. 38, 54 Stat. 841) [Rule N-30F-3, effective April 16, 1941]

By the Commission.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2770; Filed, April 16, 1941; 11:52 a. m.]

TITLE 31—MONEY AND FINANCE: TREASURY

CHAPTER III—BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

[Dept. Circ. No. 657]

PART 312—FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS AND FEDERAL CREDIT UNIONS AS FISCAL AGENTS OF THE UNITED STATES

The provisions of Part 312 [Treasury Department Circular No. 568 dated September 15, 1936] governing the employment of Federal Savings and Loan Associations and Federal Credit Unions as fiscal agents of the United States for the purposes of taking applications and forwarding remittances for, and making delivery of, United States Savings Bonds, for their members are hereby revoked, effective at the close of business April 30, 1941. (Sec. 22 (a) of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended by the Public Debt Act of 1941 (Public No. 7, 77th Congress))

PART 317—REGULATIONS GOVERNING AGENCIES FOR THE ISSUE OF DEFENSE SAVINGS BONDS SERIES E

§ 317.1 *Authority to designate issuing agents.* Section 22 (a) of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended by the Public Debt Act of 1941, (Public No. 7, 77th Congress), provides, in part, as follows:

> 22 (a). The Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, is authorized to issue, from time to time, through the Postal Service or otherwise, United States savings bonds * * *.

§ 317.2 *Designation of issuing agents.* All banks, trust companies and mutual savings banks incorporated by special law or organized under the general laws of the United States, the District of Columbia, or any State, all Federal Savings and Loan Associations and all other members of the Federal Home Loan Bank System, and all instrumentalities of the United States and other agencies which, by the laws of the United States, may be employed to act as fiscal or financial agents of the United States Government, are hereby designated, subject to the provisions of this circular, for employment as issuing agents for the sale and issue of United States Defense Savings Bonds of Series E, issued pursuant to Treasury Department Circular No. 653,[1] dated April 15, 1941. *Provided, however,* That no issuing agent shall perform or make any effort to perform any of the acts included in such employment, or advertise in any manner that it is authorized to perform such acts until it has been duly certified by the Federal Reserve Bank of the district as having qualified so to act.*

*§§ 317.1 to 317.6, inclusive, issued under the authority contained in sec. 22 (a) of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended by the Public Debt Act of 1941 (Public No. 7, 77th Congress).

§ 317.3 *Qualification of issuing agent*—(a) *Declaration of intent.* Any issuing agent designated hereunder, desiring to qualify for employment as such an agent, shall file an Application and Pledge Agreement on Form No. 384[2] with the Federal Reserve Bank of the district, and pledge collateral security of the amount and classes and at the rates set forth in paragraph (b) hereof: *Provided, however,* That each institution, other than a banking institution, organized under State law will be required to transmit with its Application and Pledge Agreement to qualify hereunder, a certification by the duly designated agent or representative of the appropriate Federal Supervising agency to the effect that the institution desiring to qualify possesses appropriate authority under relevant State law and its charter, to act as an issuing agent under the terms of this circular. The amount of the qualification shall be based upon the maturity value of the aggregate amount of Defense Sav-

[1] 6 F.R. 1966.
[2] Filed as part of the original document.

ings Bond Stock, Series E, which the issuing agent desires to have on hand at any one time.

(b) *Security required.* (1) Banking institutions which are, and continue to be, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation may qualify to obtain an aggregate of Defense Savings Bond Stock, Series E, of not more than $6,500, maturity value, at any one time, without the pledge of collateral security. The amount of $6,500, maturity value, referred to represents $4,875, issue price, the latter amount approximating the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation guaranty. If qualification is desired in excess of $6,500, maturity value, eligible collateral in the amount of 75% of the maturity value of such excess must be pledged.

(2) Designated issuing agents which are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation may qualify to obtain such stock by pledging eligible collateral (except as may be otherwise specifically authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury) in the amount of 75% of the approved qualification.

(3) Collateral security eligible for pledge hereunder shall consist of United States bonds or other direct public debt obligations of the United States, or obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. All of such securities pledged must be in negotiable form and will be accepted at face value.

United States Savings Bonds of any issue registered in the name of the issuing agent pursuant to the provisions of Treasury Department circulars governing the registration thereof will, notwithstanding any provisions of such circulars restricting the pledge thereof, be eligible as collateral security hereunder and will be acceptable at the issue price of such bonds. In all such cases an irrevocable power of attorney shall be executed on behalf of the issuing agent by a duly authorized officer thereof authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to request payment, and payment of the bond, or bonds, will, if it becomes necessary, be made upon such request at the then appropriate redemption value.

All of the foregoing security shall be pledged under the terms and conditions of the Application and Pledge Agreement, Form No. 384, and all collateral required to be pledged must be delivered to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district or, with the approval of such bank, to any branch thereof, before or upon delivery of the bond stock to the issuing agent.

Upon approval of the Application and Pledge Agreement, the Federal Reserve Bank will issue a certificate of qualification to the issuing agent on Form No. 385.[8] The Federal Reserve Bank, as fiscal agent of the United States, may certify, in whole or in part, the qualification applied for. If the qualification applied for is not certified, appropriate notice thereof will be transmitted to the issuing agent making application.*

[8] Filed as a part of the original document.

§ 317.4 *Accounts, forms and details of operation.* (a) Each banking institution qualified as an issuing agent will be required to open and maintain or continue for the account of the Federal Reserve Bank of the district, as fiscal agent of the United States, a separate deposit account for the proceeds of all sales of Defense Savings Bonds, Series E, to be known as the "Series E, Bond Account." Each such issuing agent shall be required to remit the balance of such account or any part thereof and render reports of transactions in accordance with instructions issued directly by the Secretary of the Treasury or through the Federal Reserve Bank of the district, as fiscal agent. All remittances must be made in funds immediately available at the Federal Reserve Bank point.

Any incorporated bank or trust company qualified as a special depositary under the provisions of Treasury Circular No. 92, revised February 23, 1932, as supplemented, may be authorized by the Federal Reserve Bank of the district, as fiscal agent, to make payment by credit in the "War Loan Deposit Account" up to any amount for which it shall be qualified in excess of existing deposits.

(b) All other qualified issuing agents, except as they may be otherwise specifically authorized from time to time by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Federal Reserve Bank of the district as fiscal agent, shall remit daily to such Federal Reserve Bank the entire proceeds of sales of Defense Savings Bonds of Series E, received by such issuing agents, and shall render reports of transactions in accordance with instructions issued directly by the Secretary of the Treasury or through the Federal Reserve Bank of the district, as fiscal agent.

(c) Application forms, bond stock, report forms and all regulations and necessary instructions relating thereto will be furnished by the Federal Reserve Bank of the district as fiscal agent to qualified issuing agents.*

§ 317.5 *Termination or modification of the qualification of issuing agents.* The Secretary of the Treasury, or the Federal Reserve Bank of the district as fiscal agent, may modify or terminate the qualification of any issuing agent at any time, without previous demand or notice, and require the immediate surrender of any part, or all of the bond stock, held by such issuing agent for sale to the public and not theretofore issued or sold and any part or all of the proceeds due from such bond stock issued or sold.

Any qualified issuing agent which shall have fully complied with the terms of its employment may at any time request the Federal Reserve Bank of the district to modify or terminate its qualification.*

§ 317.6 *Miscellaneous.* No issuing agent shall have authority to sell any Defense Savings Bond hereunder otherwise than as provided in Treasury Department Circular No. 653. Issuing agents must follow all regulations and instructions issued directly by the Secretary of the Treasury or through the Federal Reserve Bank of the district as fiscal agent, covering the sale, issue, inscription and validation of the bonds and the disposition of registration stubs.

Great care must be exercised in the inscription of the bonds, both as to correctness and legibility of the name (or names) in which inscribed, the address (or addresses), the date as of which issued and, finally, the imprint of the dating stamp of the issuing agent.

Nothing herein shall be held to apply to the Post Office Department or the Postal Service.

As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve Banks are authorized to perform any necessary acts under this circular. The Secretary of the Treasury may, at any time, designate issuing agents other than those hereunder designated, the employment of which shall be subject to qualification as herein provided, except as may be otherwise specifically authorized by the Secretary. The Secretary of the Treasury may, at any time, withdraw this circular as a whole, or from time to time, supplement or amend any of the terms hereof, or of any amendments or supplements thereto, withdraw from sale, refuse to issue or to permit to be issued, any Defense Savings Bonds, Series E, and refuse to sell or permit to be sold, any such bonds to any person. Information in connection with any of the foregoing will be promptly furnished to issuing agents through the Federal Reserve Banks.*

[SEAL] H. MORGENTHAU, Jr.,
Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2741; Filed, April 15, 1941; 11:48 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER IX—OFFICE OF PRODUCTION MANAGEMENT

SUBCHAPTER B—PRIORITIES DIVISION

[No. M-4-c]

PART 925—NEOPRENE

Supplementary Order for the Distribution of Neoprene

§ 925.4 *Deliveries out of 5 percent reserve.* (a) Pursuant to § 925.1 (General Preference Order M-4[1]) the E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Inc. being the sole producer of neoprene is hereby directed and ordered to deliver during the month of April 1941, in addition to the deliveries directed to be made in § 925.2 (M-4-a[1]) and 925.3 (M-4-b[2]), 5,000 pounds of neoprene to the Arrowhead Rubber Company and 200 pounds of neoprene to the Westinghouse Air Brake Company out of the 5 percent

[1] 6 F.R. 1719.
[2] 6 F.R. 1797.

reserve directed to be set aside in § 925.2 (M-4-a).

(b) This Supplementary Order shall take effect on the 14th day of April 1941. (O.P.M. Reg. 3, Mar. 7, 1941, 6 F.R. 1596; E.O. 8629, Jan. 7, 1941, 6 F.R. 191; sec. 2 (a), Public, No. 671, 76th Congress).

Issued this 14th day of April 1941.

E. R. STETTINIUS, Jr.,
Director of Priorities.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2573; Filed, April 15, 1941; 1:12 p. m.]

CHAPTER XI—OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION AND CIVILIAN SUPPLY

[Supplement No. 1]

PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 5—BITUMINOUS COAL

Price Schedule No. 5, issued April 2, 1941,[1] established maximum prices on bituminous coal because of the substantial cessation of production resulting from failure of mine operators and employees to negotiate a wage agreement.

Numerous inquiries have been made regarding the application of Price Schedule No. 5 to districts and fields where substantial production of coal has been or will shortly be resumed, under an agreement between mine operators and employees which provides that any general wage agreement reached in the Appalachian Conference be made retroactive to April 1, 1941. In considering such inquiries we have consulted with representatives of the Bituminous Coal Division and other experts. The essential fact which has been brought to our attention is the unique position of the bituminous coal industry. Because of its depressed condition, federal legislation has been passed in order that bituminous coal prices might be kept up to a level at least sufficient to return to producers their average costs. Price Schedule No. 5 establishes as maximum prices the actual prices charged on March 28, 1941. We have been informed that, generally speaking, these maximum prices are approximately the same as the minimum prices fixed by the Bituminous Coal Division.

With maximum prices thus established at approximately these minima, it is apparent, if production is to go forward, that a determination must be made now regarding the application of Price Schedule No. 5 to newly mined coal. In making this determination, consideration has been given not only to the factors recited above but to the need for protecting consumers by preserving the March 28, 1941, price for coal heretofore mined, and carefully limiting any increase in price to increased costs. In addition, consideration has been given to the manner in which the industry has customarily treated similar problems arising under substantially similar conditions.

Accordingly, pursuant to and under the authority vested in me by Executive Order 8734,[2] it is directed that:

(1) Bituminous coal producers may (a) demand and receive for coal mined under retroactive wage agreements prices which do not exceed the maxima heretofore set, and (b) at the same time enter into a collateral agreement whereby the purchaser agrees that when Price Schedule No. 5 is revoked by this Office following substantial resumption of production, the purchaser will pay the producer a sum, to be agreed upon between the parties, not to exceed the increase in costs, at the normal rate of production, since March 28, 1941.

(2) Any person purchasing from a producer under such an agreement may, in delivering such coal upon resale, (a) demand and receive prices which do not exceed the maxima heretofore set, and (b) at the same time enter into a similar collateral agreement whereby the next purchaser agrees in his turn to pay the original purchaser such additional sum as the producer may obtain pursuant to the preceding paragraph.

(3) Similar agreements providing for the passing on of the additional sum obtained by the producer may be entered into by subsequent purchasers.

Issued this 16th day of April 1941.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2773; Filed, April 16, 1941; 11:57 a. m.]

TITLE 36—PARKS AND FORESTS

CHAPTER II—FOREST SERVICE

PART 241—WILDLIFE

REGULATIONS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF LAWS RELATING TO WILDLIFE

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by the Act of June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. 11, 35; 16 U.S.C. 551), and the Act of February 1, 1905 (33 Stat. 628; 16 U.S.C. 472), Part 241, Chapter II, Title 36 CFR (Regulations G-20, G-20-A, G-22, and Special Regulations—Big Levels, Virginia; Cherokee No. 1, Tennessee; and Cherokee No. 2, Georgia—of the Rules and Regulations governing the occupancy, use, protection and administration of the National Forests), is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 241.1 *Cooperation in wildlife protection.* Officials of the Forest Service will cooperate with State, county, and Federal officials in the enforcement of all laws and regulations for the protection of wildlife.

Officials of the Forest Service who have been, or hereafter may be, lawfully appointed deputy game wardens under the laws of any State, will serve in such capacity with full power to enforce the State laws and regulations relating to fur-bearing and game animals, birds, and fish. Such officials will serve as State deputy game wardens without additional pay, except that they may accept the usual fees allowed by the respective States for issuing hunting and fishing licenses. All officials of the Forest Service are prohibited from accepting bounties, rewards, or parts of fines offered by any person, corporation or State for aid rendered in the enforcement of any Federal or State law relating to fur-bearing and game animals, birds, and fish. [Regulation W-1]

§ 241.2 *Cooperation in wildlife management.* The Chief of the Forest Service, through the Regional Foresters and Forest Supervisors, shall determine the extent to which National Forests or portions thereof may be devoted to wildlife production in combination with other uses and services of the National Forests, and, in cooperation with the Fish and Game Department or other constituted authority of the State concerned, he will formulate plans for securing and maintaining desirable populations of wildlife species, and he may enter into such general or specific cooperative agreements with appropriate State officials as are necessary and desirable for such purposes. Officials of the Forest Service will cooperate with State game officials in the planned and orderly removal in accordance with the requirements of State laws of the crop of game, fish, furbearers, and other wildlife on National Forest lands. [Regulation W-2]

§ 241.3 *Federal refuge regulations.* Until a cooperative agreement has been entered into between the Chief of the Forest Service and appropriate State officials for the regulation of game as provided in W-2 and the necessary implementing laws or regulations have been promulgated and taken effect in order to carry out such cooperative agreement the following regulation shall be effective.

(a) Any person desiring to hunt or take game or non-game animals, game or non-game birds, or fish, upon any National Forest lands or waters embraced within the boundaries of a military reservation or a national game or bird refuge, preserve, sanctuary, or reservation established by or under authority of an Act of Congress, shall procure in advance a permit from the Forest Supervisor. The permit shall be issued for a specified reason, shall fix the bag or creel limits, and shall prescribe such other conditions as the Regional Forester may consider necessary for carrying out the purposes for which such lands have been set aside or reserved.

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[1] 6 F.R. 1770.

[2] 6 F.R. 1917.

(b) Officials of the Forest Service will cooperate with persons, firms, corporations, and State and county officials in the protection, management, and utlization of game and non-game animals, game and non-game birds, and fish, upon national forest lands of the character referred to in paragraph (a) hereof. The Chief of the Forest Service may authorize the acceptance of contributions from cooperators for the payment of expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this regulation.

(c) When necessary for the protection of the forest or the conservation of animal life on refuges under paragraphs (a) and (b), the Chief of the Forest Service may sell, barter, exchange, or donate game and non-game animals. When the interests of game conservation will be promoted thereby, the Chief of the Forest Service may accept donations of game and non-game animals, game and non-game birds, and fish, or the eggs of birds and fish. [Regulation W-3]

§ 241.4 *Big Levels Refuge, Virginia.* Fishing is hereby authorized within the Big Levels Game Refuge, Virginia, under permits issued by the Supervisor of the George Washington National Forest, in accordance with instructions received by him from the Chief of the Forest Service, Washington, D. C., which permits shall state the place and time of fishing, the fee, and the number and size of fish that may be taken. [Regulation W-4]

§ 241.5 *Cherokee Refuge No. 1, Tennessee.* Fishing is hereby authorized within National Game Refuge No. 1, Cherokee National Forest, Tennessee, under permits issued by the Supervisor of the Cherokee National Forest, in accordance with instructions received by him from the Chief of the Forest Service, Washington, D. C., which permits shall state the place and time of fishing, the fee, and the number and size of fish that may be taken. [Regulation W-5]

§ 241.6 *Cherokee Refuge No. 2, Georgia.* Fishing is hereby authorized within National Game Refuge No. 2, Cherokee National Forest, Georgia, under permits issued by the Supervisor of the Cherokee National Forest, in accordance with instructions received by him from the Chief of the Forest Service, Washington, D. C., which permits shall state the place and time of fishing, the fee, and the number and size of fish that may be taken. [Regulation W-6]

Done at Washington, D. C., this 15th day of April 1940. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2759; Filed, April 16, 1941; 11:11 a. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Bituminous Coal Division.

[Docket No. A-180]

PETITION OF THE NORTHERN CAMBRIA RETAIL COAL PRODUCERS ASSOCIATION, ET AL., FOR THE REVISION OF THE EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE FOR DISTRICT NO. 1 FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS, FOR SHIPMENT OF COAL BY TRUCK IN THE NORTHERN CAMBRIA AREA, PURSUANT TO SECTION 4 II (d) OF THE BITUMINOUS COAL ACT OF 1937

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

District Board No. 1, an intervener, having moved that the hearing in the above-entitled matter, heretofore scheduled for April 16, 1941, should be continued until on or about May 20, 1941, and having shown good cause why said motion should be granted;

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That the hearing in the above-entitled matter be continued from 10 o'clock in the forenoon of April 16, 1941, until 10 o'clock in the forenoon of May 20, 1941, at the place heretofore designated and before the officers previously designated to preside at said hearing.

The time for filing petitions of intervention in the above-entitled matter is hereby extended until May 15, 1941.

Dated: April 15, 1941.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2760; Filed, April 16, 1941; 11:41 a. m.]

[Docket No. A-369]

PETITION OF DISTRICT BOARD 14 TO AMEND THE PRICE SCHEDULES FOR DISTRICT NO. 14 BY THE ESTABLISHMENT OF SIZE GROUPS 24 AND 25, PURSUANT TO SECTION 4 II (d) OF THE BITUMINOUS COAL ACT OF 1937

ORDER OF POSTPONEMENT

The original petitioner having applied by telegram for a postponement for not less than six weeks of the hearing in the above-entitled matter, heretofore scheduled for April 16, 1941, and it appearing that there is no objection thereto,

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That the hearing in the above-entitled matter be postponed from 10 o'clock in the forenoon of April 16, 1941, until 10 o'clock in the forenoon of June 2, 1941, at the place heretofore designated and before the officers previously designated to preside at said hearing.

The time for filing petitions of intervention in the above-entitled matter is hereby extended until May 26, 1941.

Dated: April 15, 1941.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2762; Filed, April 16, 1941; 11:41 a. m.]

[Docket No. A-697]

PETITION OF DISTRICT BOARD NO. 14 FOR PERMISSION TO THE CODE MEMBERS IN DISTRICT NO. 14 TO ALLOW FROM THE EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR THEIR DOMESTIC COALS CERTAIN SEASONAL DISCOUNTS UPON SHIPMENTS DURING THE MONTHS OF JUNE, JULY AND AUGUST, PURSUANT TO SECTION 4 II (d) OF THE BITUMINOUS COAL ACT OF 1937

ORDER OF POSTPONEMENT

The original petitioner having applied by telegram for a postponement for not less than six weeks of the hearing in the above-entitled matter, heretofore scheduled for April 16, 1941, and it appearing that there is no objection thereto.

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That the hearing in the above-entitled matter be postponed from 10 o'clock in the forenoon of April 16, 1941, until 10 o'clock in the forenoon of June 4, 1941, at the place heretofore designated and before the officers previously designated to preside at said hearing.

The time for filing petitions of intervention in the above-entitled matter is hereby extended until May 28, 1941.

Dated: April 15, 1941.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 41-2763; Filed, April 16, 1941; 11:41 a. m.]

[Docket No. A-773]

PETITION OF LUCKY STRIKE MINING COMPANY, FOR MINE INDEX NO. 57, DISTRICT NO. 11, TO MODIFY THE EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES ESTABLISHED FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS TO MARKET AREA 34 PURSUANT TO SECTION 4 II (d) OF THE BITUMINOUS COAL ACT OF 1937

NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR POSTPONEMENT OF HEARING

The intervener, District No. 11, having moved that the hearing in the above-entitled matter heretofore scheduled for April 16, 1941, at Evansville, Indiana, should be postponed until the week of April 28, 1941, and the original petitioner having agreed to the postponement herein, and said intervener having shown good cause why such motion should be granted;